RANCE.
want self-
ment and that
hickly.

The Bombay Chronicle

INSURANCE.
Swaraj must begin at once by helping Indian Insurance Companies.

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZSHAH M. MEHTA, IN 1913.

XVI NO 95-- BOMBAY SATURDAY APRIL 21 1928 ONE ANNA

WELLINGTON CINEMA DHOBI TALAO. TO-NIGHT—THIS WEEK

THE MOST TALKED OF PICTURE OF THE SEASON!

WHO ARE MY PARENTS?

A Vibrant—Dynamic—Appealing—Twentieth Century Melodrama with a Soul—

"WHO ARE MY PARENTS?"

A MODERN VERSION OF THE PROBLEM OF AGES

A William Fox Picture for those up-to-date, modern fashionable Ladies who love pet animals rather than children. Featuring

TO-NIGHT :—3-30; 5-15; 7; 8-45 and 10-30 P. M. (S.T.)

Written by the Mysterious "Mr. X."

PEGGY SHAW and FLORENCE BILLINGS

SHIPPING

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

FORTNIGHTLY SERVICES BETWEEN
1. Rangoon, Bombay, Karachi, via Malabar.
2. Rangoon, Madras, Colombo.
3. Calcutta, and Karachi via Coast Ports.
4. Rangoon, Calcutta, according in demand.

For freights and other particulars apply to:
Messrs. NAROTTAM MORARJEE & CO., Agents.
Ballard Estate, Bombay.

BANKING

Punjab National Bank, Limited.

ESTABLISHED 1895.

Authorised Capital	Rs.	1,00,00,000
Issued Capital	Rs.	50,00,000
Subscribed Capital	Rs.	50,00,000
Paid Up Capital	Rs.	31,07,401
Reserve Funds	Rs.	20,50,000

LOCAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE.
1. Raja Govind Lal (Chairman).
2. Hon'ble Sir Manmohandass Ramji.
3. Lala Kishen Prasad.

HEAD OFFICE: 47, THE MALL, LAHORE.

BRANCHES;

Abohar	Hyderabad (Sind)	Montegomery
Allahabad	Jullunder	Montgomery)
Amritsar	Jaranwalla	Okara (dist.)
Ambala City	Jamma	Peshawar Can
Ambala Cant.	Jhelum City	Peshawar City
Bombay	Jhang (Maghiana)	Patiala
Cawnpore	Karachi	Quetta
Culcutta	Kasur	Rawalpindi
Delhi	Lahore City	Sangla Hill
D. I. Khan	Lyallapur	Sargodha
Ferozepore	Ludhiana	Sialkot City
Gujranwalla	Meerut City	Simla
Gojra	Multan City	Srinagar
Hafizabad		
Hoshiarpur		

LONDON AGENTS:
THE MIDLAND BANK LTD.
AMERICAN AGENTS:
AMERICAN EXCHANGE IRVING TRUST COMPANY.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at 3 per cent. from January to June and 2-1|2 per cent. from July to December, at Bombay on a minimum daily balance of Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS:—Sums as low as Rs. 10 received and interest allowed at 4 per cent per annum.

LOANS OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS.—The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved securities.

CHEQUES, HUNDIES, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected and discounted.

For other particulars and rules of business apply to:—

S. DATTA, Manager.

Saloona House, Churchgate Street, Bombay.

BANKING

Imperial Bank of India

Constituted under the Imperial Bank of India Act, 1920.

BANKERS TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL	Rs.	11,25,00,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	,,	5,62,50,000
RESERVE FUND	Rs.	5,12,50,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	,,	5,62,50,000

LOCAL HEAD OFFICES:
Calcutta. Bombay. Madras.

LOCAL BRANCHES.
Byculla Branch—Opposite Parsi Statue.
Mandvi Branch—Abdul Rehman Street.
Sandhurst Road Branch—Junction of Sandhurst and Charni Roads.

LONDON OFFICE.—22, Old Broad Street, London, E. C. 2.

BRANCHES THROUGHOUT INDIA AND BURMA.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS—Opened free of charge.

FIXED DEPOSITS—Received at interest.

SAVINGS BANK—Deposits received and interest allowed

GOVERNMENT AND OTHER SECURITIES—Received for Safe Custody, Purchases and Sales effected, Interest and Dividends collected and credited to account or remitted in accordance with instructions. The purchase and sale of Government Securities undertaken at all Branches for the public generally.

LOANS AND CASH CREDITS—Granted and approved Mercantile Bills discounted.

Rates, Copies of Rules, Powers of Attorney, etc., may be had on application at any of the Local Head Offices or Branches of the Bank.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited.

HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA, (ESTABLISHED 1880).

Subscribed Capital	Yen	100,000,000
Paid-up Capital	,,	100,000,000
Reserved Fund	,,	96,500,000

BRANCHES:

Alexandria	Karachi	Seattle
Batavia	Kobe	Singapore
Bombay	London	Shimonoseki
Buenos Aires	Los Angeles	Sourabaya
Calcutta	Lyons	San Francisco
Canton	Manila	Samarang
Changchun	Nagasaki	Shanghai
Darien	Newchwang	Sydney
Fengtien	New York	Tientsin
Hamburg	Nagoya	Tokyo
Hankow	Osaka	Tsinan
Harbin	Peking	Tsingtan
Hongkong	Rangoon	Vladivostock
Honolulu	Rio de Janeiro	
Kai Yuan	Saigon	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at the rate of two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided that the amount of half yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

WASHIO. Manager.

SAVE EYES

of all troubles, even Cataract, Glaucoma, Granular lids, etc., cured Without Knife, by our nature's remedy Cocoanut Brand "LOTUS HONEY"—genuine and purest in market. Cure guaranteed, Dram Rs. 2-8, 2 drams Rs. 4. Postage extra. Ask particulars.

NEW FORMULA CO., Kandi, Bengal.
Tel. Ulcer, Kandi.
Agents:—KEMP & CO., Charni Road, Bombay
J. TIRTH & CO., Bunder Road, Karachi.

BANKING

Bank of India, Ld.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906
(Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VII of 1882).

HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.
BRANCHES: Bandra, Calcutta and Ahmedabad.

LONDON AGENTS
THE WESTMINSTER BANK, LTD.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	Rs.	2,00,00,000
CAPTIAL SUSCRIBED	As.	2,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP	Rs.	1,00,00,000
RESERVED FUND	Rs.	82,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

From 25th December to 25th June interest is allowed at 2-1/2 per cent. on daily balance Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000. From 25th June to 25th December interest is allowed at 2 per cent. on daily balance. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter period at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened which can be ascertained on application.

A. G. GRAY, Manager.

The Bombay Chronicle

BUSINESS NOTICE.

BUSINESS communications of every kind (advertisements, changes of address, etc.) should be addressed to the MANAGER. Advertisements intended for insertion in the next day's paper must reach the office not later than 5 p.m.

ALL REMITTANCES should be made payable to the "Bombay Chronicle" and cheques crossed.

MOFUSSIL SUBSCRIBERS whose copies of the "Bombay Chronicle" are delayed in delivery will facilitate enquiry into the cause of the irregularity by noting the date of the paper on the wrapper and sending it to the Manager.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Daily Edition.

	Local. Rs.	as.	Mofussil. Rs.	as.
1 Year	20	0	25	0
6 Months	10	0	12	8
3 Months	5	0	6	4
1 Month	1	14	2	4

Subscription to Foreign Countries Rs. 50 per year.

SINGLE COPY ONE ANNA.

SUNDAY EDITION.

	Local.	Mofussil.	Foreign.
Yearly	Rs. 4	Rs. 5	Rs. 7

PAYMENTS STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.

The Sunday Edition must be subscribed for not less than one year.

SINGLE COPY 1 1|2 ANNA.

INSURANCE

THE EAST & WEST INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.

Apollo Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

Guaranteed Bonus of Rs. 12/- per Rs. 1000/- per year.

Purely Indian Concern-Offers everything best in Life Insurance.

Several New attractive plans

Marriage Dowry Policies on easy terms and liberal conditions.

For Agency terms and other particulars apply to the :—

SECRETARIES, Bombay

MISS MAYO'S MOTHER INDIA

A REJOINDER

By Mr. K. NATARAJAN
Editor, "Indian Social Reformer."
With an Introduction
By The Hon. MR. G. A. NATESAN,
Editor of the "Indian Review."

This is a scathing exposure of the many mendacious allegations of Miss Mayo against the character and aspirations of the Indian people and their social institutions. Mr. Natarajan charges Miss Mayo for freely indulging in half-truths and even untruths without any attempt to verify them. The criticisms of Miss Mayo's book by Dr. Margaret Balfour, Lala Lajpat Rai, Sir C. P. Ramaswami Aiyer, Rev. Popley, Sir Rabindranath Tagore and Mahatma Gandhi form valuable appendice: to this useful little publication. Sir Rabindranath Tagore accuses her of 'deliberate untruthful irresponsibility.' Mahatma Gandhi compares her book to the report of a drain Inspector. The Hon. Mr. G. A. Natesan in the introduction to the book hopes that this exposure of 'an atrocious injustice to an ancient people' will go to some extent at least in removing 'the malignant contagion of race hatred' that has been propagated by Miss Mayo's book, particularly at a time when the Indian people are fighting for self-rule.

Price As. Twelve.

Can be had of:—

G. A. NATESAN AND CO.,
G.T. Madras.

All Higginbothams' Rly. Stalls.
All Wheeler's Rly. Bookstalls.
And all book-sellers in India, Burma and Ceylon.

Income-Tax & Super-Tax

Statutory Statement of Account prepared, Audit of Books or Firms UNDERTAKEN

B. L. THOSAR, PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

436-497, Kalbadevi Road. BOMBAY; Tel. No. 22997.

INSURANCE

ORIENTAL

GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

ESTABLISHED 1874.

1926 Another Year of Record Progress

NEW ASSURANCES.
1924 Rs. 2,37,34,000
1925 Rs. 2,96,42,000 Increase Rs. 59,08,000
1926 Rs. 3,91,39,000 Increase Rs. 94,97,000

THE FUNDS increased by Rs. 42 LAKHS to Rs. 7,33,80,000.
THE PREMIUM INCOME now exceeds Rs. 1,05,30,000 per annum.

Prospective Policyholders are urged to communicate without delay with:—
Mr. H. EDWIN JONES, F.F.A., A.I.A., Manager, Oriental Buildings, Bombay or to any of the Company's Offices.

NATIONAL

INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:— 7, Church Lane, CALCUTTA.
Estd. 1906.

The Progressive Indian Insurance Company.

EVERY YEAR A RECORD YEAR

	1925.	1926.
New Business	Rs. 67,25,500	Rs. 82,74,000
New Premium Income	,, 3,43,794	,, 4,46,826
Premium Income	,, 17,83,154	,, 19,79,361
Life Assurance Fund ..	,, 82,70,393	,, 94,49,100

ATTRACTIVE FEATURE

Low rates of premium.
Liberal Surrender Values.
Loans on policies at very moderate rate of interest.
Prompt Settlement of Claims.
Bonuses on policies declared at a high rate.
Cash Value of Bonuses granted at liberal rate.
Financial Security absolute.
Policies are World-wide.

Prospectus and Forms please write to the *BOMBAY BRANCH*; Alice Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

? Do you wish to save yourself from the loss likely to be incurred on account of Riot?
Do you wish to save your Property and Land?
THEN
INSURE it with "BIRLA"

Insurances for ESTATE, SHOP, GODOWN, MONEY, ORNAMENTS, CLOTHES, LAND, MOTOR, etc. are accepted at very CHEAP RATIO.

Not only in Calcutta, but throughout India.

BIRLA BROTHERS LTD.,
Agents for various big Insurance Companies,
137, Canning Street, - : - CALCUTTA. Phone No. 56

Nothing talks louder

than a Classified Advertisement in the "Bombay Chronicle." Every day people in all parts of Bombay are directed to opportunities offered by these little messages. If there is any body any where in Bombay you would like to locate employ a Classified Advertisement in the "Bombay Chronicle."

CLASSIFIED ADVTS.

Fill up your WANTS here on payment of

Rupee **ONE**
for First Twenty Words

AND

ONE ANNA
For each additional word.

Terms:—CASH with order.

INSTRUCTIONS:

The full name and address of the advertiser is required, not necessarily for publication.

Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses published will be given a Box number. The words "Apply Box No.—Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chroniele," to be paid for.

Answers to advertisements should be addressed as follows:—Box Number——Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle" Office, Bombay.

Unclaimed replies to advertisements are destroyed after one month.

SITUATIONS VACANT

WANTED:—CANDIDATES for Telegraph and Station Master's Classes. Full particulars and Railway Fare Certificate on 2 annas stamp. Apply to:—IMPERIAL TELEGRAPH COLLEGE, DELHI.
A RS24

WANTED--A qualified man with practical experience for the post of SECRETARY in the Bank. Apply with testimonials to the CHAIRMAN, Rander Peop'es Co-operative Bank, Ltd., Rander.
A RS33

WANTED--MIDLAND BANK (India) Ltd., 8, Canning St., Calcutta—Invites application from respectable persons for the post of Special Representative on a salary of Rs. 100 plus Rs. 50 as T. A. None need apply who has no organising capacity. Particulars on request.
A W.S.

WANTED— An expert SIZING MASTER for J. C. Mills, Ltd. Gwalior. Pay according to qualifications. Must be a B. Sc. with knowledge of applied chemistry. Apply with full testimonials and salary desired, to MANAGER, Jiajirao Cotton Mills, Ltd. Gwalior.
A 30272

WANTED EDUCATED LADS, between 14 and 17, to learn the printing profession. Monthly stipend to commence after six months satisfactory progress. Apply to the "Bombay Chronicle" Press, Bombay.
A

WANTED— An experienced SPINNING SUPERINTENDENT for a big cotton Mill in Calcutta. Pay according to qualifications not above 1500/- a month with free quarters and 1 servant. Also an experienced and expert WEAVING MASTER for the same mills on the same terms APPLY with full testimonials and salary desired to the MANAGER, Jiajirao Cotton Mills, Ltd. Gwalior
A 30273

MACHINERY, TOOLS ETC.

WANTED-- One CALENDER of 3 or 5 bowls new or second hand, Please quote lowest prices to the Manager, The Khalsa Spinning & Weaving Mills, Delhi.
30268

SITUATIONS WANTED

A very well educated and refined young Mohammedan who has held a Commission in the Indian Army and possesses over 5 years' Secretarial Experience, has held various Executive appointments and possesses some insight into business and has also served as an A.D.C to an Indian chief is open to engagement. For further particulars please communicate. With Box No. 2125, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."
B R834

HOUSES AND FLATS TO LET.

TO LET.—Latest HYGIENIC ROOMS for High Class Vegetarian Hindu Families at one minute's walk from Station at very moderate rents; every accommodation and ample play ground. PODAR ESTATE, Mahad.
C R849

TO LET in Linden House, Apollo Bunder one big shop, facing the Taj Hotel, very rare opportunity, Please apply to—AKBARALLI MOOSABHAI RAJA, Carnac Bunder, Phone 22634.
C 30270

TO LET— 1st Floor, opposite Excelsior Theatre and 3rd Floor Facing Hornby Road of Mahomed Building, Fort. Ground-floor of a bunglow "Mahomed House" at Nepean Sea Road., Setalwad Street. HAJEE MAHOMED ABBA & Co, JACKRIA MUSJID, BOMBAY.
C R827.

BOOKS AND STAMPS.

"TEMPESTUOUS PETTICOATS"—Their sayings and doings.—Are vividly described in Pope's "RAPE OF THE LOCK". which has been acclaimed to be "the most brilliant mock-heroic poem in the world." If you desire to enjoy Popes's master-piece by being transported in imagination to the social background against which the tops and flirts displayed their craze for elegant trifles, send for the exhaustive edition of the poem by Professor Keshavlal L. Oza, Bahauddin College Junagad. who will supply it for Rs 3/7/0—by no means a high price for a daintily bound volume of 440 pages. which has been praised by Professors of English in the Oxford, Harvard. Yale. and Columbia Universities.
L 29767

FOR SALE.

KAKOMI DURRIES.
Infinitely superior to the Bazar Made article. Will last for years. In shades to suit your furnishing scheme. From Rs. 2-3 per square yard. Particulars on request.

KAKOMI SERVANTS CLOTHING.
Make your servants clothing of Kakomi Drill or let us make them for you. You get better service from Kakomi Materials. Coloured Drills from As. 10 per yard. Ready made clothing—Achkans from Rs 4-2 each, Pyjamas from Rs. 1-12 per pair, made from white Drill.

KAKOMI BED LINEN.
Our bed linen is noted for its remarkable wearing qualities. We specialize in Sheets, Pillow Cases, Counterpanes, and Mattress Cloths and shall be pleased to send samples and prices on request.

KAKOMI TABLE LINEN.
Can be depended on for many years reliable service. Table cloths in four patterns. Sizes from 1 1|2 yards by 52 inches. Prices from Rs. 2. Serviettes to match, size 24" x 24" Rs. 4-8 per dozen. The best value in India. Send for samples.

KAKOMI STRIPED SHIRTINGS.
Will give every satisfaction in wash and wear. In mauve Blue and Black stripes, 31" wide As. 9-6 per yard. Patterns on request.

KAKOMI PYJAMAS.
For service and comfort. White Twill Rs. 4-12 per suit; Rs. 28 per half dozen. Striped Twill Rs. 5-12 per suit; Rs. 34 per half dozen. Send for prices and samples of the full range of materials and particulars of other qualities of Pyjamas Suits.

KAKOMI KHAKI SHORTS.
Extraordinary value. Made to measure with side pockets and belt loops (brace buttons if required). Waist up to 36" — from Rs. 3-6 per pair.

For full particulars and prices of all Kakomi Manufactures write to:—
THE CAWNPORE COTTON MILLS CO., CAWNPORE.
K. 1.

PROFESSION

FOR ALL PROBLEMS.—regarding Fortune, consult Prof. N. PURUSHOTTAM, Fortune Teller & Evil Counteracter, Empire Building, Hornby Road, Bombay. Trial Form free on application.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCEMENTS, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per Column. Inch per Insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertion	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittance in advance and state clearly, whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the classified short advertisement columns.

STALLIONS AND KATHI BROOD MARES FOR IMMEDIATE SALE.

One Kathy Stallion 14-2 3|4
One Pony Kathy Stallion.
One Arab Stallion 14-3 1|2.
Two prospective pure bred Kathy Stallions.
One Kathy Brood Mare 14-2 3|4.
One Kathy Brood Mare 14-3 1-2
Both with colts at foot—all thoroughbreds with good bone and pedigree of the best.

Apply to the STUD SUPERINTENDENT, PALITANA.
30295

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED to all holders of plumbing Licenses that new classes will be formed at the V. J. T. Institute in May next and that Licensees will be given priority over outsiders and that the Licenses of all unqualified or unexempted persons issued during the year 1928-29 who do not apply for and attend the classes will be withdrawn.

H. B. CLAYTON,
Municipal Commissioner,
for the City of Bombay.
Bombay, 18th April, 1928.
30296

WANTED,

TWO HONOURS GRADUATES, preferably M.A.'s—one in History and Economics and another in Natural Sciences—for training abroad in Railway Traffic and Forestry respectively. Applications with information required under Baroda State Foreign Studies Rules should reach before 1st June, 1928, to the undersigned.

NANDNATH K.,
Commissioner of Education,
Baroda State.
Baroda, 18-4-1928.
C.M.D.
30297

NOTICE.

IN THE MATTER OF THE WHITE KERR & COMPANY, LIMITED.
(In Voluntary Liquidation)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that at an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the abovenamed Company held at 53, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, the Registered Office of the Company on the 3rd. day of April, 1928, the following Special Resolution was passed and at a subsequent Extraordinary General Meeting of the said Company, held at the Registered Office of the Company on the 18th day of April, 1928, the said resolution was duly confirmed:—

"That the White Kerr and Co. Ltd., be wound up voluntarily under the provisions of the Indian Companies' Act, 1913, and Mr. Manilal D. Nanavati is hereby appointed Liquidator (without remuneration) for the purpose of winding up."

Dated this 18th day of April, 1928.
KRISHNALAL M. MUNSHI,
Chairman.
30300

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE

ON behalf of our clients Messrs. JAYANTILAL KESHRICHAND and Messrs JAYANTILAL BABALDAS, notice is hereby given that SHA POONAMCHAND HARJIVAN, who was one of the partners in our clients' said two firms, has retired from the said two firms from Kartak Sud 1st and Chaitra Sud 9th S. Y. 1984 respectively. The said Sha. Poonamchand Harjivan has no connection whatsoever with the business, that may be carried on by our clients said two firms, since the abovementioned dates.

Bombay, dated 19th April, 1928.
RANCHHODDAS AND CO.
Attorneys for the firms of Messrs. Jayantilal Keshrichand and Messrs. Jayantilal Babaldas.
30301

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that DEVIDAS RAJARAM, BALKISONDAS DEVIDAS, MANILAL DEVIDAS, CHANDULAL DEVIDAS and PRAVIN BALKISONDAS, a minor by his father and guardian-ad-litem Balkisondas Devidas, Nanabhai Rajaram, Purshotamdas Nanabhai, Ishwarlal Nanabhai, a minor by his father and guardian-ad-litem Nanabhai Rajaram, Chimanlal Gordhandas alias Laldas, Bansilal Gordhandas alias Laldas, a minor by his mother and guardian-ad-litem Bai Taragavri, widow of Gordhandas alias Laldas, all of Bombay, Bania Hindu Inhabitants, have contracted to sell absolutely to our clients the property hereinafter mentioned.

All persons having any claims aaginst the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, charge, gift, maintenance, survivorship, lease, easement, lien or otherwise howsoever, are required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 41, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same, if any, will be deemed to have been waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Pension and Tax land or ground called or known by the name of Amrole, situate at 3rd Parsi Wada Street, now called Dr. Wilson Street, without the Fort, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, and assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 286 and 299, New Survey No. 7417 and 7417, and Cadastral Survey No. 664 of Girgaum Division, and assessed by the Collector of Municipal Taxes under formerly under D Ward No. 1586, Street No. III and now under D Ward No. 1591 (4), Street No. 8, and containing by admeasurement 266-3|4 square yards or thereabouts, and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East by the 3rd Parsiwada now known as Dr. Wilson Street, on or towards the West by the property of Veerchand Deepchand, on or towards the North by the property of Vasudeo Vinayak, and on or towards the South by the property of Vijbhookhandas Atmaram, and which and all the said premises were formerly and are now in the occupation of the Vendors and their tenants.

Dated this 19th day of April, 1928.
MANSUKHLAL HIRALAL & CO.,
Purchasers' Attorneys.
30298

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.
IN INSOLVENCY.

Consolidated Nos. 388 and 755 of 1927.
Re. VASSONJI MULJI and VASSONJI and DAMODAR .... Insolvents.

To.

Nandlal Motilal, Ghamadshi Juharmal, Badridas Shavgic, Shivjiram Harnath, Laxminarayan Jagannath, Narotamdas Kikabhai, Hemraj Omkar, Gendalalji Surajmal, Dolatram Umedram, Kanialal Musal, Amad Haji Moosa, Kasamalli Ismail, Pudamsey Meghji, Laxmidas Narandas, Dhirajlal Vijbhukhandas, Jayantilal Jagjiwan, Vithaldas Lalji, A. J. Khejtashi, Nakarchand Maganlal, Ranchhoddas Laxmidas, Chaturbhuj Ramdas, Ahmedbhai, T. L. Foreman, Bhagwandas Hargowan, D. M. Vaidya, Jafarbhai Alibhai, Khamisha Haji Janmahomed K. J. Rawji, Jethabhai Mulji, Khersedji Sorabji Dalal, D. B. Tapia, Goculdas Motichand, Mangilal Ramanand, Lalji Jagjiwan, Amratlal Ratanchand, Pranlal Velji, Gordhandas Mulji, Chhotalal Tribhovandas, Purshottam Ratanchand, Govindji Madhawji, P. K. Mulji, Virchand Panachand, Somchand Utemchand, Gumedalli Laxminarayan, Purshottam Gopaldas, S. S. Mahimwala, A. B. Bhikaji, Narsidas Monji, Ganesh Devidas, Amratlal and Liladhar, Gulamhusein Mollabhaj, J. R. Pilani, Fardunji Pestonji Mehta, Manilal Mohanlal, Dadiga Hormusji Billimoria, Cajraj Shivkaran, Talsidas Monji Vora, Virji Madhawji, Dayalal Motichand, Jenarayan Indumal Dani, Vinayak Jagannath, P. B. Avasia, P. D. Lam, Varjivandas Tribhovandas, Tribhovandas Keshavji, Shapurji Pestonji, Kalianji Ravji Darbar, Kekhusharu Bhicaji Merji, Jadavji Virji, Jamnadas Virji, Gulabchand Ranchhod, Fulchand Tricumji, Tribhovandas Jethabhai, Virji Kanji.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the abovenamed Insolvents have applied to the Court for their discharge and that the Court has fixed the 22nd day of May, 1928, at 11-15 a.m. in the forenoon for hearing the application.

Dated this 20th day of April, 1928.

K. A. BHOJWANI,
Chief Clerk.
Chief Clerk's Office,
High Court, Fort,
Bombay, the 20th April, 1928.
30294

AUCTION SALES.

BENNETT & CO.
120, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY SITUATE AT MAHIM BAZAR ROAD.

Under instructions from N. H. Moos, Esq., the Receiver appointed in Suit No. 2099 of 1927 (Umer Haji Usman vs. Mahomed Dada Ali and others) and pursuant to the Consent Decree dated 9th March, 1928, Messrs. BENNETT AND CO., will THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 21st April, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction on the premises:—

All that piece or parcel of Fazandari land or ground together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate on the West side of Mahim Bazar Road, admeasuring about 188-7|9 square yards and assessed by the Municipality under G Ward No. 5208 Street No. 78 and bounded on the North by the property of Janmahomed Jusab, on the South by the property of Ganpatrao Mahadewrao, on the East by Mahim Bazar Road and on the West by the Oart of Sadanand Siri Krishna and forming a portion of a large piece of land bearing Collector's New Survey No. 38 and Cadastral Survey No. 1035 of Mahim Division.

This property realises Rs. 75 as rent per month.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Captain and Vaidya, Attorneys for the Receiver, or to the undersigned.

GRAND AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE AND MORE THAN A CENTURY OLD SOLID OPEN CARVED BLACKWOOD FURNITURE, ALSO MADE-TO-ORDER HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, ETC., OF THE WHOLE BUNGALOW.

Property of Lt.-Col. C. H. L. Mayer, I.M.S., and others, at Warden Road, opposite Topkhana next to the Daver Hall.

ON (TO-MORROW), SUNDAY, the 22nd day of April, 1928, Messrs. BENNETT AND CO. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), very valuable and handsome household furniture by Roberts and Devji Canji, such as sliding, dining table, arm and without arm chairs, sideboards and dinnerwaggons, rich Persian and English carpets, Chesterfield and drawing room suites, revolving top writing tables, book and silver show cases, sweet toned piano and phonograph, iron safe on stand, English ice boxes, wooden and iron bedsteads, mirror door almyrahs, wardrobes, dressing chival and tables, marble top tables, E. lamps and fans, E. ceiling fans, reclining sofas, hat stands, easy chairs large size iron safe, on stand with master keys, very little used Singer sewing machine, Remington Typewriter, and very rare, handsome telescopic, French maker, made by Maple, large dining table, etc., etc.

Catalogues are ready and the property is now on view.

AUCTION SALE OF FURNITURE AT NO 31, NEW MARINE LINES, BEHIND THE GYMKHANA TENNIS COURT.

Property of G. C. Stileman, Esq., and others.

Messrs. BENNETT AND CO. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, on (TO-MORROW) SUNDAY, the 22nd, April, 1928, at 10-30 a.m. (S. T.) very valuable furniture, rich glass, and porcelainware, platedware, lining table and chairs, sideboard, carpets, drawing-room Chesterfield and Jacobean suites, cabinets, cottage piano, phonograph, hat stands, reclining sofas, E. lamps and fans, bedsteads, almyrahs, dressing chest of drawers, dressing and wash-hand tables. American roll top tables, silver and book cases, Jacobean furniture, iron safe, screens, partition, etc., etc. The above is now on view, and the catalogues are published.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY SITUATE AT KHOJA STREET.

Under instructions from Messrs. Divekar and Co., Attorneys for the 1st defendant Haji Moosa Haji Sakoor and in pursuance of the Consent Decree dated 9th January, 1925, in Suit No. 5367 of 1922 (Mohomed Husein Joosab and others vs. Haji Musa Haji Sakoor and others) Messrs. BENNETT AND CO. will sell by Public Auction THIS DAY SATURDAY, 21st April, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises.

All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate at Khoja Street, admeasuring about 133 square yards and registered by the Collector under Old No. 2887, New No. 98666, Old Survey No. 2513, New Survey No. 4321, Cadastral Survey No. 3715, and assessed by the Municipality under C Ward No. 7300, Street No. 204 to 208 and bounded on the East by Khoja Street, on the West by Sweeper's passage, on the North by the property of Wallimahomed Haji Musa and on the South by the property of Lavji Ladhu.

For further particulars of sale apply to Messrs. Divekar and Co., Attorneys for the 1st Defendant and Administrator at No. 14, Motilal Shivlal Mansions, Hummum Street, Fort or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

SHIPPING.

P. & O. British
(Incorporated in England)
MAIL & PASSENGERS SER
P. and O. SAILINGS to PLAYM AND LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

Date.	Steamer.	Connecting at Aden with	
1928			
21 Apr.	RAWALPINDI		16,6
2 ,,	MALOJA x		20,837
1 May.	RAJPUTANA.		16,568
1 ,,	MOREA*		10,953
1 ,,	KAISAR-I-HIND		11,518
25 ,,	RAZMAK	NALDERA	16,088
2 June	MACEDONIA.		11,120
9 ,,	MALWA *		10 986
16 ,,	MANTUA		10,946
23 ,,	RAZMAK	NARKUNDA x	16,572
30 ,,	DELTA		8,000
7 July	RANPURA*		16,901
14 ,,	MOREA		10,953
21 ,,	RAZMAK	MOOLTAN x	20,847
28 ,,	KAISAR-I-HIND		11,518
4 Aug.	RAWALPINDI		16,619
11 ,,	MACEDONIA..		11,120
18 ,,	MALOJA x		20,837
25 ,,	MALWA		10,986
1 Sep.	RAJPUTANA*		16,568
8 ,,	MANTUA		10,916
15 ,,	NALDERA *		16,088
22 ,,	RANPURA		16,601
29 ,,	RAZMAK @		10,602
6 Oct.	KAISAR-I-HIND		11,518
13 ,,	NARKUNDA x		16,502
20 ,,	RAWALPINDI.		16,619
27 ,,	RAZMAK		10,602

All passengers are required to be in possession of passport.
@ To Marseilles only.
x Through steamers from Australia have limited accommodation for passengers from India.
* Through steamers from China have limited accommodation for passengers from India.

RATES.

SPECIAL OFF SEASON RETURN TICKETS.

First Saloon Return Tickets at Special Reduced Rates will be issued for any Mail Steamer during the period commencing from Bombay with the sailing of the S.S. "MACEDONIA," on the 2nd of June, 1928, and terminating with the "KAISER-I-HIND" due in Bombay on the 21st September. The fares will be as follows:—

To London and back by Sea £105
To London and back via Marseilles including P. & O. Special Train across France in both directions .. £210
To Marseilles and back £100

P. & O. SPECIAL TRAIN MARSEILLES—LONDON.

During the months of June, July and August the fare by this train will be reduced to £10.

SINGLE BERTH CABINS.

There will be no extra charge for Single Berth Cabins between 1st June and 1st January.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.
Bombay to Port Said and Plymouth.

Date about	Steamers.	Tons
1928		
2nd May	DOMALA	8,441
14th June	MANORA	7,883
5th July	DUMANA	8'427

P. & O. SAILINGS TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN and AUSTRALIA.

25th April	DELTA	Colombo, Straits, China & Japan
26th April P. M.	NARKUNDA	Colombo, and Australia.
3rd May	†MIRZAPORE	Straits, China and Japan
25th May	MOOLTAN	Colombo and Australia
8th June	RAWALPINDI	Colombo Straits, China & Japan
Connecting	at Colombo with COMORIN	for Australia
25th June	†KIDDERPORE	Straits, China and Japan.
6th July	RAJPUTANA	Colombo Straits, China & Japan
Connecting	at Colombo with MONGOLIA	for Australia
7th July	†ALIPORE	Straits, China and Japan.
3rd Aug.	NALDERA	Straits, China and Japan.
Connecting	at Colombo with CHITRAL	for Australia.

†Does not carry Passengers.

BRITISH INDIA SAILLINGS TO AFRICA, KARACHI, PERSIAN GULF, TUTICORIN, COLOMBO, MADRAS, CALCUTTA & RANGOON.

1928		
21st April	CHAKLA	Karachi via Porebunder Dwarka & Cutch Mandvie.
23rd ,,	VITA	Karachi via Port Okha & Cutch Mandvie.
25th ,,	BARPETA	Busreh via Karachi & Persian Gulf Ports
25th ,,	KHANDALLA	East & South Africa.
2?th ,,	VARSOVA	Busreh via Karachi.
16th May	xELLORA	Mombasa.

x Extra sailing to Mombasa only.

REDUCED FARES.

First Class return tickets to Mombasa available for three months are now issued by the East Africa Line of steamers. Return fare Rs. 500 only. Apply for particulars to the undersigned.

There will be sailings for Karachi on Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays and Saturdays every week. Local passengers for Karachi can only proceed by the Friday sailigs when accommodation is not required for passengers ex the P. & O. Mail Steamer or through passengers to Busreh.

Terms and Rates of Freights and Passage may be arranged with:
MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.

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on 11 April, 2017

ENTS.

Week's

Consecutive Run
OF
MAHARASHTRA CO.'S
"KARNA THE TRUE BATTLER"

EXCELSIOR THEATRE
TO-NIGHT AT 9-30 p.m.
TO-MORROW AT 6-30 p.m.
Mr. W. R. Banward
presents
A. MOGUILEWSKY
The Eminent
RUSSIAN VIOLINIST
and
DUCHESS NADYA
of Leuchtenberg (at the Piano.)
Prices as usual. Booking at Rose.

PATHE CINEMA
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.
4-30, 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.
REX BEACH'S
WORLD-FAMOUS NOVEL:—
THE BARRIER
featuring
LIONEL BARRYMORE
NORMAL KERRY—HENRY B. WALTHALL MARCELINE DAY.
Vivid Romance against a picturesque background telling of a story of the days when men fought with their Fists for their Diggings in the Gold-fields and for the Women they loved with equal readiness and fierce delight;

EMPIRE THEATRE
To-Day and To-Morrow 4-30, 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.
The Startling Paramount Jungle Melodrama in 8 Gripping Reels—
CHANG
CHANG
CHANG
will stand on its own merits as a brilliantly conceived and brilliantly depicted story of the eternal struggle for existence in remote tracts where the world is yet very young.

EMPRESS THEATRE
To-Day and To-Morrow 3-30, 6, 8, and 10 p.m.
Sunday Morning at 10 a.m.
JOHN BARRYMORE
The greatest lover of all ages with
MARY ASTOR
IN
DON JUAN
The Romance of a Gorgeous Sinner.
Women were toys in his hands. An innocent maid enslaved him.

OWING TO PUBLIC DEMAND
IMPERIAL CINEMA
Lamington Road
CONTINUES
for one week more
IMPERIAL FILM COMPANY'S
Super thrilling production
LA BELLE
(KATIL KATHIANI).
featuring
Famous stars Miss JILLOO,
Mr. BILLIMORIA and others.
TO MISS TO REPENT
Daily four shows at 5, 7, 9 and 11 p.m.
Extra show on Saturday, Sunday and Bank Holiday at 3 p.m.
COMING NEXT SATURDAY:
Jagdish Film Co.'s Social production
VISHWA MOHINI.

AMUSEMENTS.

"KARNA THE TRUE BATTLER"
AT
Cinema Majestic
GIRGAUM

AMUSEMENTS

FINAL WEEK
"KARNA THE TRUE BATTLER"
AT
Cinema Majestic
GIRGAUM
DAILY at 5, 7, 9 and 11 P.M.
Saturday and Sunday
Extra Show at 3 p.m.

THE CAPITOL
To-day and To-morrow at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
DIRECT FROM PARIS

with RONALD COLMAN
The story of a thoroughly domesticated wife who disguises as a madcap Parisian dancer, flirts outlageously with her own husband, who elopes with her.
Also GRANPA'S GIRL A Two-Reel side-splitting Comedy and
THE LATEST PATHE SUPER GAZETTE.

NEW VENUS
A Superb Cinema Treat for the Residents of
BYCULLA—MAZAGAON—PAREL—DADAR, ETC.
TO-NIGHT THIS WEEK
THE LAST CONCLUDING 8 PARTS
of the Powerful Thrilling Serial
"THE TRAIL OF THE TIGER"
Now Sensational Climax bursts forth in a torrent of hair-raising incidents.
The popular mighty hero
JACK DOUGHERTY is at his best performing prodigies of Valour! See the exciting finish in the
CONCLUDING 8 PARTS TO-NIGHT AND THIS WEEK.
THE BIGGEST CIRCUS SERIAL EVER SCREENED!
The Programme includes a tropical Comedy.
TO-NIGHT:—3-15; 5-15; 7; 8-45 and 10-30 P. M. (S.T.)
NEW VENUS CINEMA, Byculla, Opp. the G. I. P. Railway, Goods Yard.

LAMINGTON RD. PRECIOUS CINEMA (UNIVERSAL PICTURES HOUSE)
MANAGEMENT—UNIVERSAL PICTURES CORPORATION OF INDIA.
THIS WEEK—THE DRAMATIC THUNDERBOLT OF THE YEAR!
A MAN'S PAST FEATURING A MAN'S PAST
CONRAD VEIDT, THE MASTER OF CHARACTER PORTRAYAL.
Is it Legal or Moral Murder for a Surgeon to put an end to a Patient's sufferings when he is inflicted with an incurable and agonising disease? Packed with Breathless suspense and wonderful desert scenes.
TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW AT 4-30, 6-30 8-15 & 10-15.
Our Popular Prices—from Rs. 1/2 to Ans. 2.
DON'T FAIL TO SEE THIS STORY OF A SUBLIME SACRIFICE.

Reader Friendship

The Bombay Chronicle belongs to that class of Indian journals which believe that clean news, wholesome interests and constructive influences are as necessary inside the pages of a newspaper as inside the walls of a home.

Reader friendship cannot be measured, seen, or manufactured; but is a quality that can arise only from a sincere desire to speak and act in the deep and *true interests of the public*. Let the

Bombay Chronicle

carry your sales message to its *friends*.

AMUSEMENTS.

GLOBE CINEMA
Sandhurst Road.
5-15, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 Daily
Saturday and Sunday at 3-30 P. M.
The Story that stirred the entire Nation
"TARZAN
AND THE
GOLDEN LION"
The quest for the Hidden City!
The Hunt for the Palace of Diamonds! Supreme Adventure!
Most Meteoric, flashing drama of the year!
Also
Charlie Chaplin
in his latest 2 Reels Comedy.

PRIMAPHONES
TABLE GRAND MODELS
Primaphones have been well-known throughout India as Premier Phones of perfect tone. Premier in high class workmanship and finish and perfect in sweet lifelike tone. Finished in Oak, Walnut and Mahogany polished Cabinets and equipped with genuine all steel nickle plated motors, of Swiss Make, Imperial Sound boxes, new improved S style tone arms and all wood amplifying tone chamber.
Model No. 103—single Spring Rs. 90.
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Delivered free to any Railway Station in India.
Illustrated catalogue on request.
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BOMBAY PHONO AND GENERAL AGENCY,
Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

RADIATES RELIEF
FROM ACHES AND PAINS

LITTLE'S
ORIENTAL BALM
India's Greatest Pain Cure.
Sold at Chemists and Stores.

STOCKS AND SHARES.

SHORTS COVERING MILL SHARES.

INDUSTRIALS UNDERTONE STEADY.

BOMBAY, April 20.

Cotton Mill Shares opened quiet at a small decline on reports of strike, but improved on scattered buying and short covering. Bombay Dyeing opened at Rs. 891/4 but improved to Rs. 893/12. Fazal improved Rs. 5 after opening at Rs. 860 but reacted and closed at Rs. 863/12. Pearl opened at Rs. 566/4 but firmed up to Rs. 571/4. Century was steady at Rs. 408/12.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Tata Iron Defd opened at Rs. 306/4 and declined to Rs. 304/6 on short selling. At this level butter support from Bulls in conjunction with short covering hardened prices to Rs. 310. Scattered selling relapsed prices again and closed at Rs. 308/12. Ordinary after fluctuating both ways closed steady at Rs. 86. Tata Hydros remained unchanged. Indian Bleaching was steady There was better demand for cement shares. Alcock improved with good enquiry.

COTTON

	Bombay, 20. Closing rates.
Paid up	
100 Ahmed. Advance	372/8
100 Alliance	30
50 Apollo	6
500 Bombay Cotton	312/8
200 Bombay Dyeing	893/12
250 Bradbury	225
100 Century	408/12
100 Colaba Land	128/12
500 Central India Pt.	512/8
100 Kurla	165
100 Crescent	168/12
250 Curim.	250
500 David	260
250 Dawn	600
200 Edward Sassoon	100
10 E. D. Sassoon	0/13/0
160 Elphinstone	16
150 Fazulbhoy	863/12
50 Finlay	135
1000 F. Petit	400
100 Globe	30
100 Gokak	120
100 Indian Bleaching	288/12
100 Indore Malwa	360
100 Jamshed Mfg.	47/8
300 Kastoorchand	22
150 Khatau	95
100 Kohinoor	245
100 Luxmi Cotton	6750
100 Madhavrao Sed.	7
100 Moraijee	1875
500 Mathuradas	50
1000 Maneckji Petit	1600
100 Meyer Sassoon	81/4
1000 Morarji	1860
100 New Great	275
10 New City	110
100 Pabaney	267/8
100 Pearl	571/4
100 Phoenix	392/8
250 Simplex	171/4
100 Sholapur	7325
50 Swan	135
100 Swadeshi	500
500 Tata Mill	65
500 Vishnu Cotton	8000
BANKS.	
127 Imperial	1462/8
127 Imperial	362/8
50 India	89/8
20 Baroda	92
25 Central	26/6
25 Eastern	94/8
£12 1/2 National Bank	4/2
RAILWAYS.	
500 Ad. Prantej	902/8
Amritsar Patti	138
1/Cen. Prov. Rly.	101
100 Dhond Baramati	100
100 Guzerat Rly.	90/12
100 Hoshiarpur	100
100 Khulna Baghirhaut Rly.	95
90 Mandra Bhon.	78/8
100 Sara Sirajgunj	93
100 Sialkote	103
100 Upper Sindh	88/9
100 Upper Sindh	90
500 Tapty Valley	710
MISCELLANEOUS.	
1000 Ahmedabad Electric	116
100 Anchra Valley	760
160 Alcock	423/12
125 Br. Burma	840
10 B. Burma No. 1	300
10 Br. India Insurance	8/12
8 sh. Burma Pet.	4/11
150 B. Tramway	153/12
50 B. Tramway	68
100 Bombay Steam	273/12
50 Bombay Telephone	47
10 Fundi Cement	23/6
200 Indian Cement	325
Central India Mining	16/4
£ 1 Eastern Chemical ordy.	1/8
do 2 Do. Defd	1
100 Katni Deferred	855
100 Katni Ordinary	241/4
50 Oriental Life Ass.	2200
10 Punjab P. Cement	15/6
10 Punjab P. Cement Pef.	14/4
10 Shivraipur	36
75 Tata Iron Drd.	86
20 Tata Irod Defd.	308/12
100 Tata Iron 2nd Pref.	97/4
100 Tata Iron 1st Pref.	138
100 Tata Hydro	1142/8
100 Tata Power Ord.	36
100 Tata Power Ord.	580
100 Tata Power Pref.	920
215 Scindhia Steam	16/12
PREFERENCE SHARES.	
10 7-1/2 p. c. Punjab Portlan Cement	14/4
100 7-1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 1st Pref.	136
100 7112 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd pref.	96/2
100 p.c. Hydro Pref.	1050
100 1 p.c. Andhra Valley Pref.	11115
500 1 p.c. Vishnu Pref.	625
150 6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st Pref.	138
560 5 p.c. Nagpur Pref.	485
500 4-1/2 p.c. Tata Mill Pref.	360

SECURITIES

Bombay, April 20.

3-1/2 prr cent Rupee Paper Rs. 75/8/6
4 per cent Conversion Loan due 1931-36 Rs. 94-5.
4 per cent Loan due 1934-37 Rs. 93/13
4 per cent Loan due 1960-70 Rs. 87-11
5 per cent War Loan due 1929-47 Rs. 100/2
5 percent Loan due 1935 Rs. 101-4.
5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1933 Rs. 102/8
5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1945/55 Rs. 106/8/6.
5-1/2 per cent War Bonds (Tax Free) due 1928 Rs. 105-5.
6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1930 Rs. 102-15
6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1931 Rs. 104-3.
6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1932 Rs. 105-12.
6-1/2 per cent Bombay Development Loan (Tax Free) due 1935 Rs. 111/10
4 per cent Port Trust due 1974 Rs. 85
4 per cent Municipal due 1974 Rs. 84-8.
4 per cent Improvement Trust due 1974 Rs. 84-8.
6 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1954 Rs. 111.
6 per cent Municipal due 1929-49 Rs. 101-14.
Forward Rates:—2nd May sett.
3-1/2 per cent Rupee Paper Rs. 75/9
1945-55 Rs. 106/9
Tone of Market.—Steady, moderate inquiry.

CEYLON SHARE QUOTATIONS.

BOMBAY, April 20.

Messrs. Forbes and Lund, have received the following quotations by special telegram from Colombo, to-day:—

Name of Company.	Latest prices. Rs.
Bukit Darah Rubber	15
Cavunal Rubber and Tea	11
Ceylon Planters	33
Ceylon Rubber	35
Clunes Estates	22
Cochin Rubber	40
Eila Tea	185
Estates Co. of Uva	33
Fairlawn Estate	32
Frocester Estates	42
Hatbawe Rubber	12
Honiton Rubber	8
Horawala Rubber	42
Indo-Malay Estates	18
Jambuiande Tea and Rubber	11
Jebong Rubber	16
Kalutara Company	29
Kalutara Rubber	22
Kelani Valley Rubber	31
Langat River	20
Lanka Rubber	72
Lansdowne Rubber	170
Maha Uva Estates	50
Matale Valley Rubber	30
Meall Mor Estates	22XD
Mirishena Rubber	35
Narangoda Rubber	30
Neuchatel Estates	32
North-Western Rubber	20
Pelmadulla Tea and Rubber	22
Rubber Growers'	33
Saffragam Tea and Rubber	185
Talgaswella Tea	56
Torrington Tea	21
Udabage Tea	50
Udapolla Rubber	24-8
Ullswater Rubber	10
Vogan Tea	40

Remarks:—Market steady.
Rubber:—Spot Colombo Re. 0 44-1/2 cents.
Meal Mors XD 7-1/2 per cent. final.

BANK OF ENGLAND RETURNS.

London, April 19.

	£
Total Bullion	158,600,000
Public Deposits	17,500,000
Other Deposits	100,400,000
Government Securities	31,700,000
Other Securities	60,200,000
Notes and Coin	43,700,000
Currency Notes Outstanding	268,100,000
Ratio of Reserve to Liabilities	37.06 p.c.

JAVA SUGAR—LONDON MARKET.

London, April 19.

Java Sugar Fine White Dutch Standard, No. 25 C and F Calcutta:—
July|Sept per cwt. 14|3.
Oct.|Dec. per cwt. 14|4-1|2.
C and F Bombay:—
July|Sept. per cwt. 14|4.
C and F Karachi:—
July|Sept. per cwt. 14|4-3|4.

THIS IS THE WAY TO CURE

Rheumatism

Put away your sticks and crutches. There is no reason why you should be crippled by Rheumatism all your life. Stop using rubbing oils and embrocations. They cost a lot of money and you cannot honestly say they do you a lot of good. Do as thousands of others are doing. Get an inexpensive box of De Witt's Pills from your nearest chemists and take them in accordance with the directions which are given with every box. That is the way to cure Rheumatism. The first dose will do you good and in a very little while your swollen and distorted limps will become normal again. You will have no further cause to complain of pains in your back or loins, scalding urine or sediment, for De Witt's Pills thoroughly cleanse the kidneys and bladder and thus, in addition to curing your Rheumatism, they benefit your health in many ways. Get a box to-day and prove this for yourself. They are equally suitable for men, women and children of all nationalities and creeds.

DeWITT'S

KIDNEY AND BLADDER.

PILLS

SOLD AND RECOMMENDED BY CHEMISTS EVERYWHERE

See That You Get this Package—None Other is Genuine

Guaranteed Free from Animal Fats and Harmful Drugs or Narcotics

Made and Packed by Patent Machinery Never Touched By Hand

ESTABLISHED 1886.

WORLD-KNOWN

PURE MEDICATED AND SCENTED

G. GHOSE'S TIL OIL

Most Cooling and Nourishing for Brain and Hair, Examined by Civil Surgeon and Sanitary Commissioner, etc.

AWARDED NUMEROUS GOLD AND SILVER MEDALS, &c. in Various Govt., Semi-Govt.. and other Exhibitions.

It cures giddiness, headache, sound-sleeplessness, baldness, hysteria, night-sweat, heart-disease etc., and beautifies the hair and prevents from falling off and untimely grey hair and also cheers the mind.

Several imitators and their sellers are seriously punished in various Districts and in High Court; still exact imitation going. Purchase carefully.

G. GHOSE, Dacca, Mymensingh

20, Upper Circular Road, Calcutta—Hamilton Road, Delhi—and Bombay.

Increase Your Income in Old Age.

Give good start in Life to your son.

Put SMALL INVESTMENTS and

SECURE LARGE CAPITAL.

SPECIAL NEW SCHEMES

Apply to: THE

ASIAN ASSURANCE CO., LTD.,

ASIAN BUILDING, : : : : Ballard Estate, BOMBAY.

SHOULD YOU REQUIRE

The best, the latest, the most up-to-date and the most comfortable spectacles and eyeglasses in various styles and patterns, it will benefit you to consult

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729, HORNBY ROAD (Opp. WHITEAWAYS) & 361, KALBADEVI ROAD, CORNER HNUMAN LANE

BOMBAY.

WARDED SEVERAL GOLD MEDALS.

ALIGARH MUSLIM UNIVERSITY AFFAIRS

GORAKHPUR MUSSALMANS' SUGGESTIONS

The Mussalmans of Gorakhpur assembled in a meeting at Juma Masjid unanimously resolved that:—

They respectfully offer their heartfelt thanks to the Chancellor of the Muslim University, the Mother Begum Sahiba of Bhopal, for her deep interest in the affairs of the University, with particularly reflected itself in the most opportune appointment of the Enquiry Commission. The meeting confidently hopes that the University will run in line with the true national and religious aspirations under her august leadership.

APPEAL TO MAHOMEDAN LEADERS.

They beg Sir Ali Imam, Sir Mohammad Shafi, Sir Habib Ullah, Sir Sultan Ahmad, Sir Abdur Rahim, the Maharaja of Mahmudabad, Dr. Shah Sulaiman, Messrs. Mahomed Ali Jinnah, Hasan Imam, Fazal Husain to feel the gravity of the situation and to take special interest in the matters of the Aligarh University, in order to save this only educational centre of the Muslims of India and thus advance the true cause of Islam.

They deprecate the action of those members of the Court, of the Executive Council and of the Staff who preferred their personal and party interests to those of the Nation and who attached little importance to the attendance of the meetings.

VICE-CHANCELLOR'S APPOINTMENT.

In view of the great importance of the position of the Vice-Chancellor in the working of the University, they regard the appointment of a Mahomedan of high reputation whose educational qualifications and national service can inspire the community with confidence to this post extremely necessary, and while fully appreciating the meritorious services rendered by the present Vice-Chancellor to the University they beg him to serve the best interests of the community by searching out such a suitable gentleman for this post.

After mature deliberation, they regard the appointment of an Indian in every case extremely necessary for the post of the Pro-Vice-Chancellor. He must be a man of high reputation having no connection, whatsoever, with any Aligarh party.

They request the members of the Court to desist from taking hasty steps in the decision of the questions raised by the Enquiry Commission. They think it desirable that special Sub-Committee consisting of persons commanding the confidence of the community be appointed to consider important matters in the light of the recommendations of the Enquiry Commission read with the public opinion which they would be bound to call for. They further urge the publications of the names of the members of such Committees, the matters entrusted to them and their proceedings as they take place, so that the public may be in a position to advise them at every step.

PROTEST AGAINST PRESENT SYSTEM OF SUBVENTION

LANDLORDS' ASSOCIATION'S NEW PROPOSAL.

Mr. D. F. Cama, Joint Hon. Secretary, The Landlords' Association, has addressed the following letter to the President, Municipal Corporation:—

I have the honour to state that the Council of the above Association has passed a resolution to represent the serious difficulties arising out of the above question and to request you to bring it to the notice of the Corporation.

You are aware that the Corporation has passed a resolution that a landlord who changes the basket privies on his property into water closets is entitled to a subvention of Rs. 100 per seat. If he takes a loan from the Municipality, he gets a subvention of Rs. 75 only per seat. It is obvious that a loan under the scheme would only be taken by poor class of landlords. The present scheme of subvention, in so far as it applies to landlords who take a loan from the Municipality, penalises them inasmuch as they are paid Rs. 25 less. Moreover the landlord, taking a loan is to be charged interest on the loan received by him. Thus he stands to lose both ways.

There is also another consideration that the provision of a subvention of Rs. 100 per seat is inadequate in cases where the water connections are to be taken from the main-pipe for the purpose of flush system to cisterns in buildings. If the water connections are to be taken from the main-pipe on asphalt roads, the cost of cutting and repairing roads very often reaches the figure of Rs. 250.

Under the circumstances I have the honour to request you to be so good as to take these various difficulties into consideration and to consider by proposal that the subvention of Rs. 100 per seat should be given to all landlords irrespective of the fact that they take the loan from the Municipality and that in cases where the water connections are to be taken from the main-pipe, half the cost of cutting and repairing the roads should be borne by the Municipality, as the latter is compelling the landlords to change the basket privies into water closets. I have every hope that my proposal will receive your kind attention.

Free Gifts

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BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS

Mr. Justice Jehangir Dinshah Davar, is to act as an Additional Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, with effect from the 10th April 1928 to the commencement of the High Court's summer vacation of 1929.

Mr. D. P. Shah is to act as Deputy Political Agent, Mahi Kantha, vice Mr. Y. V. Vohra proceeding on leave.

Mr. J. S. Bharucha, on return to duty is to be Assistant Superintendent of Police, Dharwar, vice Mr. J. E. V. Mason, transferred.

The services of Mr. B. M. Deshpande, Second Class Subordinate Judge, Roha, are placed at the disposal of the Secretary to the Government of Bombay, Legal Department.

Mr. N. C. Vakil, is to be Second Class Subordinate Judge, on probation, and to do duty as Second Class Subordinate Judge vice Mr. B. M. Deshpande.

Mr. F. B. Plunkett is confirmed as a Superintendent of a Central Prison with effect from the 19th March, 1927.

Mr. R. H. Haslam, Deputy Commissioner of Police, Bombay, is granted, with effect from the 18th April 1928, leave on average pay for six months and ten days followed by leave on half average pay for such period as will bring the total period of the combined leave up to seven months.

Mr. S. K. Patkar, Acting Assistant Judge and Assistant Sessons Judge, Belgaum, is to act as Assistant Judge and Additional Sessions Judge pending the appointment of a District and Sessions Judge at Belgaum vice Mr. J. H. Sanders, proceeded on leave.

Mr. R. Stott, Government Examiner of Questioned Documents, Intelligence Bureau of the Home Department, Government of India, will return to duty on the 18th May 1928, and the work of the office of the Government Examiner of Questioned Documents will be resumed from that date.

Mr. J. R. Dhurandhar, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Legislative Department, vice Mr. G. H. Spence with effect from the 9th April, 1928, and until further orders.

The services of Major G. Covell, an officer of the Medical Research Department, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bombay, with effect from the afternoon of the 19th March 1928, to undertake a malaria survey of Bombay city.

The Honourable Mr. J. L. Rieu, C.S.I., I.C.S., is granted an extension up to the 5th July, 1928.

Shaikh Rafiuddin Sharafuddin to do duty temporarily as Deputy Superintendent of Police, Ahmedabad, vice Rao Saheb D. C. Desai proceeding on leave, pending further orders.

Khan Saheb Darashah Dhanjishah Kothawala to act as Deputy Superintendent of Police, Thana, vice Mr. B. A. Dubois, pending further orders.

Mr. B. A. Dubois, on relief, to act as District Superintendent of Police, Broach, vice Mr. Shapurji Darashah proceeding on leave.

Mr. Vaman Ramchandra Phadke to act as Deputy Superintendent of Police on the Instructional Staff of the Police training School, Nasik, vice Mr. M. V. Nabar.

Mr. Mangesh Vasudev Nabar, on relief, to be Deputy Superintendent of Police, Panch Mahals, vice Mr. Zal K. N. Kabraji proceeding on leave.

Mr. Balwant Venkatrao Chinmulgand to act as Deputy Superintendent of Police, West Khandesh, vice Mr. R. S. Kate reverting.

Dr. P. D'Souza, Assistant to the Dean, Grant Medical College, Bombay, is granted leave on average pay on medical certificate for two months with effect from 7th February 1928.

FREE TREATMENT FOR

LEPROSY

UNDER SPECIAL DIET.

All kinds of Sores treated free without Operation.

DON'T SPEND MONEY IN VAIN, FIRST TRY, THEN BUY.

50,000 Free

Sample Packets for LEUCODERMA

It has now been arranged to distribute about 50,000 sample packets of PANDIT KRIPARAM'S infallible cure for LEUCODERMA or WHITE LEPROSY to prove its efficacy and to show that the disease is not incurable as supposed. It never fails. The sample packet will be enough to produce wonders in only one inch spot. Write it at once, per V.P.P. for As. 6 to meet the cost of its transmission, to:

PANDIT KRIPARAM,
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For Smartness and Vitality use

Kandarpa Sanjivani Pills

These pills offer a new lease of life by toning up the worn out nerves due to Urinary disorders and also by restoring the lost verility in a very short time. The pills have the Magic power of stopping the involuntary emissions by enriching and thickening the vital fluid.

Price:—A phial of 40 pills Rs. 5.

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Branch:—393, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay. 2

Local Agent:—Perry & Co., Grant Road Bombay.

World Cotton Situation

NEW YORK, LIVERPOOL & BOMBAY MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

FAVOURABLE WEATHER—PRICES OPEN 6 POINTS LOWER—INCREASED SELLING—TRADE BUYING AT THE DECLINE—PRICES RALLY 21 POINTS—RENEWED LIQUIDATION—FUTURES 2 TO 4 POINTS LOWER.

New York, April 19.

The New York futures market early declined selling influenced by favourable weather reports, but trade buying at the decline hardened prices and established a rise of 10 points over previous closing prices. During the afternoon longs realised profits and prices again declined, the close was quiet but steady at a decline of 2 to 4 points. To-day's range was 21 points and despite reports of favourable weather, trade buying shwos considerable underlying strength of the situation. There is no decided improvement in the weather and anxiety regarding the new crop is likely to be serious if unfavourable weather continues. Cotton on its own merits is a safe purchase at present level and on all declines. The offerings or short sales at present can only be against new crop as the situation of the old crop is decidedly strong. Most of the crop is marketed and a small portion which is left in the interior is hedged. The spinners' demand at this improved level makes us to believe that there is good demand in dry goods market.

Spot Cotton prices remained unchanged and closed at 20.50c.

The New Orleans futures market closed quiet but steady at a rise of 1 point to a decline of 1 point.

N. Y. JULY FLUCTUATIONS

New York, April 19.

Previous Close	-9.90	
10 a.m. opening	19.84	—.06
10-06 a.m. lowest	19.79	—.11
11 a.m.	19.92 plus	.02
12 noon	19.96 plus	.06
12-27 p.m. highest	20.00 plus	.10
3 p.m.	19.86	—.04

Range 21 points

PRIVATE CABLES.

Messrs. Langley and Co. have received the following cable from American friends:

Indication of trade buying which offset more favourable weather.

Reuter:—Market early declined on favourable weather, later rallied on trade buying, and then again declined on realising.

Hornby Hemelryk and Co.:—"Cable from Alexandria Egypt.—Market having declined in consequence of report of heavy rains in Abyssinia."

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, April 19.

May	20.00—.02
July	19.86—.04
October	19.67—.02
December	19.58—.02
January	19.50—.03
Middling Spot	20.50

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay, April 20.

U. P. Bales.	1927-28	1926-27
Receipts to date 19-4-28	7582000	12192000
,, Yesterday do	13000	15000
Exports to date do	5998060	9390000
Stock at Ports 13-4-28	162000	2968000
,, Interior Towns do	803000	888000
,, Liverpool 13-4-28	879000	1392000
Visible Supply 13-4-28	4368000	6034000
Quantity in Sight do	12794000	17228000

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, April 19.

May	19.75—.01
July	19.65
Middling Spot	20.00

NEW YORK.

New York, April 19.

NEW YORK 11 A.M.:—
(As known in Liverpool at closing time)

May	20.06
July	19.92
October	19.70

NEW YORK NOON CALL:—

May	20.10
July	19.96
October	19.73

NEW ORLEANS 9-30 A.M.:—

May	19.80
July	-9.65
October	19.35

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

New York, April 19.

	Bales.
Day's Receipts a tall U.S. Ports	13,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	3,000
Day's Exports to the Continent	8,000

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, April 19.

T.T. Berlin on London	20.42-1/8
T.T. Amsterdam on London	12.10-3/4
T.T. Brussels on London	34.97
T.T. Madrid on London	29.11
T.T. Milan on London	92.58
T.T. Berne on London	25.33
T.T. Paris on London	124.02
T.T. London on Prague	164.75

NEW YORK DEMAND BILLS.

New York, April 19.

Demand Bills	487.93

COFFEE—NEW YORK MARKET.

New York, April 19.

Coffee Fair Rio, (No. 7 quality) Spot: 15-1/2.

LIVERPOOL.

WEAKNESS OF EGYPTIANS—ABSENCE OF SELLERS—UNDERTONE GOOD—FUTURES 4 TO 3 POINTS HIGHER—SALES 8,000 BALES.

Liverpool, April 19.

The Liverpool futures market opened quiet but steady at a rise of 1 to 2 points and ruled steady on account of absence of sellers, despite further sharp decline in Egyptians. Trade demand is fairly good and sales of 8,000 bales were recorded. The market closed at a rise of 3 to 4 points. Middling American futures improved 7 points to 11.22d. per lb.

Empire futures ruled steady and closed at a rise of 1 to 3 points.

Improved water supply, caused another break of 44 to 54 points in Egyptian futures. Spot Sakel prices were reduced by 40 points to 20.65d. per lb.

PRIVATE CABLES.

Messrs. Patel Bros. have received the following cables from Liverpool:—

(1) No precipitation, slightly warmer.

(2) Liverpool market steadily despite decline in Egyptian market. Weather map good.

Meraphis Cable:—"Bollweevil report meaningless; Does not reflect survival. Weather been too cool invite emergence. Think survival heavy and widespread."

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, April 19.

	Opening	Closing
April		10.72 plus .04
May	10.67	10.67 plus .04
June		10.62 plus .04
July	10.59	10.59 plus .04
August		10.51 plus .04
September		10.45 plus .03
October	10.40	10.40 plus .03
November		10.33 plus .03
December		10.33 plus .03
January	10.32	10.33 plus .03
February		10.32 plus .03
March	10.32	10.32 plus .03
April		10.32 plus .03
Middling Spot		11.22 plus .07

LIVERPOOL COTTON SALES.

Liverpool, April 19.

	Bales.
Sales at Liverpool	8,000
Sales on Speculation	500
Sales of East Indian Cotton	100

INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, April 19.

Scinde Fully Good	8.20 plus .05
Scinde Fine	8.40 plus .05
Scinde Superfine	8.60 plus .05
Bengal Good	8.00 plus .05
Bengal Fully Good	8.20 plus .05
Bengal Fine	8.40 plus .05
Oomra Good	8.50 plus .05
Oomra Fully Good	8.75 plus .05
Oomra Fine	9.00 plus .05
Broach Fully Good	9.60 plus .05
Broach Fine	9.85 plus .05
Broach Superfine	10.10 plus .05

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, April 19.

April	19.90—.44
May	20.00—.44
June	20.10—.44
July	20.19—.46
August	20.17—.46
September	20.17—46
October	20.45—.49
November	20.40—.49
December	20.40—.49
January	20.25—.54
February	20.23—54
March	20.20—.54
April	20.20—.54
Sakellaridis F.G.F. Spot	20.65—.40

LONDON PRODUCE.

London, April 19.

Cottonseed, Bombay:—
April|May shipment sellers £18-17-6.
Castorseed Bombay:—
April|May shipmen t sellers £17-15-0.
Rapeseed Toria, ton:—
April|May shiment sellers £18-17-6.

LINSEED OIL.

London, April 19.

Linseed Oil, naked London ewt:—
May|Aug. delivery sellers 30|10|2.
Linseed Oil, naked London ewt:—
Sept.|Dec. delivery paid and sellers 31|9.

LINSEED.

London, April 19.

Linseed, Calcutta, ton:—
April|May shipment sellers £18-5-0.
Linseed La Plata, c.i.f. ton:—
April shipment Hull paid £15-18-9.
Linseed, Bombay ton:—
April|May shipment sellers £18-11-3.

WHEAT—LONDON MARKET.

London, April 19.

Rozario Santa Fe, per 63-1/2 lb. Cargoes:
May shipment paid 52|9.
Barletta Russo per 63-1/2 lb:
April|May shipment sellers 50|3.
Wheat South Australian:—
May|June shipment paid and further buyers 54|6.
Wheat Choice White Karachi:—
May|June shipment paid and further buyers 54|9.

LONDON RUBBER.

London, April 19.

Smoked Sheet Standard Ribbed lb. Spot: Sellers s. 0|8-1|4d.

BOMBAY.

Scattered selling—Steady Liverpool-Closed quiet but steady.

Bombay, April 20.

Following a small decline of 4 points in New York futures, the local market opened at Rs. 374/8 but declined to 374 on scattered selling prices improved slightly to Rs. 374/4 but again declined to Rs. 373/6. The market displayed a steady undertone and with steady Liverpool opening advices, rates at 4-30 p.m. were as under:—

F.G.M.G. Broach Apl/May 368/8.
F.G.M.G. Broach July/Aug 374/8.
Fine M.G Oomra May 338/8.
F.G.M.G. Bengal May 315/8

SEWRI MARKET.

The forward market opened at Rs. 376 for J/A Broach but declined on local selling. Liverpool was 3 points higher at 6-30 and rates here were as under:—

F. G. M. G. Broach A/M. 369/4
F. G. M. G. Broach J/A. 375/4,
Fine M. G. Oomra May 339/4.
F. G. M. G. Gengal May 315/4.

SAMPIN QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, April 20.

April	226.50—0.50
July	233.00—0 30
October	238.90—0.80

TENDERS.

Bombay, April 20.

	To-day	total.
FG. MG. Broach A/M.	300	1,300

DAILY ROOM RATES

Bombay, April 20.

Bengal 314 May.
Broach 369 A/M.
Broach 375 J/A.
Oomra 339 May.

SPOT RATES.

Bombay, April 20.

Bengal	338	331	324	317	309
S. P.	336	329	322	315	307
Rajputana	338	331	324	317	309
Broach		385	380	373	368
P. A.		403	398	391	388
K. V.		385	380	375	370
Dholera		380	376	371	366
Kalajin		385	380	375	370
Surat		443	438	433	428
Navsari		468	463	458	453
Oomra No. 3	356	349	342	332	
C. I. No. 1	381	374	367	357	
C. P. No. 2	369	362	355	345	
Khandesh		336	326	316	306
Muthia			321	311	301

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Bombay, April 20.

In full pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	Since 1st September. This year.	Last year
Khandesh	196	288,703	306,189
Central India	1,182	276,714	267,135
Barsi & Nagar	1,259	275,587	184,312
Hyderabad-Gaorani	524	106,404	64,824
Berar	3,772	625,174	536,887
Central Provinces	1,000	274,479	219,797
Total Oomras	7,933	1,847,061	1,579,144
Dholera	1,676	120,737	122,413
N.-W. Provinces		63,060	54,267
Rajputana	500	42,503	43,476
Sindh-Punjab	91	133,062	110,435
Broach	6,539	150,145	124,290
Coompta & Dharwar	1,059	43,536	60,816
Westerns-Northerns	285	13,064	27,706
Cocanada			408
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		13,146	8,174
Persian		4,459	3,628
American	494	33,441	145,913
Egyptian & African	3,532	39,287	39,232
Comilla, Burma & other sorts		69	51
Total	22,139	2,503,590	2,319,954

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

In full pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	1st Sept. to 12th April. This year.	Last year
Europe	4,753	463,792	227,618
Japan & China	8,675	735,430	1,130,913
Coast Ports		18,051	12,132
Up-country by Rail		67,093	73,567
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan		8,423	12,764
Total	13,430	1,292,789	1,456,994

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, April 2.

	Ready Red leafv.	Delivery Contract April/May
Bengal Superfine	325	
Bengal Fine	320	
Bengal FG.	315	
Sindh-Punjab Fine	320	
Sind-Punjab FG.	315	

BULLION MARKET

(The Bombay Bullion Brokers' Association, Ltd.).

GOLD.

Bombay, April 20.

Gold Ready	21	6	9
Vaishakha	21	7	0
Jaitha	21	7	3
National City	21	9	0

SILVER.

Silver Ready	59	14	0
London Ready	26	5	0
Forward	26	4	0
London Shanghai Opening	2	7	4
Closing	2	7	3

	Op	Hi	Lo.	Closing
Vaishakha	59/14	59/14	59/13	59/13
Paitha	59/15	59/12	59/12	59/12

Tone of Silver.—Quiet. China bought India was a buyer at lower rate. Buyers satsifed.

MONEY MARKET.

EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, April 20.

B C Rate T T 1|5 15|16 D D 1|5 31|32

LONDON —
Bank's selling T T 1|5 31|32 to 15th May
Banks selling D D 1/16
Banks selling T T 1/5 15/16 May.
Banks selling T T 1/5 29/32 Monsoon
Banks buying T T 1|6 1|32.
Banks buying D D 1/6 1/16
Bank's buying 3 mos. 1/6 1/4 April/May
Banks buying 3 mos 1|6 7|32 Monsoon.
NEW YORK —
Banks selling T T 274
Banks buying T T 272-1/2
Banks buying D D 271-1/2
Banks buying 3 mos. 237-1/2
PARIS.—
Banks selling D D 922
Banks buying D D 924
Banks buying 3 mos. 950
JAPAN:—
Banks selling T T 130-1/4
Banks selling D D 174-3/4
HONGKONG —
Bank's selling 60 days 137.
SHANGHAI.—
Banks selling D D 174-3/4
SINGAPORE.—
Banks selling D D 154-3/4
JAVA.—
Banks selling D D 90-3/4
CROSS RATES—:
New York/London 4.88 5/10 19th inst.
Shanghai/London 2/7-1/8 20th inst
London/Japan 1/11 7/16 18th inst.
London/Paris 124.00 19th inst.
London/Belgium 34.94 19th inst.
London/Switzerland 25.33 19th inst.
London/Italy 92.50 19th inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.
Gold 19th inst. 24-4-11 18th inst £4 4-10-1/2.
Silver London Ready 19th inst 26 7/16 19th inst. 26-3/8.
Silver London Forward 19th inst 26-3/8 18th inst 26-3/8.
Silver New York Ready 19th inst. 57-3/4 18th inst. 57-7/8.
London Discounts 3 mos. 19th inst. 4 1/32 p c 18th inst. 4 1/32 p c.
London Discounts 6 mos 19th inst 4-1/8 p.c. 18th inst. 4-1/8 p.c.
Imperial Bank Rate 7 p.c. Bank of England Rate 4-1/2 p.c.
Money:—Inter Bank Call 5-3/4 p.c. 3 mos. 5 p.c. 6 mos. 4 p.c. 12 mos. 4-1/2 p.c.
Tone:—Steady.

LONDON DISCOUNTS.

Bombay, April 20.

3 Months 4-1/32 per cent.
6 Months 4-1/8 per cent.
Bank of Engand Rate 4-1/2 per cent.
Money Call 5-3/4 to 6 per cent.
One month 5-1/2 per cent.
Three months 5 per cent.
Six months 4-1/4 per cent.
Tone of Money Market.—In good demand.
Imperial Bank rate 7 per cent.

Wardha-Hingt. Fine	360/65
Nagpur Fine	360/65
Yeotmal Fine	350/55
Arvi Fine	350/55
Amraoti Fine	343/45
Khamgaon-Akola Fine	340/45
Mulkapur Fine	335/37
Khandesh Fine	326/28
Muthia Fine	
Nanded/Purna FG. GS.	325
Purna FG. GS.	340
Parbhani/Sailu FG GS.	
Indore/Hijain Fine	355
Burwah Samavad Fine	340
Surat	445 +75
Navsari	+95
Broach FG.	
Broach Fine	385 +155 A./May
Westerns MG.	360 —2/3
Westerns HG.	
Cambodia	430
Mirai/Sangli	390
Compta Good	390/95 +27/8+25
Dhollera	—1
Kadi/Viramgam	+3

READY COTTON SALES.

Bombay, April 20.

200	Volkart Bros. Hijain	348
500	Do. Khandesh	283/285
300	Do. Muglai	290/292
100	Do. Purna	322
100	Do. Amod	389
100	Do. Jambusar	387
100	Do. Khamgaon	318
200	Vardhman Bros. Shegaon	320
300	Do. Muthia	265/269
100	G. G. Kesha Antoli	380
200	Do. Kalajin	361/363
400	F. Spinner & Co. Khandesh	285/287
100	Tovomankwa Jalna	326
100	Ralli Bros. Arvi	351
100	Do. Antoli	386
100	H. Nenshi Neemuch	[illegible]
100	Langli & Co. Bijapur	362
200	Japan T. & Co. Pandhurna	352
200	Japan T. & Co. Berar	343
100	Forbes & Co. Sailu	337

MAGISTRATE ADMITS TRUTH

An Expert Physician now Established in Bombay.

Mr. Salig Ram, M. Sc., Deputy Collector, Bahraich (U.P.) Writes—

I have the greatest pleasure in stating for the information of all concerned that I am extremely indebted to Dr. D. D. S. Tandon for the very successful treatment of several members of my family off and on in severe and chronic cases.

A very dear and close relation of mine had been suffering from Insanity for over two years and I had almost despaired of her recovery as a good number of Allopaths of pretty wide reputation had failed to cure her. Dr. Tandon however proved a God-send to me and he cured the patient completely.

A more serious case was that of another relation who was pregnant and was unable to digest even one morsel of food. She had become extremely emaciated.

The local doctors including the best of them had made every possible effort but without success.

I am glad to say that one single dose of his medicine effected a marked improvement in the patient and a few more doses completely cured her.

A third case of fibrous tumours in a relation became equally serious. Several Allopaths were consulted and all of them were of opinion that operation was necessary. In this case again Dr. Tandon's treatment was found successful and what is more satisfactory, was that he cured her tumours without any operation whatsoever.

I wish my countrymen would have greater and greater recourse to the Homoeopathic system of which Dr. Tandon is undoubtedly a very successful expert.

(Sd.) SALIG RAM.

Dr. D. D. S. Tandon, SCIENTIFIC HOMOEOPATH,
Next to Italian Restaurant, Chawpati, BOMBAY.

On Sale Everywhere

HENNESSY'S BRANDY

The Genuine Brandy

Bottled in Cognac

Sole Agents:
HERBERT, SON & Co., Ltd., 11-13, Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, April 19.

	£
Chartered Bank of I.A. & C.	21
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Register)	130-1/2
P. & O. Banking Corporation	9-1/2
National Bank	53-1/4
Eastern Bank	7-1/4
Funding Loan 4 p.c.	92-1/2
Conversion Loan	77-7/8
Indian Loan 5-1/2 p.c.	103
Rupee Paper 3-1/2 p.c.	56
Indian Stock 3 per cent. Sterling Loan z	60-7/8
Indian Stock 3-1/2 per cent. Sterlin gLoan	70-7/8
Consols	56-5/8
War Loan 5 p.c.	102-7/8
Victory Bonds 4 p.c.	93-3/4

LONDON METALS.

London, April 19.

	£
Copper English best Selected	62-7/8
Copper Braziers	74-3/4
Yellow Metal	64-3/4
Corrugated Sheets 24 gauge	13-1/8
Tin English Ingots	234-3/4

THE SEEDS TRADING ASSOCIATION.

Bombay, April 20.

Castorseeds Delivery May Opening 50/3, Closing 50/7/6.

Castorseeds Delivery September Opening 53/1/6, Closing 53/2/16.

Cottonseeds Delivery May Opening 4/15/3, Highest 4/15/6, Closing 4/15/3.

Groundnut Seeds Delivery May Opening 57/8, Highest 57/11, Closing 57/10/6.

LONDON SILVER.

London, April 19.

Silver:—Market closed quiet.

Spot	26-7/16
Forward	26-3/8

LONDON GOLD.

London, April 19.

Bar Gold, Fine per oz. .. £4|4|11-1|4

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.

London, April 19.

Interest Day to Day Loans 3-3/8 p.c.
Interest 7 Days' market Loans 3-1/2 p.c.
Bank Bills 3 months 4-1/32 p.c.
Bank Bills 6 months 4-1/8 p.c.
Fine Trade Bills 3 months 4-3/4 p.c.
Fine Trade Bills 6 months 5-1/4 p.c.

TRADE ND FINANCE

FURTHER INCREMENT OF RS. 219 LACS IN TRADE DEMAND

WEEKLY MARKET REVIEWS.

Bombay, April 20.

(From Our Special Correspondent.)

MONEY.

There has been no cessation of the improved steadiness in money and the call rate still stands at 5-3|4 per cent. to 6 per cent. A very satisfactory number of borrowers has appeared at this figure. The principal reason for this, as has been the case for several weeks, is the continued increase in cotton stocks and the financing of the Broach crop. A further increment of about Rs. 219 lacs in the trade demand is noted in the Imperial Bank statement. The same statement shows a cash balance of Rs. 8.77 crores and the percentage of cash to liabilities at 9.84. This is low, but no doubt the Managing Governors expected holiday and end of the month disbursements to return. A higher bank rate would be justified at the published figures and a further loan from Government might have demanded an 8 per cent. rate. The bank management is to be commended on not taking this course, and thereby accentuating depression in trade. The following are the fixed deposit rates:—One month 5-1|2 per cent.; two months 5-1|4 per cent.; three months 5 per cent.; six months 4 per cent. anh twelve months 4 to 4-1|2 per cent.

The statement of the Imperial Bank of India as of 13th April 1928 shows a further decrease of Rs. 61.71 lacs in the cash balance which now amounts to Rs. 8,77,73,000 as compared with Rs. 12 crores at this time last year. The percentage of cash to liabilities is 9.84, a decrease of 1.06 per cent. under last week. The figure for Government securities has increased by Rs. 94.03 lacs to Rs. 21.48 crores as compared with 19.65 crores this time last year. Loans and cash credits are up by Rs. 228.37 lacs and Rs. 33.97 lacs, while Inland bills discounted have declined slightly by Rs. 2.48 lacs. Government deposits have risen by Rs. 264.13 lacs to Rs. 6.35 crores, probably due to collections of revenue by Government, and other deposits by Rs. 28.16 lacs to Rs. 72.73 crores. The bank rate stands at 7 per cent.

A fair demand from investors has induced steady conditions in the gilt-edged market and prices are generally bettered. 3-1|2 per cent Paper improved from Rs. 75-5 to Rs. 75-8-6 and 1945-55 Loan to Rs. 106-9. 5 per cent. 1935 and 1933 Loans were steady at Rs. 101-4 and Rs. 102-8. 5-1|2 per cent. 1928 Bonds were unchanged at Rs. 105-5. 6 per cent. 1930 and 1931 Bonds changed hands at Rs. 102-15 and Rs. 104-3 and 1932 at Rs. 105-12. 6-1|2 per cent. Bombay Development Loan slightly bettered to Rs. 111-10. 4 per sent. 1960-70 Loan kept steady at Rs. 87-11 and 1934-37 at Rs. 93-13.

The currency return as of 15th April hows a decline of Rs. 55.65 lacs in note irculation which now stands at Rs. 85.54 crores. Silver coins show a fall of a like amount, Rs. 55.59 lacs, to Rs. 97.39 crores, while silver bullion and gold coin and bullion remain unchanged at Rs. 7.65 crores and 29.76 crores respectively. The metallic reserve ratio to circulation is 72.65 as against 72.74 a week ago.

In view of the interest attached to the recommendations of the last Currenly Commission particularly with regard to the amalgamation of the Gold Standard and the Paper Currency Reserves, the statement of the combined account as of the 7th April is given below:

LIABILITIES.

	(in crores) Rs.
Notes in circulation	186.09
Rupee redemption	40.00
	226.09

ASSETS.

Silver coin and bullion	92.27
Rupee securities	37.96
Internal bills of exchange	9.00
Gold securities	54.23
Gold coin and bullion held in India	29.76
Gold coin and bullion held in England	2.87
	226.09

Percentage of gold and gold securities 38.

The Gold Standard Reserve of £40 million has been revalued at 1s. 6d. per rupee and the excess of Rs. 13-1|3 crores in the total assets is assumed to have been withdrawn in the form of silver coin and bullion and kept by the Government of India as recommended by the Hilton Young Commission.

EXCHANGE.

There has been further steadiness in exchange this week, the most marked feature being the dearth of buyers at 1s. 6d. for near delivery. The ruling quotations have been 1s. 5-31|32d. for sellers and 1s. 6-1|32d. for buyers. Exporters are still selling fair amounts and this condition obtains in other markets, particularly Calcutta and Rangoon. However, the enquiry for remittances shows no particular improvement. The appreciation of forward rates has been another feature of note. The following are the forward rates:—Up to 15th May 1s. 5-31|32d. 15th May to 15th June 1s. 5-15|16d.; 15th June to September 1s. 5-29|32d.; October 1s. 5-15|16d.; November 1s. 5-31|32d. and December 1s. 6d.

The dollar sterling quotation remained unchanged at dol. 4.88-3|8 but eased at the close to dol. 4.88-9|32. French francs, and the Belga kept steady at 124.02 and 34.96, while the Italian lira depreciated from 92.40 to Rs. 92.60.

GOLD.

Although there has been a moderate volume of trading, there has been no outstanding trend and the price of ready is unchanged at Rs. 21-6-9 per tola. The offtake is also unmoved at some 20,000 tolas. There fere heavy arrivale during the week, but these were offset to some degree by shipments railed up country with the result that stocks on hand are estimated at about 3-1|2 lacs tolas. The quotation of gold in London declined from 84s. 11-1|2d. to 84.10-1|2d., closing at 84. 11-1|4d. The price of sovereigns improved to Rs. 13-7-9 both for ready and forward. In our market the highest and lowest rates during the week were Rs. 21-6-9 and Rs. 21-6-6 for ready and 5th May settlement and Rs. 21-7-0 and Rs. 21-6-9 for 4th June settlement. The incoming mail is expected to bring £30,000 gold. Inclusive of these arrivals and exclusive of the present week's shipment the total visible supply from London to India is about £65,000. The total imports amounted to Rs. 102,31,355 in bar and coin. This week's shipment from London is expected to be £41,000.

SILVER.

Silver was quiet at the outset, but fresh disturbances in China influenced the Shanghai market, which in turn bullishly affected prices here as well as in London. China banks have renewed their interest to a certain extent this week. There has been no lessening of sales for American account and these operations are largely supplying the demand in our market. Ready opened at Rs. 59-11 and consistently rose to Rs. 60-2, but eased at the end to Rs. 59-14. The daily average offtake amounts to 240 bars and stocks on hand are down to 1,800 bars due to the fact that the augmented offtake has counteracted arrivals. However, substantial ones, principally from America, are due between now and May settlement. The rate for T. T. on London in Shanghai improved from 2s. 7-1|16d. to 2s. 7-1|4d. closing at 2s. 7-1|8d. The highest and lowest rates in London were 26-7|16 and 26-1|4d. for ready and 26-3|8d. and 26-1|4d. for forward. In our market the highest and lowest rates were Rs. 60-2 and Rs. 59-11 for ready, Rs. 60-2 and Rs. 59-12 for 10th May settlement and Rs. 60-2 and Rs. 59-11 for 8th June settlement. The incoming mail is expected to bring £30,000 silver. Inclusive of these arrivals and exclusive of the present week's shipment the total visible supply from London to India is about £40,000. The total imports during the week amounted to 966 bars and Rs. 180,061 in coin. This week's shipment from London is expected to be £185,000.

SHARES.

This has been an active session for all shares. In cotton mill section the outbreak of strikes exerted little influence and there have been no material price changes either way as will be noted from the quotations of some of the leaders.

The incidence of the cotton mill strike began on the 16th April and reached its worst stage the following day with a tota of 20 mills and 40,000 operatives involved. It is unfortunate that the mill worker should have adopted this attitude at a critical juncture in the industry. In the interest of both sides it is sincerely hoped that a greater spirit of co-operation will prevail. That this is of paramount importance in the present state cannot be denied.

While transactions in the miscellaneous section have reached a fair volume, there have been no important price movements. Bear elements again utilised strike rumours in engineering price declines in Tata steels, the Ordys. declining from 87|4 to Rs. 85 and Defds. from Rs. 312|8 to Rs. 306|4, but closing at Rs. 85|4 and Rs. 307|8 respectively. Alcocks improved to Rs. 422|8 from the last closing quotation of Rs. 413|12. Bombay Burma Trading shares kept steady at Rs. 835 and Bombay Trams were unchanged at Rs. 153|2. Cement shares were better, bundis being quoted at Rs. 23|4, Katni Ordys at Rs. 241|4 and Defds. at Rs. 855. Among railway shares Ahmd. Prantij improved from Rs. 895 to Rs. 900. Other shares remained unchanged.

Imperial Bank shares declined from Rs. 1,477|8 to Rs. 1,470 and Contributories from Rs. 367|8 to Rs. 362|8. Bank of India shares were almost unchanged at Rs. 90 while Central Banks advanced from Rs. 25|2 to Rs. 26|2.

YARN MARKET REPORT

The principle event during the week has been the Mill Strike in Bombay, and although this strike has not produced any important effect on the yarn market the undertone in Indian yarns has been steadier than before and enquiries have increased. The continued firmness in cotton has helped the matters further and in case of all yarns, English, Japanese and Indian the tendency is no doubt better than during the last few days. The turnover has been showing gradual improvement and it seems the prices also will show a great improvement in course of time if cotton continues to keep steady. The consuming districts report better enquiries in all kinds of yarns but the rates offered are yet low. The signs, however, are not wanting that the prices will show steady improvement.

English Yarns:—There is no change in the situation. Manchester has been quoting at higher rates and they do not suit our dealers at all owing to keen Japanese competition.

Japanese Yarns:—Exchange has declined to some extent and this has enabled the Import Houses to offer near and forward deliveries in Japanese and Shanghai yarns at some what lower rates with the result that prices have been prevented from going up any further. Arrivals are not large but confidence has been shaken and turnover has been comparatively smaller in this kind of yarn.

Artificial Silk Yarns:—The tendency is quiet but steady and there is no special change in prices. The turnover is moderate.

Indian Yarns:—The sentiment is no doubt slightly bullish and confidence amongst dealers is being restored. Consuming districts have been enquiring at the old rates but the Mills are keeping a firm attitude particularly on account of the strike and are not inclined to offer at lower rates. The turnover has increased more especially in fine counts but even in coarse counts prices have been keeping firm and there are better signs of improvement.

On the whole the future course of the market seems to be more hopeful than before and we continue to look for improvement in demand gradually and gradually.

SUGAR MARKET.

Bombay, April 20.

The demand for ready sugars was very good and with shorts covering for March shipment and with small arrivals per s.s. "Queda" prices both for ready and near at hand sugars have been advanced by 2 annas per cwt. all round. During the last week end market had declined to Rs. 14-14-0 for ready sugars and later on improved to Rs. 15-3-0 ex Godowns. New crop Javas are not in enquiry and excepting a sale of 800 tons of White Javas June shipment at Rs. 9-10-0 F. B. Harbour Terms and 600 tons July Deer at Rs. 9-8-3 F. B. Harbour terms we have no fresh business to report at present, the pressure is only by one Native Importer to sell Newcorps. Old crop is offered at Rs. 10-2-0 F. B. H. by Europeans with very little business doing. Karachi and Calcutta reported a steady market with good demand for ready sugars and small business doing in Newcrops.

Java reported a quiet market both for old and new crops with fair business passing prices declined by half guilder in old and quarter guilder in Newcrops. American Terminals reported highest on the 12th instant quoting 2.81, 2.91 and 2.98 for July-Septembr and December and reported lowest on the 17th instant quoting 2.74, 2.85 and 2.91 for same positions. London Terminals reported highest on the 13th instant quoting 15s. 11-1|4d., 16s. 3-4d. and 16d.for May-August and October and reported lowest on the 17th inst. quoting 15s. 8-1|4d., 15s. 10-1|2d. and 15s. 9-3|4d. for same positions.

The following are the Bazar rates and stocks:—

T. M. O. Rs. 15-3-0 eq. 15s. 2d. F. B. Harbour stocks 15,000 Bags.

T. M. S. March Rs. 10-0-0 sq. 15s. 2d. F. B. Harbour.

T. M. O. April Rs. 10-2-0 eq. 15s. 2d. F. B. Harbour.

T M. O. June Rs. 9-10-0 eq. 14s. 6d. F. B. Harbour.

T. M. O. July-Sept. Rs. 9-8-0 eq. 14s. 4d. F. B. Harbour.

T. M. O. Oct.-Dec. Rs. 9-9-6 eq. 14s. 6d. F. B. Harbour.

Arrivals:—

S.S. "Queda" with 34,102 Bags Java Sugars.

WEEKLY GUNNY MARKET REPORT

(MESSRS. J. THOMAS AND CO.).

CALCUTTA, April 18.

Heavy Goods:—Though not so active as Hessians this market has been very firm and a large general trade has been done by the mills for all positions up to September 1929, both shippers and the Bazaar participating. There has been a gradual appreciation of values but towards the close there is less doing and an easier tone prevails.

For the Up-Country Markets and Bombay:—B. Twills for April and April/June at Rs. 47-12-0 to Rs. 48-0-0, for May/June at Rs. 48-0-0, for October/March at Rs. 47-0-0, for October/June Rs. 47-8-0, for January/March at Rs. 47-4-0, for January/June at Rs. 47-0-0 to Rs. 47-8-0, for April/June at Rs. 47-0-0 to Rs. 47-4-0 Liverpool Twills for Ready at Rs. 54-4-0 to Rs. 54-6-0, for April at Rs. 54-0-0, for May, May/June and June at Rs. 54-0-0 to Rs. 54-8-0, for October/December at Rs. 53-8-0, for October/March at 53-8-0, for January/March at Rs. 52-12-0 to 53-0-0, for January/June at Rs. 52-8-0 to Rs. 53-0-0.

Hessians:—Since the Easter Holidays the market has been strong and advancing for both near and forward. The price of ready 40 inches 8 ozs. has advanced over a rupee, due to operations in the Bhitar Bazaar, while some large speculative purchases have been effected for all deliveries up to September 1929. There has been some enquiry from overseas and shippers have been interested in both 9 and 11 porters for near and for positions up to the end of the current year. All deliveries are quoted higher and Mills have sold freely at advancing rates. At the close there is an easier feeling, and rates are quoted lower from second hands.

40 inches—8 ozs. for Ready at Rs. 17-13-0 to Rs. 17-14-0 to Rs. 17-13-0 to Rs. 19-6-0 to Rs. 18-15-0.

40 inches—7 1/2 ozs. for Ready at Rs. 17-8-0 to Rs. 18-12-0 to Rs. 18-8-0.

WEEKLY COTTON REVIEW

We have received the following weekly cotton review from Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee, dated 21st instant:—

The American market has been firm but irregular this week and shows a further nett gain of 24 points since we wrote our last Review. Early in the week the market advanced on trade calling and covering by shorts influenced by unfavourable weather outweighing the U. S. Mills consumption figures for March which turned out to be smaller than generally expected. Later, the market somewhat reacted on liquidation in consequence of favourable weather and a report stating that the Boll-weevil emergence upto 1st April was smaller than last year but it again advanced on the weather becoming unpromising. There was some realising at the advance. The highest price for the May position touched during the week was 20.19 on the 17th instant and the lowest 19.65 on the 13th instant, the range for the week being 54 points.

As regards the weather the reports indicate that the Eastern Belt is receiving too much rains, low temperatures interfere with germination, and considerable replanting is necessary. The official weekly weather report also states that the weather during the week had been decidedly unfavourable mainly owing to subnormal temperatures.

U. S. Mills consumption during March has been 581,000 bales against 574,000 bales in February and 694,000 bales in March 1927. This makes the total Mills consumption for the season to the end of March 4,780,000 bales against 4,719,000 bales for the same period last year.

Our local market remained as apathetic as in the last week and closes Re. 1 lower. The sentiment which had already been poor owing to our statistical position became worse on the news of the Mills strike here depressing the market notwithstanding the firm undertone in America. Later, the market somewhat improved on short-covering and further better advices from America. The highest rate for Broach J.-Aug. touched during the week was Rs. 379 1-2 on the 14th instant and the lowest Rs. 370 1-2 on 18th instant the range for the week being Rs. 9.

Arrivals of Cotton into Bombay from 1st September 1927 to 19th April 1928 are 2,503,590 bales against 2,319,954 bales last year and Exports total 1,256,484 bales agaist 1,106,168 bales last year while the local Mills consumption during the same period is estimated at 496,114 bales. The stock of Cotton in Bombay on the 19th instant is estimated at 1,102,397 bales against 650,850 bales same time last year.

The American market has recently been pushed up and down by different reports of weather and the conflicting reports about Boll-weevil but has this week crossed 20 cents. Although the market continues firm and looks as though it is steading moving upwards yet it is apprehended in some quarters that favourable weather will soon prevail and the outlook become more reassuring. It is also believed that as the market has commenced to rise from nearly 17 cents right upto 20 cents without any appreciable decline between, a fair reaction at least is now due. With regard to our local market the Mill strike has aggravated the pessimistic position with regard to large stocks here and our price has become cheaper comparatively. The best course to follow in these circumstances appears to be to buy in easy moments and to sell on advances, but if there are any signs of weakness in America we would not let the opportunity pass without taking advantage of the same by effecting sales in our local market.

STERLING SHARE QUOTATIONS.

BOMBAY, April 20.

Messrs. Forbes and Lund have received the following quotations by special cablegram from London to-day:—

Name of Company.	Latest prices. £
Andhra Valley (7 1-2 per cent. 1933 Notes)	101 0 0
Assam Bengal Railway Ordy Stock	92 0 0
Australian 5 per cent. Loan (1935-45)	100 0 0
Burma Corporation Ltd.	0 13 0
Calcutta Tramways (Ordy.)	1 1 0
Chartered Bank of India A. and China	21 2 0
Eastern Bank Ltd.	7 5 0
French 5 per cent. Rentes	17 15 0
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	131 0 0
India 3 1-2 per cent. Sterling Stock	70 15 0
India 4 1-2 per cent. Sterling Loan (1950-55)	92 10 0
India 3 per cent. Sterling Stock	60 15 0
National Bank of India Ltd	53 0 0
Nitrate Railway (Ordy).	8 9 0
P. and O. Banking Corporation Ltd.	9 10 0
Shahdara Saharanpur L. Rly. 4 1-2 per cent. Debs.	82 0 0
Southern Punjab Railway (Ord. Stock)	204 0 0
Southern Punjab Railway (4 per cent. Pref. Stock)	91 10 0
Tata Power (7 1-2 per cent. 'B' Debs. 1934-48)	102 0 0
War Loan 5 per cent. (1929-47)	103 0 0

Remarks:—Market firm.

(*) India 4 1-2 per cent. Sterling Loan XD 8 5 0

WEEKLY COAL REPORT.

Bombay, April 20.

Since our last report, business has been done on a good scale. One cargo of Northern Navigation Natal Coal has been fixed for 15th April/10th May shipment at 23/3 sh. per ton c.i.f. Bombay. Two holds from the above cargo has changed hands at the same rate. Two holds of another may cargo of Northern Navigation Coal are also sold in the market. Otherwise the market is steady.

Steamers discharging Coal in the stream.

10-4-28 S. S. Larpool Burnside Natal Coal Choonilal Harilal & Co.

12-4-28 S. S. Bellglade Northern Navigation Choonilal Girdharlal Co.

19-4-28 S. S. Balgown Desh./Seeb/Poni./Bhagatadee and Victoria Baraboni Andrew Yule & Co. Choonilal Harilal Co.

Steamers expected to arrive with Coal cargo.

30-4-28 S. S. Gambada Lodna Steam Coal Choonilal Girdharlal Co.

5-5-28 S. S. Scheldart Lodna Steam Coal Choonilal Girdharlal Co.

8-5-28 S. S. Sudbury Durban Navigation Choonilal Harilal & Co.

S. S. Benguela Witbank Coal Turner Morrison & Co.

12-5-28 S. S. Largclow Northern Navigation Choonilal Girdharlal & Co.

S. S. A. steamer Burnside Coal Choonilal Harilal & Co.

27-5-28 S. S. A. steamer Northern Navigation Eastern Bunkerers, Ltd.

QUOTATIONS.

Quality.	C. I. F. Darukhana.	Ex-Scales
Northern Navigation May shipt.	24/6 sh.	
Durban Navigation April shipt.	25/6 sh.	
Euruside Apr./May shipt.	25/ sh.	
Natal Coal		Rs. 19
z	Rs.	Rs.
Deshargarh	16/8	17/12
Seebpore/Poniati	16/4	17/8
Bhagatadee	15/4	

KARACHI SHARE MARKET

Karachi, April 17.

We have received the following weekly report from Messrs. Gulab and Co., share Brokers, Karachi:—

We have to report a fair amount of business on the opening after the Holidays.

In Railway Shares Larkhanas have changed hands at Rs. 90/ and the Scrip is still wanting. Upper Sinds are nominally quoting at Rs. 89/ per share while Sind Lights have found buyers at Rs. 138/.

There have been many fluctuations in Electrics, and we may quote Karachi Electrics at Rs. 125/ per share nominal while Hyderabad Electrics have changed hands at Rs. 123/ and are fully valued at that price.

There is not much business to report in Karachi Port Trust Debentures.

The Flour Mill Shares have been wanting.

Name of the Company	Paid up value	Present value
Sind Lights	100 0 0	138 0 0
Sind Lighterage	150 0 0	135 0 0
Larkhana Jacobabad	100 0 0	90 0 0
Upper Sind's	100 0 0	89 0 0
ELECTRICS.		
Karachi Electrics	100 0 0	125 0 0
Hyderabad Electrics	100 0 0	120 0 0
DEBENTURES.		
6 p.c. Karachi Port Trust	100 0 0	110 12 0
FLOUR MILLS.		
Karachi Flour Mills	80 0 0	125 0 0
India Flour Mills	60 0 0	115 0 0
Century Flour Mills	100 0 0	100 0 0

MILL STORES

Bombay, 20.

Quotations are:—	Rs. a. p.
Heddls—15/40 S-32 to 56s.	1 1 0
Heddls—15/40 28s.	2 8 0
Reeds steel—32 to 56s.	0 2 2
Reeds steel—28s	0 3 0
Eastic Heddls	17 0 0
Wire Heddls	3 0 0
Cloth Roller—16 oz. Kenien	7 8 6
Cloth Rollers—18 oz. Kenion	8 8 0
Flannel Sizing-Plain-66 ,,	3 6 0
Flannel Sizing-Twill-66 ,,	3 8 0
Flannel Sizing-Plain-72 ,,	3 10 0
Flannel Sizing-Twill-72 ,,	3 12 0
Flannel Endless	3 6 0
Bandings—card-rim—scroll	0 12 0
Bandings—Tubular No 3s.	1 6 0
Bandings Spindle 3 ply.	1 0 0
Rope Lambeth—1-1/2 & 1-3/4	1 6 0
Rope Kenion—1-1/2 & 1-3/4	1 7 0
Pickers—No. 4	60 0 0
Picking Nands hairy	2 7 0
Picking Sticks	5 6 0
Bobbins—Slubbings—Jap.	30 0 0
Bobbins—Rovings	20 0 0
Bobbins—Conical-5"	7 0 0
Bobbins—Ring-5"	7 0 0
Bobbins—Ring-6" Jap.	8 0 0
Bobbins—Weft-5 3/8 Jap.	5 6 0
Bobbins—Weft-6" Jap.	6 0 0
Bobbins—Slub. Skwers	11 0 0
Bobbins—Rovings Skwers	9 0 0
Fillets—Emery	0 2 9
Fillets—Cylinder-Doffer	0 10 9

MILL STORES.

(MESSRS. MAGANBHAI AMIN & CO., BOMBAY).

Bombay, April 20.

	Rs. a. p.
China clay, best quality	78 0 0
China clay, bazar quality	68 0 0
Farina supra (Dutch)	12 8 0
Epsom Salt	3 8 0
Sago Flour 1st quality	9 8 0
Sago Flour, market quality	9 4 0
Maize Starch, Continental	10 12 0
Dextrine (Potato) White	17 0 0
Zinc Chloride German	15 12 0
Magnesium Chloride German	4 2 0
Australian Mutton Tallow, white	32 4 0
Vegetable Tallow, Good quality	30 0 0
Vegetable Tallow, Market quality	24 0 0
Turkey, Red Oil concentrated	45 0 0
Turkey, Red Oil 50 per cent Guaranteed	22 0 0
Turkey, Red, Oil, 50 per cent. Market quality	16 8 0
Bleaching Powder, United Alkali Large Pkg.	9 2 0
Bleaching Power United Alkali Large Pkg.	8 2 0
Bleaching Powder, Electric (German) Small	9 0 0
Bleaching Powder, Electro (German) Large	8 0 0
Sodium Sulphide, English Small Pkg.	8 12 0
Sodium Sulphide, English Large Pkg.	8 4 0
Sodium Sulphide, German Small	8 10 0
Sodium Sulphide, German Large Pkg.	8 6 0
Sodium Sulphide Japanese Small	8 2 0
Bichromate of Potash Small Pkg.	31 8 0
Soda Ash	7 2 0
Bichromite of Soda Small pkg	25 0 0
Brown Sugar of Lead pkg.	34 0 0
Litharge Flake Small Pkg. (French)	26 0 0
	Per lb.
Aniline Salt Electro	0 6 3
Antimony Salt	0 5 10
Hydro Sulphide B.A.S.F.	0 10 0
Hydro Sulphide, English	0 9 0
Acetic Acid	0 6 9
Formal-de-hyde	0 6 3

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.

Bombay, April 20.

	Cwts.
Wheat	4 867
Linseed	17,840
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	2,355
Gingellyseeds	1,898
Poppyseed	346
Groundnuts	11,948
Castorseed	14,424
Rice	2,898
Myrabollams	1,699
Cottonseed	25,667
Gram	2,394
Jowar	7,159
Barley	279
Bajree	721
Coal	402 Tons

HOMOEOPATHY Versus PNEUMONIA.

An Expert Physician now in Bombay.

I seriously suffered from double Pneumonia and my case became almost hopeless as two of the leading Doctors of Bombay treated me most skilfully but unfortunately my case instead of improving in their hands went from bad to worse.

Then I, hoping against hope, consulted Dr. **D. D. S. Tandon**, Homoeopath, who **cured me completely within a week or so.** All friends of mine were greatly surprised at this miraculous cure of mine from the very jaws of death. I am indeed very much indebted to **Dr. Tandon** for saving my life from such a precarious condition and pray God for his long life and prosperity. (Sd.) RATANSI D. MOMAIYA, C|o. Japan Cotton Trading Company, Limited, Bombay. At present Indore.

Dr. D. D. S. TANDON,

SCIENTIFIC HOMOEOPATH,
Next to Italian Restaurant, Chowpaty, BOMBAY.

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ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

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„ Subscribed	„	3,56,05,275
„ Paid-up	„	71,21,055
TOTAL FUNDS	„	1,15,36,676

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General Manager, R. J. DUFF.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

ENGAGEMENTS.

TO-DAY.

Consumptives Homes Society Annual General Meeting, Seva Satan Building, 6-30 p.m.

The s.s. "Rawalpindi" with the English mails sails at 1 p.m.

Annual meeting of the Bombay Journalists Association, Alice Building, Hornby Road, 6-30 p.m.

SUNDAY, April 22.

Meeting of St. Mary's Old Boy's Association, at St. Mary's Scouts' Parade and Camp Fire, 6-30 p.m., annual general meeting, and Social Gathering of Old Boys.

MONDAY, April 23.

Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.

Results of Intermediate Examination, in Commerce, B. Com. Examination and Intermediate M.B., B.S. Examination, University Hall, 2 p.m.

Masonic Church Service, St. Thomas' Cathedral, 6-30 p.m.

TO-DAY'S RADIO PROGRAMME.

11-0 a.m.—Recital of European Gramophone Records.

11-30 a.m.—Recital of Indian Gramophone Records.

12-0 Noon.—Close Down.

JOURNALISTS' ASSOCIATION OF INDIA.

The annual general meeting of this Association will be held to-day (Saturday), at 6-30 p.m. (S. T.) in the rooms of the Association. Members are requested to be present.

"ARYAN RELIGION."

Pandit Kalicharan Sharma of Agra will deliver a public lecture in Hindi on "Aryan Religion" to-day (Saturday), at 4 p.m. (S. T.), in the Kanara Saraswat Association Hall, Alexandra Road, Gamdevi.

BANDRA MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS PRIZE DISTRIBUTION.

The prize distribution ceremony of the Bandra Municipal Schools will be held to-morrow (Sunday), at 5-30 p.m. (S. T.), under the Presidentship of the Hon. Mr. V. J. Patel.

BAND AT THE VICTORIA GARDENS.

The Military Band of the 2nd Bn. the Royal Warwickshire Regt. under the direction of Mr. S. W. Henwood will play the following programme of music at the Victoria Gardens to-day (Saturday), commencing at 5-45 p.m. (S. T.):—

BOMBAY POSTAL UNION.

The annual general meeting of the Bombay Postal Union will be held in the Prarthana Samaj Mandir, Charni Road, Girgaon, to-day (Saturday) and to-morrow (Sunday). The proceedings of the meeting will commence at 9 p.m. (S. T.), on both the days. Mr. N. M. Joshi, M.L.A., will preside.

CELEBRATION OF SPRING FESTIVAL.

Under the auspices of the Mahila Mandal, Parel (the Women's Branch of the Social Service League, Bombay), the "Vasantotsav" (Spring Festival) will be celebrated to-day (Saturday), at the Damodar Thackersey Hall, Parel, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.). Ladies are requested to attend the function.

RELIGIOUS DISCOURSES.

Swami Viswananda of Sri Ramakrishna Mission, Khar, will conduct a public class in English on "Bhagavad Gita" at Shyamji Ladha building, Matunga (G. I. P.) to-day (Saturday), at 6-30 p.m. (S. T.).

The Swami will conduct a class in English on Bhagawat at the Ashram, Khar, to-morrow, (Sunday), at 9 a.m. (S. T.).

"PROGRAMME."

1 Concert Overture, "Crown Diamonds", Auber; 2 Musical Comedy Selection, "The Passing Show", Fincke; 3 Suite of Serenades, Ring; 4 Operatic Selection, "Reinyh", Wagner; 5 Musical Comedy Selection, "The Desert Song", Romberg; 6 Three Irish Dances, Ansell; 7 Cornet Solo, "Berceuse de Jacelyh", Goddard; 8 Grand Military Tattoo, "Regt. Marches", Rogan. "God save the King-Emperor."

CLERKS' UNION, BOMBAY.

A meeting of the members of the Clerks' Union will be held to-day (Saturday), at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), at the Social Service League Hall, Servants of India Society's Building, Sandhurst Road, Girgaon, to consider the general condition of the Union, appoint a day for a general meeting, and fresh election and any other business that may be brought forward. Members are cordially solicited to attend.

THE SOUTH INDIAN UNION, BOMBAY.

Prof. Asana of the Gujerat College, Ahmedabad, will give a discourse on "Value of Science in solving the Problem of Misery," in the Union premises, Kanji Bhuvan, Government Gate Road, Parel, to-morrow (Sunday), at 8-30 a.m. The lecture is open to the public.

POSTAL NOTICES.

Mails from Australia via Dhanushkodi for Bombay are due here on Sunday, the 22nd instant.

Mails for the Straits (including Siam, Borneo F. M. S. Johore Malacca, Netherlands Indies, Phillipine Islands, Penang, Selamgore and Singapore) and China via Negapatam will be closed at General Post Office at 6-30 p.m. on Wednesday, the 25th instant, per s.s. "Ekma."

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The homeward P. & O. Mail Steamer "Ranchi" with the Mails from Bombay of the 7th instant arrived at Marseilles at 6-30 a.m. on the 20th instant. Passengers travelling by the P. & O. Special Train were due to arrive in London on Saturday afternoon. The Mails left by the Mail Special and would be delivered in London on Sunday morning.

The B. I. s.s. "Mahela" which left Bombay on the 5th instant, arrived Port Said on the afternoon of the 18th instant and left there the same evening.

NECESSITY OF USING KHADDAR.

There will be a debate on "Necessity of using Khaddar" in the Saraswat Brahmin Samaj Hall, Girgaon on Sunday (the 22nd instant) at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) when Mr. Y. R. Gaitonde, B.A., B.Sc., etc. will preside.

NARIMAN PURSE FUND COMMITTEE.

A meeting of the members of the "Nariman Purse Fund Committee" will be held on Saturday (the 21st instant) at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Servants' of India Society's Home, to appoint Office-bearers, when all concerned are requested to attend punctually without fail.

THE "CRISIS."

The "Crisis", the contemplated English magazine instead of coming out in June will be published from October next, under the distinguished editorship of Mr. Bipin Chandra Pal, and his son Jnanjan Pal, M.A.

"F" WARD D. C. C.

A meeting of the Managing Committee of the "F" Ward District Congress Committee will be held to-morrow (Sunday) at 9 a.m. (S. T.) at the Committee's Offices, Rahim Building, Parel.

8-0 p.m.—INDIAN PROGRAMME.
Galpo, Dada.
Story for Children.
Haridas Goswamy.
Vocal Music Bengalee.
Meghendra Nath Roy.
Recitation in Bengalee.
Master Anitendra Naryan Acharya Chaudhury.
Vocal Music Bengalee.
Master Kanai L. Goswamy.
Vocal Music Bengalee.
Harendra Nath Chatterjee.
Vocal Music Bengalee.
Kamal Ch. Bhose.
Vocal Music Bengalee.
Gopal Ch. Giri.
Instrumental Music, Sitar.
9-30 p.m.—Time Signal; Weather Forecast and General News Bulletin.
9-45 p.m.—MUSICAL COMEDY EVENING.
Contributed By
The Calcutta Operatic Society.
Under the Direction of Mr. J. B. Knight.
10-30 p.m.—God Save the King-Emperor.
Close Down.

BOMBAY RENT ACT

3 YEARS' EXTENTION OF TERM

BILL TO BE INTRODUCED IN COUNCIL

Leave has been granted to introduce in the next session of the Bombay Legislative Council a Bill further to amend the Bombay Rent (War Restrictions) Act, 1918, and the Bombay Rent (War Restrictions No. 2), 1918.

The statement of objects and reasons is as under:—

The life of the present Rent Act which was extended in 1925 for three years will expire at the end of 1928 and in order that the labourers and the artisans and other workers with limited earning may not be deprived of the protection afforded by the Rent Act, until the housing conditions which brought into existence the Rent Act, are improved, this bill seeks to extend the life of the Rent Act for a further period of three years ending December 1931. In order, however, to minimize the opposition of the landlords the bill seeks to reduce the control over the premises with a rental of Rs. 85 to Rs. 50 in 1916, in Bombay, and from Rs. 50 to Rs. 25 in other places in the Presidency where the Act is in force.

LAW OF SUPPLY AND DEMAND.

Although houses of higher rental value are available and there is a certain amount of adjustment already taking place by the law of supply and demand, a careful enquiry has revealed the fact that the rents of small houses built of recent years are all between 15 and 25 and above for almost half the accommodation of houses under control. The condition of labouring classes paying rents of Rs. 5 to Rs. 10 is all the more distressing and one cannot easily visualize the state of affairs that may arise should the protection of the Rent Act be withdrawn at a time of acute trade depression and consequent pecuniary distress through which we are passing. More-over the current value of landed property is about at par with that of 1916 and further back and with 50 per cent. increase in rents, granted under the Act there should hardly be any just complaint on the part of land-lords to the continuance of the minimum control of houses when they are getting quite a reasonable return on their investments. However, the continuance of the Act is not likely to be necessary after this further term of three years as the public bodies are getting alive to their responsibilities and the Karachi Municipality for instance have already made programme of building houses for their employees and are considering scheme for labouring classes of population.

FIRE AT SEWRI COTTON DEPOT

LARGE NUMBER OF BALES BURNT

As we go to press we learn that there was a disastrous outbreak of fire at the Sewri Cotton Depot in the early hours of Saturday morning. The outbreak originated at 1-22 a.m. and a large number of bales have been reported to have been burnt or damaged. Fire brigades from various stations including that of the far-oc place like Colaba had to hurry to the scene of the conflagration. Details are lacking.

HAWKING KHADI IN SUBURB

MOVE OF SHRI RASHTRIYA SHALA

The Takli Mandal (Spinning Association) of the above School has resolved to hawk Khadi in the various suburbs of Bombay during the coming May vacation. The students and teachers of the above School will begin their work from 25th instant. All the residents of the suburbs are earnestly requested to buy Khadi and thus help the starving millions of India.

The exact time of the hawking of Khadi in the different suburbs will be announced in due course.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET

CALCUTTA, April, 20.

In the share market to-day jutes ruled fairly steady but with trading being confined for the best part to ten rupee denominations, there was little support in evidence for heavier stocks. Fort William, however, being the exception. In coals sellers continue to predominate and there is little or no response from buyers. Teas remained dull in the absence of any enquiry. In miscellaneous Indian Iron and Steel kept steady, with no fresh features to record. Government securities were steady. Following were the closing quotations:—

Government Securities.—Three and half per cent Government paper 75/8, four per cent loan 1960/70 87/10, five per cent loan 1915/55 106/8, six per cent bonds 1930 102/11, do 1931 103/14, do 1932 105/10.

Banks:—Central Bank 26.

Railways.—Bankura Damodar River 70, Mymensingh Bhairab Bazar guaranteed 99/2.

Cottons:—Dunbar ord. 181.

Jutes:—Anglo India ord. 541/8, Auckland ord. Barnagore ord. 312/8, Cheviot 330/8, Champdany 197, Clive 51/6, Dalhousie 625, Fort William ord. 502/3, Hooghly ord. 121, Howrah 67/4, Hukumchand ord. 25/12, Kamarhatty ord. 837, Kanknarrah 624, Lansdowne ord. 360, Northbrook 77, National 36/10, Presidency 12/10, Reliance 95, Standard ord. 985.

Coals.—Burra Dhemo 2/8, Equitable 16/4, Ghusick and Muslia 3/4, Minto 5, Nazira 9, New Beerbhoom 14, South Karrenpura 3, Standard 55.

Miscellaneous:—Burma Finance and Mining 7/4, Burn and Co ord. 109/8, Indian Iron and Steel 18/2, Marshall and Co. 3/4, Tata Iron and Steel ord. 87/8, B. I. Corporation ord. 4/2, deferred 3/10, Madan Theatres 4/10, Titaghur Paper 8 per cent pref. 100, Port Shipping 20/8, Cawnpore Sugar 19/12.

Teas:—Huldibari 37/12, Kalacherr 90, Rutema 15/4, Tengpani 19/12.

The exchange bank telegraphic transfer was one shilling five and thirtyone thirtyseconds pence and demand bills were one shilling six pence.—A. P.

WIDOW MARRIAGE HELPING SOCIETY.

Some of the members of the Prarthana Samaj have started this Society from the new year. Those gentlemen and widows who wish to marry through this Society should correspond with the Secretary giving all particulars. All correspondence will be kept strictly confidential. Postal stamps should be sent for replies. Write to the Secretary, Widow Re-marriage Helping Society, Prarthana Samaj, Girgaon, Bombay, 4.

To clean the bath with a greasy deposit left by hard water nothing is better nor quicker than a cloth dipped in paraffin. All that is needed afterwards is a dry rub and the bath is beautifully clean and polished. The smell quickly disappears.

If a damask tablecloth gets splashed with gravy or fruit, a little French chalk rubbed in at once, left for a few minutes and then brushed off, will remove the mark.

LATEST COTTON QUOTATIONS

(Through Cotton Telegraphic Information Service, 375, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.)

JULY.

NEW YORK.

	April 20.
Previous Closing Rate	19.86
To-day's Opening Rate	19.90
Difference	plus .04
To-day's Closing	19.77
Difference	—.09

LIVERPOOL.

	April 20.
Previous Closing Rate	10.59
To-day's Opening Rate	10.59
Difference	unchanged.
To-day's Closing Rate	10.55
Difference	—.04
Broach Expectation	373

"INDIAN NATIONAL HERALD"

FINANCIAL POSITION

HUGE LOSSES

The Directors' Report of the National Newspapers, India Co. Ltd., the proprietors of the "Indian National Herald" for the period ended 31st October 1927 shows a loss of Rs. 1,99,553. The paid up Capital is Rs. 1,50,805. Compared with this, the losses of 12 months and one week of actual working of the Company's Newspaper, the "Indian National Herald" show that not only has the whole paid up capital been wiped off within practically a year but the Company has created a liability of about Rs. 49,000. The only hope that is given to the shareholders is that extensive retrenchments have been effected during the last six months and further reductions are in contemplation.

The Balance Sheet as on 31st October 1927 discloses the following facts:—

Paid up capital Rs. 1,50,805; loans secured by machinery, stock and book debts Rs. 19,425; loans unsecured Rs. 16,715; Central Bank of India Overdraft Rs. 1,639. Liabilities include:—For goods supplied Rs. 45,684; expenses Rs. 39,650; Salaries and wages due Rs. 40,386.

Property and Assets show plant and machinery at cost Rs. 20,782; instalment paid on linotype machines purchased for Rs. 28,452 Rs. 19,155 furniture and fixtures Rs. 10,464; types and metal Rs. 8,936; "Advocate of India" goodwill Rs. 12,500.

Total losses: Rs. 1,99,553-0-8. Profit and Loss Account for the period from 15th September 1926 to 31st October 1927 shows expenditure Rs. 463,637 and income Rs. 2,64,134. Thus the result is a huge loss of Rs. 1,99,553-0-8.

INCREASING CRIMES IN THE CITY

POLICE MAKE ARRESTS ON SUSPICION

The increasing number of thefts and burglaries in the city have driven the Bombay police to make a large number of arrests. On Friday, a batch of 10 persons were placed before Mr. H. P. H. Dastur, Presidency Magistrate of the Third Court on a remand application by Sergeant B. Gooch. He said, that the arrested persons were found loitering in a suspicious manner in the early hours of Friday morning at Dhobi Talao which locality was afflicted by night and day thefts, burglaries, house breaking etc. If they were not directly connected with these offences, they at least had the knowledge of some of them. The police officer therefore wanted a remand for 10 days to complete investigations, which was granted.

The same officer obtained a remand for 10 days of Natha Ramchand and Zeni Ibrahim whom, he alleged, were loitering at Murzban Road the same morning.

8 OTHER PERSONS DISCHARGED.

The Magistrate discharged 8 persons who were similarly arrested previously because no evidence could be found against them.

A DOUBLE MURDER.

ACCUSED MAKES BOLD CONFESSION

In the early hours of Friday morning two murders were committed in Bombay by a husband who doubted the fidelity of his wife. On his arrest he admitted coolly and boldly that he had done to death his wife and her lover as she was not faithful to him. The scene of the outrage was the first floor of a house in Bhandari Street where Bala Bima lived with his wife Bhagoobai aged twenty years and his cousin Bhika. The domestic happiness of Bala was clouded as for the last two years the husband and wife had frequent troubles and quarrels. On Thursday night they all slept as usual, but in the early part of the morning he saw his wife coming from outside in the room. He asked his wife as to where she had gone, but she did not give him any satisfactory reply. This enraged Bala who caught hold of a hatchet which was lying in the corner of the room and with one heavy stroke decapitated his cousin Bhika whom he suspected to be in intimacy with his wife. Bhika died on the spot. Bala then inflicted five wounds on his wife with the same hatchet on different parts of her body. The neighbours hearing the screams and alarm of the unfortunate woman came to the spot, but Bala who had closed the room from inside refused to open it until the police arrived. The police arrested Bala and he confessed having murdered Bhika as he suspected his wife to be in intimacy with him. The woman was removed to the J. J. Hospital where her dying deposition was recorded by Mr. D. N. D. Khandalawalla. She died soon afterwards. The Coroner held an inquest on Friday morning and after recording identification evidence adjourned further hearing.

Under the Clock

(BY SIMPLEX.)

SATURDAY, APRIL 21, 1928.

Suspicion is perhaps wholesome but Uncle Ben's experience should make one sceptical about it.

Mr. H. P. Mody talked of Dr. Deshmukh and Uncle Ben, the alert guardian of proprieties, accused him of guiding the ruling of the President of the Corporation on a point of order. Result: a sharp rap on the knuckles.

* * * * *

"Mr. Horniman is allowing his imagination to run amok" railed Mr. Mody. A polite rendering of what Sir Vasant rao Dabholkar characterised the other day as "rubbish."

* * * * *

Uncle Ben has a genius for interference, most often inaptly. As Mr. Jinnah said recently of Mr. Coatman, he "will never improve."

* * * * *

Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer stigmatised Sir Leslie Scott's scheme of a Union Council as tending to produce "dyarchy of a magnified kind." The "Daily Mail" translates in headline as "dyarchy of a magnificent kind." So striking is the great English lawyer's capacity to generate amazement.

* * * * *

"Summer time begins at two in the morning on the 22nd instant" says a London message. We are persuaded to believe that we have been shivering all these days.

* * * * *

A sample of quaint propaganda by an official agency; to wit, the B. O. W. The budget proposals of the British Chancellor of Exchequer, it says, "are, of course, a closely guarded secret, but some indication has been disclosed in interviews with organisations interested in certain taxation in operation or under discussion." The details given reveal an instance of unintelligent anticipation.

* * * * *

"The Simon Commission will ever be a towering landmark in the history of the East" observes Mr. Lloyd George. The sentence is obviously mutilated. It should have been "towering landmark of bankrupt statesmanship and disgraceful abrogation of proclaimed principles."

* * * * *

From the same party again: "The movement for self-government began some years before the war." In logic "some" may mean "all"; the ex-Premier means "very many," that is, according to the persistent assertion of our public speakers, 150 years.

* * * * *

"India is not and never has been a nation." Ask Lord Birkenhead whom Ll. G. praises and he could, if he would, tell you all about Great Britain.

* * * * *

Of a former day our Secretary of State asseverated "Ulster will fight and Ulster will be right." When this country adopts the formula and says "India will fight and India will be right" he feels mighty sore.

* * * * *

Ll. G. on Birkenhead: "His courage amounts to audacity." Wrong. His audacity sometimes looks deceptively like courage.

* * *

"As to the members of the Commission itself, no more fair-minded body of men could have been chosen." Misconception about the colour. It is black.

* * *

"Lord Burnham is an able, broad-minded and moderate men. He is a Jew." That accounts for it. He generously does the other fellows down.

* * *

Of Lord Irwin: "He sees straight and acts straight." That's why he is at loggerheads with Birkenhead and the Simon crew.

* * *

"Whatever blessings education has been bringing to the people in the last forty years, it does not seem to have brought much increase of individual resources or any great multiplication of self-guiding, original, and deep-digging men and women." These are days of climbers and not diggers.

* * *

Hard luck, Sir William Arbuthnot Lane, the "Evening News" is up against you. For I read "Greatest cure for Anarchy: Greyhound Racing." No chance for your beer.

* * *

The "Evening News" speaks of "Parliamentary Exhibits." The show is over for the present. Simon and Co. have gone back.

* * *

"The day has fortunately gone when a girl seemed doomed to teaching or typing." She can bob, shingle and shock now.

* * *

"The business girl likes a day off for her birthday and generally takes it." She more often takes a year off.

SHRIMAD VALLABHACHARYA

JAYANTI CELEBRATION IN VILLE PARLE

Under the auspices of the "Shri Vile-Parle Sanskrit Pathashala, Shrimad Vallabhacharya Jayanti Mahotsawa was observed on Wednesday at Gorwal Bramhanwas when Shastri Maganlal Jagannath Shorewala delivered a public Pravachan on the life of the Acharaya and narrated the history relating the doing of the Acharya 400 years back. The Acharya was supposed to be the disciple of Lord Krishna.

VADNAGRA NAGAR MANDAL

EXHIBITION OF LADIES' HANDIWORK

Under the auspices of the Vadnagra Nagar Mandal, an exhibition of the handiwork, viz. embroidering, sewing, knitting, painting etc., of the Vadnagra Nagar ladies of Bombay will be held in the 3rd week of June 1928.

Intending competitors are requested to send their articles (stating their age) to the Secretary of the Mandal, c/o A/58 Pannalal Terraces, Grant Road, before the the 16th June 1928. Prizes will be awarded for really excellent exhibits.

THE "AGRAWAL"

The first issue of the "Agrawal" monthly Hindi magazine, will be published from Delhi on 4th May 1928. The main object of the paper is to guide and reform, adapt to the times in social and religious matters, and to set aside all communal differences in the right spirit.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST DOCKS STAFF UNION.

There will be an extraordinary general meeting of the members of the Union on Sunday (the 22nd instant) at 5 p.m., at the Marwari Vidyalaya Hal, Sandhurst Road. Mr. F. J. Ginwala will preside.

JANJIRA C. K. P. SAMAJIK SANGH.

Under the auspices of the Janjira C. K. P. Samajik Sangh, Bombay "Shri Shiv-Jayantyotsav" will be celebrated on Sunday (the 22nd instant) at 4 p.m. (S.T.) at 31A, Lamington Road (Tardeo) when Mr. P. K. Kotwal will preside.

"NEW CULTURE"

SIR C. P. RAMASWAMI'S LECTURE

A large number of audience, who occupied seats in advance in the Cowasji Jehangir Hall on Friday evening to hear the interesting lecture of Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer on "The New Culture" were sorely disappointed as they did not hear anything from the learned lecturer on the "present political situation" or the "work before us" but instead heard an extremely academic and abstract lecture on culture, architect, are literature, music and so forth and their future. Dr. G. V. Deshmukh who was expected to preside was unavoidably absent and Sir C. P. Ramaswami had to begin his lecture forthwith. He analysed some of the new movements now in operation in literature, painting and architect are, etc. Referring to Indian art, he said there were local and racial differences which were fundamental in character as compared with the western art. He illustrated by pointing out the difference between Indian and English music. The former was solemn while the latter was hilarious and humorous. Likewise in art there was fundamental difference between Gothic and Indian architecture. He then addressed the gathering on the ancient and modern literature and said 150 years ago English literature was correct in expression. Its place was taken by romanticism. People did not wish to speak correct things when tragic things were concerned. He compared the solemnity, gravity and the balance of the sentences of the leading articles of the London "Times" fifty years ago which had taken the place of glaring head lines, jokes and arresting advertisements in the present day news papers. He urged India to assimilate new culture and advised not to think and dream and artistically produce in the terms of the West. A vote of thanks to the learned lecturer terminated the proceedngs.

BOMBAY'S NEW PICTURE PALACE.

The opening ceremony of "The Apollo" (Surya-Cinema), Bombay's new picture palace situate at Parel-Dadar Road (next to Tata Mills) will be performed by Mr. K. F. Nariman, at 5-15 p.m. When the "Sultanesse of Love" will be screened. This new picture house will prove a boon to residents of places like the Dadar Colony, Parel, Byculla, etc. The next three shows will be given at 7, 9 and 10-30 p.m.

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The Bombay Chronicle.
SATURDAY, APRIL 21, 1928.

THE PRINCES' CONFERENCE

An important Conference of Indian Princes was held in Bombay on Thursday under the presidency of His Highness the Maharaja of Patiala, Chancellor, Indian Princes' Chamber. Its importance can be gauged from the fact that it was attended by about thirty-five Princes from all parts of India and about as many representatives of other Princes. The occasion which called the Princes together was the impending arrival of the Butler Committee in Bombay en route to England. The specific objects of the Conference were to discuss and submit to the Committee a draft scheme of Constitutional Reform affecting both the States and British India and to impress upon all the Indian States, large and small, the need for joint action in safeguarding their rights. The Maharaja of Patiala assured all those small States that the scheme under discussion would safeguard the interest of all States by ensuring to each State direct access to the Central Government of India and by bringing the affairs of all the Princes under the influence of members of their own Order. This assurance was supported by His Highness the Maharaja of Bikaner and His Highness the Jam Saheb of Nawanagar and it is gratifying to learn that, as a result of the Conference, a consensus of opinion among the Princes was secured about their collective demands to be submitted to the Butler Committee.

The "Times of India" in its issue of yesterday published, details of what purported to be a definite scheme prepared by the Ruling Princes, with the aid of Sir Leslie Scott, for submission to the Butler Committee. In the course of an interview to the "Evening News of India" Sir Leslie Scott, however, stated that the report was in many material respects misleading and must not be taken as representing accurately even the outlines of the scheme at present under discussion and he added that the scheme was not his own but was the work of the Standing Committee of the Chamber of Princes, himself and many others. The scheme as published by the "Times of India" provides for the creation of three new bodies, besides amplifying the powers and functions of the Princes' Chamber. The three new bodies are the Viceroy in Indian States' Council, the Governor-General in Indian States' Council, and the Union Court. The Viceroy in Indian States' Council will discuss the relations between the various Indian Princes and the Crown, including their respective treaty rights. The Governor-General in Indian States' Council will, it is suggested, be composed of representatives of the Princes' administrations as well as that of British India and will consider such problems as are common to both. The Union Court, to be composed of eminent jurists, will be a kind of Arbitration Board to settle any disputes between the two sections of the former body, between the States themselves or between one or more States on the one hand, and the Paramount Power or the British Indian Government on the other. In view of Sir Leslie Scott's interview and in the absence of fuller particulars about the scheme it is not possible to comment upon it in detail and we defer our comments on it until its authorised text is published. Assuming that it safeguards the rights of the people of British India and secures their whole-hearted co-operation, the scheme which Sir Leslie Scott says has been put forward only as a basis of discussion, appears to be fair and workable and a decided improvement upon the present uncertain position, under which, in any dispute involving the States, officials exercise most arbitrary powers in the name of the Paramount Power. It must also be remembered that the scheme is only a transitional measure, to be in force till the Princes choose other methods of participating in the governance of India under Swaraj. Even then the transitional scheme may afford a useful nucleus of a machinery that can be easily adjusted to altered conditions in British India.

After discussing the above scheme the Conference passed an important resolution emphasising the rights and aspirations not only of the Princes but also of their subjects and the people of British India. The Princes have once again expressed "their sympathy with the aspirations of British India, which they regard as legitimate." It would be uncharitable to suppose that they will withhold sympathy from similar aspirations cherished by their own subjects and actually encouraged by the progressive among them. The Conference has also reaffirmed "the abiding determination of the rulers of Indian States, as recorded in the last session of the Chamber of Princes to ensure the rule of law in their States and to promote the welfare and good government of their subjects." The Conference has further pledged itself "to devote to the moral and material progress of the subjects of the States the advantages resulting from the equitable adjustment of fiscal and economic issues." The Indian States have legitimate grievances as regards fiscal and economic issues and the people of British India are as anxious as the Princes to see that these grievances are redressed. An important resolution of the Conference was that which emphasised "that the progress and prosperity of British India and the States alike depend upon the creation of constitutional means for the adjustment of relations between them." The destinies of the States and of British India are linked together for all time. Therefore it is to the interest of each side to see that large-minded statesmanship is brought to bear on the settlement of the problem of adjusting their relationship. The concern of the Princes for the welfare and good government of their subjects does them credit. Several of them have been labouring hard for the welfare of the people, and not being content with mere good government have made a fair beginning in self-government, which has been conducive to the benefit of the rulers and the ruled alike. This very success of self-government even in a limited form both in British India and in some of the States has created in the hearts of all the people of India a passion for self-government. There is nothing strange in this as the same phenomenon is to be noticed all the world over and nothing has stayed the avalanche of democracy. The Indian Princes, who sympathise with the democratic aspirations in British India, may encourage to a greater extent similar aspirations in their own subjects, by proclaiming that responsible Government is as much their goal as good Government. Such a proclamation will, there need be no doubt, guarantee to the Princes the permanent good-will and co-operation of their subjects in their attempts to safeguard all their legitimate rights.

LANCASHIRE LIVES ON INDIA

Interviewed by a "Chronicle" representative on the question of the present position of the textile industry, Mr. J. A. Wadia had no hesitation in saying that "the root cause of the present industrial depression is the 1s. 6d. ratio". Let it be remembered that Mr. Wadia can well claim to speak with authority on the subject. He is a veteran in the management of textile concerns, is at present a Director of over thirteen mills in Bombay and is a recognised authority on questions of currency and exchange. Besides, he never speaks without quoting chapter and verse to substantiate his opinions. He shows how the new ratio, by forcing down prices "has stimulated imports and has penalised the cultivator and the manufacturer. He recalls how, when the exchange had gone up to 2s. our imports of piecegoods and yarn, which on an average come to 70 crores a year, went up to 102 crores. It does not require much insight to see that the same phenomenon is slowly being repeated now. The net result is, in the words of Mr. Wadia, "Lancashire lives on India". Curiously enough, about the same time that Mr. Wadia was speaking in this strain, Mr. D. P. Khaitan, addressing the Bombay Students' Brotherhood on "Modern Industries" deplored that "Government had done nothing to encourage Indian industries but, on the other hand, put impediments in the way of their development." There is no better illustration of that policy than Governmen's attitude towards the Indian textile industry. Having done everything to cripple that industry in the past, they are now callous spectators of its present distress and refuse to give it the protection it needs.

But what are the mill-owners going to do to meet the crisis? There is no doubt that they are between the devil and the deep sea. The immediate trouble about the strike may, in all probability, be settled by negotiations. But the depression remains and has got to be faced. Retrenchment, even if it can be equitably effected, cannot carry them very far. The present is an occasion when for sheer existence the mill-owners, the workers and the public must pull together. The sooner the first two parties come to peace, the better chance for the joint pull. All should resume an intensive agitation to compel Government to protect the national industry. At the same time, as Mr. H. P. Mody suggested at Mr. Khaitan's address to the Students' Brotherhood, all must carry on the Swadeshi propaganda with special reference to cloth. The mill-owners will do well to play their part in the propaganda promptly and wisely by making common cause with the public.

THE FREE PRESS OF ENGLAND

In mail week a Labour resolution was introduced in the Commons to deplore the syndication of the Press and the danger to independent sources of news. The mover said that the Press was controlled by "the Big Five":—(1) Rothermere group, (2) Beaverbrook group, (3) Cadbury-Cowdray, (4) Berry, (5) Starmer. The respective numbers of large organs controlled were 5, 4, 4, 24, 30, a total of 67 journals; and an attempt was now proceeding to control the evening papers of the country. The seconder said that, as the Press became syndicated, its influence became unfair. He cited a daily paper which recently gave 61 lines to the mover and 35 to the seconder of a motion in the House, but which reduced the allocation to 11 lines for the mover of an amendment, of which seven lines were occupied by the terms of the amendment. Supporters of the Big Five attributed the motion to umbrage at not being reported. Mr. Jack Jones gave the usual opinion that "The Labour Party ran its newspaper and was not run by it." Mr. Scrymgeour, however, criticised the "Daily Herald" as "having no use for Scrymgeour" simply because he was not run on a Labour ticket. Mr. Rentoal said that the "Daily Herald" was itself an example of syndicalised journalism; it was owned and controlled by the official Labour party, a very powerful syndicate. For all that, this academic motion was agreed to without dissent.

BOMBAY'S MILL INDUSTRY.

STRIKE AND SPECTRE OF UNEMPLOYMENT

By POVERTY-KNOCKER).

II.

In view of the keen topical interest in the labour question through this week's strike, I propose to depart from the regular sequence for this series of articles and deal with the problem of labour in the Bombay Cotton Textile Industry.

Much loose and incorrect information on the subject has been published both in relation to the present and preceding strikes. The present strike will be found on enquiry to be due to the belief by the operatives that rates have been reduced in the Currimbhoy group of Mills and a proposed stoppage of looms by this group of Mills. As a matter of actual fact, the Currimbhoy group have not in any way departed from the existing practice for many years in that they still continue to work weavers on two looms and have one side boy per side instead of on two sides under the new system.

RATES NOT REDUCED.

The idea existing in the minds of operatives that rates have been reduced, can easily be disposed of. With the exception named later, rates are still the same but the amount of wage drawn by operatives is less, due to the fact that less number of days were worked in the months of February and March due to the short month of the former and the large number of holidays in the latter month through the Holi holidays.

The Currimbhoy group of Mills have been compelled to close down a number of looms amounting to approximately 10 per cent of their total, these looms showing a very big loss, so much so that it is better for the Mills to carry the increased overheads due to the stoppage of the looms than to produce cloth which may, or may not be sold in the near future, at prices which show a much bigger loss than is sustained by stopping the looms. No group of Mills in Bombay have manufactured goods to stock to the extent this group have done with the idea of keeping together their workpeople, but the force of economic conditions existing in Bombay have compelled them to take this step. They cannot be expected to continue to pile up stocks unless the outlook for the disposal of same is a great deal more satisfactory than it is at present, nor can operatives expect them to do so.

THE REAL TROUBLE.

The real trouble among the operatives to-day is therefore the worry over the uncertainty of securing employment in the near future. Owing to big losses in the yarn trade, over three quarters of a million spindles have been stopped in Bombay for the last few months throwing out of employment approximately 15,000 workpeople. Most Mills have been compelled to turn their spindles over to the manufacture of finer counts as recommended by the Tariff Board, which means not only that less Indian cotton is being consumed by the local Mills with a consequent accummulation of stocks of cotton in the local market, but that less employees are required in the Card Room to keep the same number of spindles going. These two factors, combined with the stoppage of looms which would otherwise run on extremely unprofitable sorts, have thrown out of employment 20 to 25 thousand operatives. An additional number of operatives are thrown out of employment by the introduction in the Sassoon and Finlay Mills of the "Rational" system of employment recommended by the Tariff Board and previously in use to a much smaller extent than at present.

SPECTRE OF UNEMPLOYMENT.

The spectre of unemployment is therefore one of the biggest worries of the operatives in the local Textile industry and in my own opinion is the cause of the present unrest. This unrest is particularly accentuated by the fact that the men thrown out of employment are naturally the worst employees or the most irregular employees. The latter class include the "Budliwalla" who is usually of the Mawali type and only works a few days per month as a substitute for a regular operative when he feels like doing a little work. This class is the most vociferous and it is principally from this section that the present trouble arises. It is very probable that if a poll was taken among the operatives, they would be prepared to accept a reduction in the present dear food allowance if they could secure guarantees that all operatives now unemployed would be found work.

It is obvious that Mills cannot go on running unprofitable machinery for the sake of finding employment, and equally

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*Previous article appeared on the 17th instant.

"MOTHER INDIA, WAKE UP"

WHAT MISS MAYO OVERLOOKED

(By Alice Eustace, author of the popular novel "The Flame of the Forest" which was published as serial in "The Chronicle" recently).

Mother India, slumbering deeply, through the centuries, fast bound in chains of ignorance and superstition, has to-day, turned in her sleep, and shows unmistakeably that she is waking up. Miss Mayo's book, "Mother India," gives one an impression of a nation, so hide-bound in tradition and custom, so sunk in gloom and misery that it is past help, and past hope. That this is entirely a false impression, there is ample proof, on every side. Only last month the Nawab Saheb of Bhopal drove to his Legislative Assembly, accompanied by his young daughter of sixteen, unveiled, and out of purdah who sat by his side throughout the meeting and took an intelligent interest in the proceedings, over which at some future date, she will herself be called to preside. This is a great stride forward, and other ladies will quickly follow where the young Begum to be has led. The real lest of progress is the point from which that progress has begun, and having regard to this premise, and remembering things which happened only a generation ago, the progress made in India to-day is very considerable.

"WOMAN'S CAUSE IS MAN'S."

For instance, only a generation ago, the Ranis of a certain large State, on their marriage, would go into the Fort, there to remain for the remainder of their lives never again to emerge from its massive portals but on their way to the Burning Ghat. If she had had the misfortune of her husband pre-deceasing her, she came forth to join him on his funeral pyre. As these little ladies came forth to death, it was the custom for them to leave their hand impression on the stone jambs of the great doorway of the fortress as they passed out for the last time. I have counted 35 of these hand impressions. . . a truly moving and pathetic sight. To-day, what is the position? When I visited the family of a certain ruling prince a few weeks ago, I found them living happily, in purdah, it is true but in a spacious home set in the midst of a wide park, where they played tennis, swam, rode their bicycles, whilst the younger members pursued their studies under English governesses. A tremendous advance for one generation, all must agree. But it is not only in the families of the ruling Princes that this advance is taking place. It is becoming increasingly evident in many of the families of the peoples themselves.

No nation can rise higher than its women. How can a woman who is not herself free, be the mother of heroes, and free men? In the aspirations and ambitions of Indians towards self-government and achievement, let all remember that "The Woman's Cause is Man's: They rise. . . Or fall together."

Only by raising the women, giving them freedom and education, can their own highest goal be reached.

THE AWAKENING.

Miss Mayo, in going back to the statistics of 30 years ago, has overlooked the fact that the conditions that she describes of the terrible venereal incidents, the dreadful condition of affairs appertaining to the confinement of Indian women, and so on were, at the moment of her writing her book, the object of very considerable effort, on the part of the majority of the Indian rulers, towards the amelioration of these conditions. Any number of States have given practical proof of the fact that they have the welfare of their women at heart; that they realise that the women of their State, are as important an entity in the welfare of that State, as the men, and that it is only by looking after the health of their women, that they can hope promote the well-being of their State, as a whole. One sees reports in the papers every week, of meetings for the promotion of such movements as Child Welfare, Maternity Hygiene, etc. which, not only have the approval of the ruling House, but even the presence in the meetings of members of that House,

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Notes of the Day.

Indian Hockey Team.

The Indian Hockey Team is winning laurels almost every other day. Its latest victory is over the Anglo-Irish team by 12 goals to 4. This is only one of a series of brilliant victories during the last fortnight. Perhaps its best achievement was at Folkestone against the Rossalians with 16 goals to nil. All sport critics will agree with the "Times of India" in its opinion that the Indian team's stick work is a real "revelation". At an "At Home" given to the team by several Indian Associations in London, many distinguished Indians like Sir Atul Chatterjee and Dr. R. P. Paranjpye showered encomiums on the team. In reply Mr. Jaipalsingh observed that "he had authority to say that the team had taught the British hockey public many new points of the game." This could not be a vain boast as the remark was followed a long series of splendid victories. The team deserves to be encouraged in every possible way, for it is sure to stimulate interest in sports and athletics among Indians and also to raise the prestige of India in the international sporting world.

The Rent Act.

The announcement made by the Government of Bombay that they will extend the term of the Rent Act for three years more will be generally welcomed. The amending Bill which they intend introducing in the next session of the Council will extend the term of the present Act which will expire at the end of this year to three years, but it will reduce the maximum limit of rent under control to Rs. 50 from Rs. 85 in Bombay and to Rs. 25 from Rs. 50 in other places in the Presidency where the Act is in force. Enquiry has revealed the fact that the rents of small houses built in recent years are all between 15 and 25 and above for almost half the accommodation of houses under control. Obviously, therefore, it is no exaggeration to say that "the condition of labouring classes paying rents of Rs. 5 and Rs. 10 is all the more distressing and one cannot easily visualise the state of affairs that may arise should the protection of the Rent Act be withdrawn at a time of acute trade depression and consequent pecuniary distress." The case for the continuance of the control of rents below Rs. 50 is irresistible and it would be a cruel mockery of the poverty of the poor to deny them this protection. But Government will have to prepare a stronger case, based on all available statistics, to prove the wisdom and equity of reducing the limit from Rs. 85 to Rs. 50.

"As Important".

Dr. H. Mann's thoughtful article on "Rural Industries" in the current number of the "Bombay Co-operative Quarterly" ought to be studied by everybody interested in the agricultural welfare of the nation. He says that it "used to be fashionable to put down all or nearly all the serious position of the rural areas to the exactions of the money-lenders." Lately, he adds, it is the custom to lay stress on the evil effect of "the smallness of the units of cultivation and of their fragmentation." Others have called for a decrease of the population in rural areas. All these causes have, he remarks, a place in producing the present disastrous position. But there is not, he adds with great force, "the information available to determine how much of the evil is due to each of them." The disappearance of the secondary or alternative occupations is, as a cause or a disease, he says, "as important as any."

Knew Little.

He recalls an instructive episode. At the time of the last Agricultural Show at Poona, "I found that neither my colleagues nor I knew more than a very little about the actual occupations which still maintain an existence in the villages." He refers to weaving, carpet manufacture, toy-making, lacquering "A number of other arts are still carried on. And there are a number of others. But the first step to take, I feel, is to find out, systematically, what rural industries still exist." He is right. He would "urge action, at once, by the Co-operative Institute or otherwise, to find out the present position in some typical areas." The Co-operative Institute has had before it the specific suggestion for the last three years.

A Case for Enquiry.

We publish elsewhere the substance of telegrams which have been addressed to H. H. the Maharajah of Jodhpur and His Excellency the Viceroy detailing grievances of some subjects of Jodhpur State. For aught we know, the allegations contained in the telegrams may be entirely false and baseless, but they are very grave ones and, in the interests of the Jodhpur State, they require to be dealt with in the only way which will satisfy public opinion, namely, a prompt, thorough and independent enquiry. We trust His Highness the Maharajah will immediately institute such an enquiry.

POLICE ATTITUDE CONDEMNED

ALLEGED INTIMIDATION OF PEACEFUL WORKERS

LABOUR LEADERS NOT CONSULTED

TEXTILE UNION'S REJOINDER TO MILLOWNERS

On Friday morning a meeting of the strikers was held at Nagoo Sayaji Wadi where Messrs. Nimbkar, Jhabwala, Alwe and Bradley addressed the gathering. The men were informed that the representatives of the Textile Labour Union, viz., Messrs. Ginwala, Joshi, Asavle, Syed Munawar and Bakhle had declined to be on the Strike Committee on which they were appointed two days ago. Mr. Nimbkar said they could do without these people and exhorted the men to go ahead in their goal of declaring a general strike in the city. Several Sub-Committees were then appointed for the purpose of making a general strike successful including a Publicity Committee and Relief Committee.

NO PROCESSIONS.

There was no procession on Friday, as the Commissioner of Police refused to allow the men to go in procession, unless they gave an undertaking that they would remain peaceful. There were, however, some case of stone-throwing at Jamshed, Phoenix and Madhavrao Scindia Mills and the latter two were closed down by the management as they feared serious trouble if they kept the mills going. The manager of the Jamshed Mill, however, did not take a pessimistic view, and despite the demonstration outside the mill, kept the machinery working and the strikers retired seeing the police arriving on the scene.

The following fifteen mills remained closed on Friday, viz:—(1) Crown, (2) Indian Bleaching (3) Elphinstone, (4) Century, (5) Mathradas, (6) Currimbhoy, (7) Tata, (8) David, (9) Pabani, (10) Pearl, (11) Fazalbhoy, (12) Globe, (13) Madhavrao Scindia, (14) Phoenix, and (15) Crescent. The Crescent, Madhavrao Scindia and the Phoenix Mills were started in the morning, but they were soon closed down owing to the pelting of the stones. The total number of men affected by the closing down of these mills is estimated at about 40,000.

The following six mills worked with full complement in spite of the demonstration of the strikers outside the mill premises:— (1) Bombay Industrial, (2) Premier, (3) Pralhad, (4) Dawn, (5) Asur Virji, and (6) Jamshed.

Besides the above fifteen mills, there are other four mills which were also closed on Friday, but they had nothing to do with the strike. They are:—(1) Kasturchand, (2) Textile, (3) Atlas, and (4) Standard.

INCIDENT NEAR BOXER'S HOUSE.

On Thursday evening at about 6 p.m., an incident occurred which, fortunately, did not take a serious turn although firearms were used on this occasion. A procession of about 2,000 men went to the Turkish Dye Works at Dadar and pelted stones at the windows of Mr. Milton Kubes, the well-known boxer who is a supervisor in the mill and has his residence near the mill-gate. Mr. Kubes apprehending serious trouble phoned to the police for assistance and fired two blank shots in the air to scare away the strikers. The men at this began to run away in different directions and by the time the police assistance arrived, there was no one left near the mill premises.

"PEACEFUL WORKERS INTIMIDATED"

POLICE ATTITUDE CONDEMNED

To enlist the sympathy of the public towards the movement for a general strike of textile workers, a public meeting was held at the Marwari Vidyalaya on Friday evening. This afforded an opportunity to some persons to enter into a tirade against newspapers. Mr. Dange was particularly loud in his condemnation of them for alleged capitalistic tendencies. The first person singular figured large in his speech and he challenged that the mill industry was making profits and the workers were only being cheated of their wages. There was a fair attendence and Vir Wamanrao Joshi presided.

An important resolution passed at the meeting referred to what was described as the arbitrary and tyrannical action of the police in attacking the peaceful procession of the strikers on Thursday. The following resolution was unanimously passed: "This meeting of the citizens of Bombay, held under the auspices of the B. P. C. C., emphatically condemns the action of the Bombay police in launching upon a campaign of intimidation and assault on the helpless and peaceful workers who are now on strike and their leaders and sympathises with the workers in their heroic struggle against their exploiters".

INDISCRIMINATE ASSAULT BY POLICE

Mr. Pendse, who moved the resolution, told the audience how the "police rushed on the peaceful procession and assaulted indiscriminately the strikers and even the leaders." Such an action deserved to be severely condemned, he said.

Other speakers followed and sought to justify calling a general strike, but Mr. Jhabvala in the very first sentence betrayed the weakness of the movement. He said: "I am not prepared to say that there will be a general strike because no-one in Bombay can claim the dignified title of a "textile leader" and claim the confidence of 1,30,000 workers". But he appeared to think that a general strike was the only way to force the hands of the capitalists. The new system which the employers sought to introduce, he said, involved retrenchment which the workers strongly resented. "Do you think that we who have spent several years in this work, are foolish?" was his second argument.

Vir Wamanrao Joshi, who confined himself to the resolution, strongly condemned the action of the police.

LABOUR LEADERS NOT CONSULTED

The General Secretary of the Bombay Textile Labour Union has issued the following statement to the Press:—

"I am authorised by the Managing Committee of the Bombay Textile Labour Union to send the following statement to the Press in reply to the statement of the Acting Secretary of the Bombay Millowners' Association."

In repudiating the statement frequently made that mill-owners do not consult the representative of labour before introducing any modifications in the existing system, the mill-owners' statement "most emphatically" says that "more than one mill which recently introduced measures for increasing efficiency did, as a matter of fact, consult responsible labour leaders." I at once and equally emphatically contradict the accuracy of this statement and challenge the Mill-owners' Association to cite one single case in which the workers' representatives were consulted before the introduction of new measures or even after the trouble consequent to such introduction actually began until the workers' organisations approached the management concerned. Did the E. D. Sassoon take the workers' representatives into confidence when they introduced the three-looms system in their two mills? Did they consult what the mill-owners call "responsible labour leaders" when they introduced the double-frame system in their group of mills? Did Sir Ness Wadia and his colleagues confide their intention to introduce double-frame system on a voluntary basis in their mill to the workers' representatives, although they knew that a decent number of the Spring Mill workers had come under organisation? In all these cases, the workers' organisations took the initiative and approached the management concerned for negotiations after the strikes were declared.

LABOUR LEADERS NOT CONSULTED.

I take another set of cases. Did the Madhavji Dharamsey Mill inform the Union which has a solid membership there, about the rates reduction that took place there? Did Sir Ness Wadia consult the workers' representatives when he reduced the blanket rates in his Textile Mills and the rates on the dobby Calcutta dhoti from 30 pies to 21 pies in his Spring Mills? Did the Swadeshi Mills, Kurla, communicate to the Union their intention to ask the jobbers to look after more frames and the spinner to mind more spindles? I can cite more cases to prove that not one mill ever thought it its business to consult the workers' representatives before taking any action which is likely to affect the workers' conditions of service. The only exception to this general rule is, so far as I know, the intention of the Sassoons to consult the Bombay Textile Labour Union before introducing a scheme of what they call the regularisation of wages; but an exception only proves the rule.

RECORD OF THE ASSOCIATION'S WORK.

And what is the record of the Bombay Mill-owners' Association in this respect?

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EAST INDIAN RY.

STRIKERS CONCENTRATE ON "SYMPATHY" ATTACK

CRIES, SONGS AND MUSIC PROHIBITED

CALCUTTA, April 20.

In view of the fact that the East Indian Railway strikers have concentrated on a "sympathy" attack on Calcutta the Commissioner of Police is reported to have served an order on strike leaders directing them to abstain from carrying swords, spears, bludgeons, lathis, guns or other offensive weapons and from public utterance of cries, singing of songs and playing of music.—A. P.

RLY. SURVEY FROM BANDARGAZ TO MOHAMMERAH

CONTRACT GIVEN TO AMERICAN AND GERMAN FIRMS

LONDON, April 20.

Teheran:—The Mejliss passed the bill granting an American firm and a German combine railway survey from Bandargaz on the Caspian to Mohammerah on the Persian Gulf to be paid for at the rate of 368 Tomans per kilometre with the construction of 93 miles as a trial section and the option to construct an entire line which will pass through Hamadan and Dizful.—Reuter's Special.

PETITIONS AGAINST FORFEITURE

LAHORE FULL BENCH DECISION

LAHORE, April 20.

A full bench of the Lahore High Court consisting of Mr. Justice Addison, Mr. Justice Coldstream and Mr. Justice Johnston to-day disposed of two petitions made on behalf of the "Vartman" and "Bandemataram" against a forfeiture order of the Local Government. The "Vartman" withdrew its petition, but in the latter case an objection was raised that the petition was time barred. Counsel for "Bandemataram" contested the poont and declared that the case should be decided on its merits and not on a technical point.

Counsel for Government declared the order of forfeiture was made at a critical time, the alleged offending article having attributed an untrue statement to Mr. Ogilvie the District Magistrate which was calculated to cause trouble.

The petitioner's counsel demanded heavy costs saying that the paper was furthering the cause of Hindu-Muslim unity when the copies were seized. In view of the fact that the application was not opposed by Government Their Lordships accepted the petition and allowed the petitioners costs including counsel's fee.—A. P.

SIR G. RAINY ENTERTAINED

MADRAS, April 20.

Sir George Rainy was entertained to dinner by Sir Annamalai Chettiar last night. A large and distinguished gathering including members of the Government, judges of the High Court and leading businessmen were present. Sir George conferred with the Hides and Skins Merchants Association and the South Indian Chamber of Commerce, to-day.—A. P.

Mr. Ginwala, President of the Tariff Board, left Madras for Rangoon on the afternoon of 20th April.

PEOPLE DRIVEN MAD

SHOCKING EARTHQUAKE REPORTS

MANY IN SOFIA BURIED UNDER DEBRIS

LONDON, April 20.

Sofia.—Fifteen have been killed and 80 injured in Philippopolis earthquake, many having been buried in the ruined buildings. Ten, are known to have been killed in Papazly village, eighteen miles away. Many have been driven mad in Tehirpan.—Reuter.—

THIRTY EARTHQUAKE SHOCKS

NATURE'S WRATH ON PHILIPPOPOLIS

LONDON, April 19.

Sofia.—Thirty earthquake shocks were felt in Philippopolis at night. Casualties hitherto known are 10 killed and 50 injured.—Reuter.

SHOCK FELT IN BELGRADE.

LONDON, April 19.

Belgrade.—Earthquake was felt 56 miles south-east of Belgrade. It was equally violent as the earthquake of 14th April and was followed by several lesser shocks. The damage is not serious.—Reuter.

DWELLINGS IN RUINS

LONDON, April 19.

Sofia.—Over thousand dwellings are in ruins in Philippopolis and others are uninhabitable. It is known that 27 persons have been killed in the five neighbouring villages.—Reuter.

FAMILIES CAMPING IN THE OPEN

LONDON, April 20.

Sofia.—Except a small area of a quarter of a mile across situated on high ground in the centre of whole town of Phillippopolis has suffered severely from earthquake. A hospital and number of churches are among buildings destroyed. Only few houses are visible among ruins of a score of villages. Houses in Borisovgrad which escaped the first earthquake were demolished by the later visitation. Hundred bodies have hitherto been recovered. Many more are under ruins.

After earthquake water spouted up from fissures, inundating the countryside.

The population of Sofia are still panicky. Families are camping in the open.

Losses as a result of two earthquakes are estimated at several hundred million leyas.—Reuter.

LAJPATRAI IN TRIVANDRUM

TRIVANDRUM, April 20.

Lala Lajpatrai, addressing a crowded meeting here condemned social evils, and urged the candidates at the next election to take up a pledge for the removal of untouchability.

Lala Lajpatrai was refused permissin to the Shri Padmanabhaswami temple.—A. P.

FORFEITURE OF LANDS

14 MORE NOTICES SERVED

GREAT ENTHUSIASM IN VALOD

COMPLETE NON-CO-OPERATION WITH OFFICIALS

BARDOLI, April 20.

The Secretary, Bardoli Satyagraha Publicity Officer wires:—

Fourteen more land forfeiture notices were served by the District Deputy Collector in Valod yesterday on Banias, Parsis and a Raniparaj. At a rough calculation lands worth 8,000 are sought to be forfeited for recovering the very meagre land revenue of about 2,000. Valod is in hot enthusiasm. The cold atmosphere of Bardoli town, too, is surcharged with heat. The Mahajan of all castes assembled at noon to devise such measures as would check the people from helping the attachment officers. The Musalmans too held a majlis in their mosques for the same purpose. The Mahajan was angry with a motor driver who had taken the Deputy Collector to Valod, but forgave him with a strict warning not to go against the popular will a second time. The driver thereupon apologised and emptied the luggage of the same officer which he was about to carry. The police next secured three bullock-carts. But the owner of the carts on realising the grave offence he was committing against the whole Taluka at once hurried to mend his mistake. He succeeded in withdrawing the cartdrivers only. The Mamlatdar would not allow the carts to be emptied. Sjt. Ravishanker pleaded on behalf of the cart-men, but was asked to clear away from the building. At last the drivers alone went away leaving the bullock-carts in charge of the Mamlatdar. The poor peons and policemen were turned into drivers. On their way these peons tried to secure drivers from the Patel of Vankaner. They however, failed in their attempt and had to drive on, though reluctantly.

The five buffaloes that were attached yesterday have been returned to their legitimate owner on the discovery that they belonged not to Mr. Vadiwala, but to his old mother.

POSTPONE RECOVERY OF ASSESSMENT

GOVT. POLICY ILL-ADVISED

At a meeting of the Council of the Bombay Presidency Association held on Wednesday the following resolution was adopted:

"The Council of the Bombay Presidency Association view with great concern the serious situation that has arisen in the Bardoli Taluka and are of opinion that the action of Government in seeking to recover the assessment by attachment of property is ill-advised and highly prejudicial to the interests of ryots. Under the present circumstances, for which Government themselves are mainly responsible the least that Government should do is to postpone the recovery of the assessment till the Legislative Council has been given an opportunity of specifically deciding the issue at its next session"

CENTRAL INDIA STATE SUBJECTS

CONFERENCE TO BE HELD AT JHANS

CAWNPORE, April 20.

Arrangements have been made to hold a conference of Central India State Subjects at Jhansi. A Reception Committee has been formed. The dates on which the Conference is to meet have not yet been fixed. Pandit Rameshwar Prasad Sharma, editor of the "Sahas" of Jhansi is the convener of the Conference.—A. P.

RISING IN LURISTAN

REBEL CHIEFS SURRENDER

LONDON, April 20.

Teheran.—It is reported that the situation throughout Luristan is satisfactory. Some of the rebel chiefs have submitted to the General Officer Commanding at Khoramabad and have expressed allegiance to the Shah. The Shah, after visiting Khoramabad, has proceeded to Kermanshah.

SUCCESS OF NATIONALISTS

NEARING TSINANFU

LONDON, April 20.

Shanghai.—The Nationalist occupation of Yenchowfu has cut off Sun-chuan-fang's army from Marshall Changt-sung-chang's forces in Chihli. The latter have also suffered heavily. Corruption is rife in the Northern ranks. The seventh northern army has joined the enemy "en masse".

Japanese reports suggest that the Nationalist vanguards are nearing Tsinanfu. The British and American Consuls-General at Tsinanfu have warned their nationals to leave the town.

300 Japanese troops left Tientsin this morning by railway for Tsinanfu. The Japanese landed 55 Marines at Tsingtao this morning. The nationalists claim to have captured Kufowhsien, the birthplace of Confucius and the strategic centre where Chiang-kai-shek's and Feng-yuh-siang's armies effected a junction. The Nationalists also claim to have captured 32,000 prisoners.—Reuter.

AFGHAN PRINCE IN PESHAWAR

PESHAWAR, April 20.

Prince Rahimtullah Jan and other members of the Afghan Royal Family, accompanied by the Afghan Foreign Minister, arrived here last evening, and were met at the Railway Station by district officials, members of the Afghan community and representatives of Peshawar City. They stay here a few days before [illegible].—A. P.

THE CITY AND SUBURBAN

LATEST BETTING.

LONDON, April 19.

The following is the latest betting on the City and Suburban:—

3 to 1 against Fohanaun, 7 to 1 against Knight of Grail taken and offered, 9 to 1 against Abbot's Speed offered, 10 to 1 taken, 100 to 9 against The Mohawk and Priory Park, 100 to 8 against Saturn, 100 to 7 against Caporal and Talup, 100 to 6 against Banstar, Voltas Pride, Hossan, Autocrat and Chateaufort offered, 20 to 1 against Parole offered and 25 to 1 taken, 20 to 1 against Gifted Sledmere and Rathnally, 25 to 1 against Royal Falcon, and 33 to 1 against Lamplighter offered.—Reuter's Special.

OUTLAWING WAR

FRENCH NOTE EMBODIES AMERICA DRAFT.

LONDON, April 20.

Paris.—The French note which will be telegraphed to London, Berlin, Rome and Tokio immediately embodies the draft treaty outlawing war and follows the lines of the note to America cabled on 31st March. It stipulates that validity should depend not only on the ratification by six Great Powers, but also on the accession of a number of other Powers like Poland and Czecho-Slovakia.—Reuter.

MR. MEHERALLY

TO GO TO HOLLAND

MADRAS, April 19.

Mr. Yusuuf T. Meherally of Bombay has been elected leader of the Indian Youth delegation to the World Peace and Youth Congress in Holland.—A. P.

CASTE AND SWARAJ

TANJORE, April 19.

The Chief Minister replying to addresses referred to the castes and declared the caste system was a great barrier in the way of the realisation of Swaraj. He observed that even if by a fluke they got Swaraj they would not be able to sustain it under present circumstances.—A. P.

While attempting to shoot a tiger a head constable missed his mark. The beast mauled him, whereupon another constable shot at the tiger, but, it is alleged, hit the head constable instead, killing him.—A. P.

A Kangra message states that three persons died, and six are lying in a precarious condition in hospital, as a result of the fall of a motor lorry into a river. The driver escaped with minor injuries.—A. P.

DISTRICT MAGISTRATE STABBED TO DEATH

A CHITTAGONG OUTRAGE.

SEQUEL TO GRANTING INTERVIEW.

CHITTAGONG, April 20.

Mr. C. H. W. Davies, District Magistrate, was stabbed to death this morning by a Mohammedan.

It is reported that the alleged assailant who hailed from a neighbouring district sought an interview with Mr. Davies at his residence at 8 this morning with the object of obtaining a passport as well as monetary help for proceeding to England. It is alleged that in the course of the conversation the interviewer suddenly stabbed Mr. Davies in the chest with a clasp knife. Mr. Davies fell from his chair bleeding profusely and died soon afterwards.

INQUEST ON MR. DAVIES' BODY

ALLEGED ASSAILANT CAUGHT RED HANDED

(Later)—An inquest was held by the Sub-Divisional Officer on the body of Mr. G. H. W. Davies and the corpse was taken to the Railway Cottage Hospital for postmortem.

Many leading gentlemen and Government officials and the Divisional Commissioner went to the Collector's bunglow to pay respect to the deceased.

A Mohammedan named Kazi Badler Rahman has been arrested in this connection.

The deceased leaves behind him a widow and two sons, one of whom is in England.

It is reported that the alleged assailant was caught red-handed by the Collector's Nazir and two other clerks when he rushed out after committing the offence and attempted to stab a chaprasi.

It is understood the alleged assailant interviewed the Divisional Commissioner and his Personal Assistant last Sunday. He is aged thirty and is said to belong to a respectable family. No political significance is attached to the crime.—A. P.

PROTECTION TO OIL INDUSTRY

TARIFF BOARD MEMBERS IN CALCUTTA

SITTING TO COMMENCB ON TUESDAY

Rangoon, April 20

Mr. A. E. Mathias I. C. S., and Dr. John Matha members of the Tariff Board with Mr. Walker, Secretary, and staff arrived here this morning from Calcutta to investigate the claim for the protection of petroleum in India. Sir P. P. Ginwala, the President, is expected to arrive on Monday from Madras. Mr. J. Coggin Brown, Superintendent in charge of the Burma party of the Geological Survey of India will be coopted a member of the Board as technical adviser. The Board will commence its sitting on Tuesday the 24th instant at the Council lobby.—A. P.

GAZETTE OF INDIA

SIMLA, April 20.

Legislative Department:—M. Lalchand Navalrais election as a member of the Legislative Assembly vice Mr. Harchandrai Vishindas is gazetted.

Home Department:—Mr. W. Christie has been appointed Deputy Commissioner, Delhi.

Foreign and Political Department:—Lt. Col. E. H. S. James and Mr. J. H. R. Fraser have been confirmed as Residents, 2nd class. Lt. J. Barrow has been appointed Assistant Military Adviser, Indian States Artillery.

Finance Department:—Mr. A. Slater is posted as Controller of Military Accounts, Lahore District.

Department of Education and Public Health:—Lt. Col. W. B. Coppinger, I. M. S., officiates as Surgeon General, Bengal, vice Major General Tate, granted six months leave.

Railway Department:—Mr. R. Scrivener Executive Engineer, East Indian Railway is permitted to retire.

Department of Industries and Labour:—Dr. J. Coggin Brown has temporarily been taken into their service by the commerce department.

BRUTAL MURDER OF LANDOWNER

SECUNDERABAD, April 20.

The brutal murder of a leading landowner and merchant of Bolarum occurred in the small hours to-day at Bolarum, when Ramini Lachmana, son of Rao Bahadur Ramah Pooliah was found dead with his throat cut. The miscreants have not been traced. A post mortem examination was held but examation of the intestines for suspected poison revealed nothing. Police investigation is proceeding. The funeral took place to-day and was largely attended.—A. P.

If your white porcelain sink has become brown and discoloured, sprinkle powdered chloride of lime all over it the last thing at night; leave till the morning, when after a good wash down, the stains will disappear. This not only cleans the sink, but disinfects and cleanses the waste pipe.

When washing white paint, baths, tiles and sinks add a little paraffin to the water. This removes dirt and grease quickly and easily and leaves a bright natural gloss.

Every one knows how stained the hands get after peeling apples. An excellent way to remove these stains is to rub the affected parts with a little apple peel before washing the hands.

ACCIDENTS WILL HAPPEN!

A LITTLE ZAM-BUK ENSURES QUICK SOOTHING & HEALING.

Accidents are always happening—in your own household, at work, in street or bazaar; in fact, everywhere. Be ready to heal any sudden cut, abrasion, burn, scald or other injury by keeping the "Safety-First" healer—Zam-Buk—always handy.

Zam-Buk which is highly antiseptic is of marvellous efficacy for all first-aid purposes. Applied to skin that is lacerated, sore or blistered. Zam-Buk kills and excludes the germs of festering and blood-poison, and thus prevents all danger of a wound going the wrong way. Zam-Buk checks bleeding, soothes away smarting pain and irritation, and quickly subdues any swelling or inflammation.

Being compounded from rare and highly-refined herbal extracts. Zam-Buk not only heals the surface skin, but soaks naturally through the tiny pores into underlying tissues, where it exerts wonderful healing activity. In this manner, Zam-Buk gradually builds up the healthy new tissue needed to replace that damaged by injury or disease. It completes the cure with a rapid growth of new skin.

For eczema, barber's rash, prickly heat, ulcers, bad legs, abscesses, Dhobies' itch, scalp disease, poisoned wounds, piles, insect bites, sore feet, etc., Zam-Buk is acknowledged the world's greatest cure. Guaranteed free from all animal fats. Re. One box or Rs. 2-4 family size. Agents: Messrs. Kemp and Co., Ltd. Charni Road, Bombay.

ECHO OF SHRADDHANAND MURDER

DELHI RIOT CASE JUDGMENT

NEW DELHI, April 20.

Judgment was pronounced to-day by Mr. Isar, Special Magistrate in the riot cases arising out of the disturbances following the execution of Abdul Rashid, the murderer of Swami Shraddhanand. Of the 52 accused in the main case, the Magistrate acquitted 12 and convicted the remaining 40, sentencing them to various terms of imprisonment ranging from 3-1/2 years to one year with fine, the maximum being Rs. 600/ and the minimum of Rs. 50/, the amounts in all cases to be paid as compensation to the sufferers. After serving their terms of imprisonment all the accused were ordered to furnish security and keep the peace for two years, with one surety, the amount in respect of the latter differing in different cases.

THE JUDGMENT.

In an elaborate and lengthy judgment Mr. Isar observed that he had taken a very serious view of the conduct of the accused. From the viewpoint of civics it was more important to be a good citizen than to be a good Hindu or a good Mussalman. He did not suggest that the two were incompatible, but whereas people might differ as to what under given circumstances a good Nindu or a good Mussalman ought to be, there could be no two opinions as to what was required of a good citizen.

The hearing of the cases commenced last December and 700 witnesses were examined. The judgment was pronounced in the District Jail where the trials were conducted.

THE JUDGMENT.

The judgment in the main case consists of over fifty typed foolscap pages.

Dealing with the question whether the crowd of Muslims outside the jail constituted an unlawful assembly with a common object the Magistrate says that the crowd outside the jail knew perfectly well what was required from them by the authorities but they were determined to ignore to the authorities and take matters into their own hands, carry the body in procession and bury it elsewhere than in the graveyard assigned for it. The crowd rushed the jail compound, broke the police cordons and literally pinned the officers to the inner jail gate. They then demanded the body some of them threatened bloodshed. Mr. Lewis, the City Magistrate had stated in his evidence that if the body had not been handed over the crowd would have made another rush.

OBJECT OF CROWD.

Mr. Isar holds that the crowd that entered the jail compound was clearly an unlawful assembly. Its common object was to overawe by show of force magistrates and police officers while they were exercising their lawful powers and carrying the District Magistrate's orders. Mr. Isar does not find any material irregularity in the District Magistrate's order read out to the crowd. An important point was that the people knew they would not be allowed to take the body in procession to the city; yet they seized the body and ran to the city. On the way the crowd used criminal force against Government officials. Mr. Orde, the Senior Superintendent of Police, who caught hold of the bier was thrown down on the ground, while a constable named Sriram was also thrown down and was beaten. The Magistrate points out that not only did the police cordon fail, but the military, though equipped with 5 armoured cars and 40 bayonets, found that the crowd had rushed past them before they rose to the occasion. The second object of the crowd, according to the Special Magistrate's finding, was to beat Hindus and loot their shops. As soon as the crowd entered Chauri Bazar it started assaulting Hindus and looting shops. No Mahomedan was touched nor was any Mahomedan shop looted, and this continued as far as the Lahore Gate. It had been urged that many people joined the procession considering that such association with it was a pious duty. The Magistrate holds that seeing what was happening, no sane man could have been in any doubt, nor would any such person either join or remain in such a crowd as an innocent spectator or a pious devotee. The Magistrate adds: "It is to the credit of the Mahomedans of Delhi that, excepting for two or three men belonging to good families, whose presence in the procession could be explained on other grounds the other accused were men of little or not status. Unfortunately Muslim shops, and factories and even schools were closed that day. Thus an irresponsible plement was available to swell the crowd."

The Magistrate regrets that not a single Muslim shopkeeper come forward to give evidence, though many had witnessed the events of that morning.

It is understood that all the accused intend to appeal against their convictions.

SUBSIDIARY CASE JUDGMENT.

In the subsidiary case, nine persons were acquitted and 26 fined Rs. 51/ each, the fines, if realised, to be credited to the Government.—A. P.

WHAT IS YOUR BIRTHDAY?

TO-DAY'S FORECAST

(By KAM, Chela of Himalayan Joshimaharaj Joothabhai Labaddas.)

If to-day is your birthday, you are an ultra-Radical Puritan, who thinks the world is going to dogs and bitches, and that it had not survived the Deluge, Noah's Ark notwithstanding, had there not been existing worthies like your best self! You are one of those stupid kill-joys who are determined "to put down kissing (of whatever variety and sound in full lime-light or behind the purdah) at all costs," forgetting that osculatory exercise is of innumerable varieties, the purest of which gives you divine ecstasy making you think that you are in the presence of your very Creator Himself and the basest of which is the —(alas!)—generally-followed modern one of "pecking" like the wood peckers!

You are also against promiscuous, miscellaneous, "a la" hotch-potch "kedgree" dancing, alleging that it is Satan's handiwork and surest road to ruin. Though you are, to your credit be it said, not very narrow-minded and would permit dances, whether they be Apache or Tango dance of Paris, or the "Polka of Hungary," or the (cunning) fox trot of America or the boisterous ballet of Russia, amidst members of the same sex, either in the open, under the strict supervision of old fogeys like your best self, or in your own safe cloisters. Your relatives after gyrations under such rigid rule will gruntingly submit there is as much taste in this one-sex pastimes as there is in food without salt!

If women there will be no rich aunties or uncles for you. Your face is the only fortune; and you know well how to make the best use of the fortune. At your bipedal altar scores of fools and many more wise men will be kneeling and worshipping you, with incense of gold and diamonds, some of which, it is hoped, will be spared for this "Chela" to be used when he is too old to scribble. It is to be hoped this will be noted in your diary!

INDIAN STATES INQUIRY

PRINCES' MEMORANDUM PRESENTED

BUTLER COMMITTEE TO MAKE RECOMMENDATIONS

SIR C. P. RAMASWAMI AIYAR'S VIEWS

The Indian States Inquiry Committee with Sir Harcourt Butler as Chairman, Colonel the Hon. Sidney Peel, and Prof. Holdsworth as members, and Lt. Col. G. D. Ogilvie, Secretary, arrived on Friday by a special train of the B. B. and C. I. Railway at Ballard Pier, Bombay. They were received by Mr. H. F. Ball, I.C.S, on behalf of the Government of Bombay, Sir M. Israr Hasan Khan, Dewan of Khairpur, the Maharajah Kumar of Benares and Mr. Nerottam Morarjee.

The Members of the Committee stay at the Taj Mahal Hotel till this noon when they leave for England by the S. S. "Rawalpindi."

BOMBAY, April 20.

The Associated Press understands that with the presentation of the Chamber of Princes' Memorandum embodying their scheme to the Indian States Committee, the first part of the Committee's work has been concluded.

The Committee who are sailing for England tomorrow to complete their task may not, it is understood, issue a formal report. But they will probably communicate their recommendations to the Government of India.—A. P.

SIR C. P. RAMASWAMI IYER'S VIEWS

Interviewed by a representative of the "Indian Daily Mail" Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer, referring to the Union Council, said that the scheme of Sir Leslie Scott provided for the creation of a body which would act as representative of the Chambers, but it was provided further that any one Chamber might modify in its own case the general arrangement sitting in the Indian States Council or may stand out of this arrangement. In the result this would convert the States Council into an advisory and not an effective executive body. It was also provided that the institution of the States Council should be effectively controlled by the Political Department. It is understood, however, that many States were averse to placing all their records and correspondence at the disposal of all the States so as to be scrutinised by every State, as many of the matters under correspondence with the Paramount Power were of a delicate and confidential character. The Union Council which was the Executive body of the Federal Government as visualised by Sir Leslie Scott is said to proceed on the assumption that the Governor-General-in-Council has no power to outvote the Indian States Council and there is no reciprocity as between the working of the Council and the Provinces as it is specifically laid down that a proposal from British India going beyond the mandates of the Indian States Council cannot be enforced against any State without that State's specific consent. The scheme therefore suffers from a dyarchical system in addition to not being on the State as a whole.

THE BUTLER COMMITTEE

To The Editor of the "Chronicle."

Sir,—The Butler Committee will sail for England on Saturday next probably with the decision of not returning to India again. Thus the banquet of autocracy terminates without any interruption from the people of the Indian States.

It is clear that the people of the Indian States have entered emphatic protest against the procedure so far adopted by the Indian States Committee in making the inquiry entrusted to them. The Butler Committee have denied the right of the people of the States to represent their views on the questions referred to them. They have so far kept their proceedings secret from the people and refused to supply copies of the material placed before them and otherwise ignored the right of the people to approach them, offer oral evidence and take part in the discussions. The Terms of Reference to the Butler Committee mention the relationship of "the States" with the Parmount Power and not "the Princes" only who at best can be mere representatives or agents of the people as admitted by H. H. the Maharaja of Bikaner in his last speech. The people of ths States have already declared that unless their views are properly rspresented in the discussions of the States' Committee the results of their deliberations will not be acceptable to the people.

On the other hand, the princes have not taken the people into their confidence on the most vital questions relating to the Indian States. I hope the timely advice given by Pandit Motilal Nehru will not be ignored by the princes.

Thus the Banquet of Autocracy will disperse to-day leaving for the seventy millions of the States people the historical lesson "Awake" arise or be for ever fallen".—yours etc.,

MANISHANKER TRIVEDI.

Bombay, 19th April 1928.

ALLEGED HIGH-HANDEDNESS OF JODHPUR OFFICERS

VILLAGERS' COMPLAINTS TO MAHARJA AND VICEROY

In a telegram addressed to H. H. the Maharaja of Jodhpur, one Bhiki makes serious allegations against Mr. S. K. Chainsinghji, Chief Judge of Jodhpur. She alleges that her sister Dhapi was severely beaten, dragged through Jodhpur bazaar, and illegally confined in a house by Thikana men under private orders of Mr. Chainsinghji on 12th February and since then there has been no trace of her. No police action, she says, has been taken.

Another telegram has been sent by two Prohits of Ihara, Rutna and Khoiguram to His Excellency the Viceroy at Delhi in which they allege that Pokaran, Thikana,

Photo: J. G. Nensey.
H. H. the Maharao of Cutch, snapped on S.S. "Vita" on Friday, the 13th instant.

Thakur Saheb is trying to dispossess them of their village Ihara, to which he has no rights. They also allege that the Thikana people burnt their huts, opened fire, seized their well, broke one man's hand, and starved many cattle to death for want of water. Pokaran Thakur Saheb is a member of the Jodhpur Council and his son Kunwar Chainsinghji is the Chief Judge. Their petitions to the local authorities they say, proved futile and their lives and property, they say, are in imminent danger.

SCHOOLS COMMITTEE SECRETARY

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The Municipal Corporation is going to appoint a Secretary to the Schools Committee on Monday next. Three candidates have been proposed by the Schools Committee and the Corporation is to elect one of them.

It is unnecessary to say that the appointment should go to the best equipped man for the task. There are different ideas, however, among different members as to what the best qualifications are. It goes without saying that the man to be appointed must possess a good knowledge of the local conditions of schools. An outsider will be a hopeless man, however, academically qualified he may be. A man with Bombay experience must be given the first chance.

Secondly, it is a bad practice for any public body to take in an outsider for a higher post when there are already competent men in the Department ieself serving for years together. To engage an outsider is quite unjust to the men working in the Department. In the case of the Schools Committee's staff of Superintendents, the Corporation should easily find a highly competent man of great experience and ability, to fill the post of Secretary with great credit. If such a highly competent man is there and if he is one of the candidates recommended to the Corporation it would be cruel and unjust on the part of the Corporation to disregard his claim and bring in an outsider. I know that the Corporation is full of parties and factions but an important matter like this should be above party politics.

In this connection I may remind the Corporators that the principle of appointing departmental men to higher posts has been practically accepted by the Corporation in March last, when at the suggestion of Mr. Chandavarkar, the Corporation passed the following resolution:—

"That with reference to the advertisement appearing in the "Bombay Chronicle" of the 13th February 1928, inviting applications No. 13995, from graduates for two probationary posts in the out-door branch of the Assessment Department the Corporation are of opinion that in selecting the two probationary preference should be given to graduates already employed in the various Municipal departments."

I, therefore, appeal to every Corporator to lay aside whatever prejudice created in his mind and in a true spirit of justice to the competent men already serving in the department, reject the outsider and recognise the claims of the man who has put in long service in the department with great ability.—Yours, etc.

JUSTICE.

BULLETIN OF IRAN LEAGUE,

APPEAL TO PARSI LADIES

The second number of the Bulletin of the "Iran League" edited by Mr. G. K. Nariman, will be out by the end of April. The Persian columns will contain an appeal to Parsi ladies by the distinguished Persian educationist the lady Mastur-e-Afshar and an article of importance by Mr. Kaihan, the Consul-General for Persia, Bombay.

CURRENCY DEPT. ACCOUNTS

Abstract of the accounts of the Currency Department on the 15th inst.—

(In thousands of rupees).

Notes in circulation	1955419
Reserve—coin and bullion:—	
In India—	
Silver coin	973911
Gold coin and bullion	297633
Silver bullion under coinage	76573
In England—	
Gold coin and bullion	Nil.
Silver bullion	Nil.
In His Majesty's Dominions—	
Gold coin and bullion	Nil.
In transit between India, England and His Majesty's Dominions—	
Gold coin and bullion	Nil.
Silver bullion	Nil.
Securities (purchase price).—	
In India	279592
In England	37710
Internal Bills of Exchange	90000

OFFICIAL AND PERSONAL

Major-General Freeth has been appointed to officiate as Adjutant General in India vice General Sir John Shea. Colonel H. S. Jervis, Deputy Director of Pay and Pensions, Army Headquarters, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Adjutant General and Director of Personal Services in the place of Major-General Freeth. Major J. E. Hume officiates in the place of Colonel Jervis as Deputy Director of Pay and Pensions.

UNREST AMONG STUDENTS

MISSIONARY ACTIVITIES IN EGYPT

LONDON, April 20.

Cairo.—The Minister of Pious Foundations has asked the American Missionary, Zweimer, to return his permit for visiting mosques. It is alleged he distributed tracts in Al Azhar University. Zweimer has refused to return the permit and the Government have asked the Legation to intervene. The question will be raised in Parliament as regards Missionary activities.

The Professors of Theology of Al Adhar University states that the tracts have caused unrest among the students.—Reuter.

TRUE EXPONENTS OF THE GAME.

INDIAN HOCKEY TEAM.

TRIBUTES TO THEIR ACHIEVEMENTS

LONDON, April 19.

The Indian Hockey Team and the Indian World Cyclists were guests at the At Home given by the National Indian Association, Northbrook Society and Indian Students Hostel. Many distinguished Indians were present including Sir Atul and Lady Chatterjee, Sir Mahomed Rafiq, Dr. Paranjpye and Mullick.

Sir Selwyn Freemantle welcomed the visitors and congratulated them on their splendid performances. Mrs. N. C. Sen presented each member of the team with a pale blue turban to be worn at the Olympics. Mr. Jaipalsingh in reply paid a tribute to the enterprise of the Indian Hockey Association in sending team to Europe in spite of many difficulties. He had authority to say that the team had taught the British Hockey public many new points of the game.

Sir A. Chatterjee said that he was sure that visit of such teams was the best method for bringing about International understanding. He was convinced that the success of the team would enhance the international prestige of India. He hoped that other teams would follow the example (loud applause). Dr. Paranjpye hoped that India would soon send a cricket team to England to play test matches.—Reuter.

DEMAND OF ADULT SUFFRAGE

RESPONSIBLE GOVT FOR KERALA STATES

COCHIN, April 19.

The Kerala States Conference demanded full responsible Government in Cochin and Travancore and urged the Congress to take up the question of the States within its purview. It requested Cochin and Travancore to declare that total prohibition was their ultimate goal and demanded of the League of Nations to appoint a commission to introduce universal prohibition. The Conference further urged the introduction of adult suffrage in Cochin and Travancore and once again pleaded for the repeal of laws restricting the legitimate growth of the press. Lastly the Conference advocated the abolition of untouchability and unapproachability and called for the publication of the details of the Cochin harbour scheme with a view to indicate the States commitments.—A. P.

In the subsidiary case in which 96 accused were charged with minor offences, the Magistrate found ten persons not guilty. He sentenced 75 of the accused to pay a fine of Rs. 51/ each or in default to undergo one and half months' rigorous imprisonment.—A. P.

Lahore, April 20.—The police challenged 12 Akalis under Section 452 I.P.C. for alleged trespass into the Gurdwara at Gurusarsultani, Lahore (Tahsil, which is in the possession of Mahant Kirpasingh Multraj. The Magistrate before whom the case came for trial ordered the release of the accused on a bail of Rs. 2,000/ each. A. P.

LATEST NEWS

LONDON, April 20.

At an inquest on Flight Lieutenant Kinkead, a verdict of death by misadventure was returned. Major Cooper Inspector of Accidents, Air Ministry, testified that the machine was faultless. He believed that Flight Lieutenant Kinkead decided to abandon the attempt but misjudged the height of the machine from water in attempting to alight.—Reuter.

LONDON, April 20.

Greenly Island.—Capt. Kochl has announced that the German airmen will make an attempt to fly back in "Bremen", to Germany.

PILOT PLANE.

New York.—The giant Ford Monoplane, chartered by New York interests left Detroit with supplies for Murray Bay, where it will pick up spare parts and the pilot Plane will then proceed to Greenly Island.—Reuter.

LONDON, April 20.

Sofia.—The Premier in an interview at Philippopolis said that the earthquakes of 14th and 18th April had destroyed districts of the total extent of 1,000 square kilometres. 80,000 families had been rendered homeless. Relief work was progressing.

Over 100 persons have been killed and over four hundred injured hitherto.—Reuter.

LONDON, April 20.

The death has occurred of Major-General C. G. M. Fasken.—Reuter's Special.

LONDON, April 20.

Mr. A. J. Jenkinson, the Senior Dean of Brasenose College, Oxford, was killed while climbing Peak Glydyr Fach in thee Snowdon mountain.—Reuter's Special.

FREE LIFE READINGS TO READERS OF THIS PAPER

The well-known Astrologer, Prof. Roxroy, has once more decided to favour the people of this country with Free Test Readings of their lives.

Prof. Roxroy's fame is so well-known in this country that he hardly needs an introduction from us. His power to read the lives of people, no matter at what distance they may be, is described as simply marvellous.

Even Astrologers of various nationalities and reputation all over the world, whether friends or enemies in the last war acknowledge him to be their master, and follow in his footsteps. He tells you what you are capable of and how you can be successful. He mentions your friends and enemies, and describes the good and bad periods in your life. His descriptions as to past, present and future events will astonish and help you.

Herr Paul Stahmann, an experienced astrologer of Ober Niewsadern, Germany, says:—

"The horoscope which Professor ROXROY worked out for me is quite according to the truth. It is a very clever and conscientious piece of work. As an astrologer myself, I carefully examined his planetary calculations and indications and proved that his work in every detail is perfect, and that he is up-to-date in his science."

If you want to take advantage of this special offer and obtain a review of your life, mention the name of this paper and get a trial reading free. Money not necessary. Simply send your full name and address (written by yourself) the date, month, year and place of your birth and state whether you are Mr., Mrs., or Miss.

If you wish you may enclose 8 annas to pay postage and clerical work. Do not enclose coins in your letter. Send your letter to ROXROY, Dept. 1001T, Emmastraat, 42, The Hague, Holland. Postage to Holland 3 annas.

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No. 8.

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Bombay Chronicle

POLICE ATTITUDE CONDEMNED

(Continued from page 9.)

The intervention of the Bombay Textile Labour Union in the Khatav Makanji's mill-workers' strike in 1926 was characterised in the Association's annual report as "rather officious." This year the Bombay Textile Labour Union sent a representation to the Association on 23rd February requesting them to take up the question of rate reduction in the Madhavji Dharamsey Mills and the Association replied on 29th February that the Union's representation would be placed before their Committee. The Union waited for a month to get the Association's decision and sent a reminder on 26th March. The reply was sent only on the 17th April saying that the Union's representation "was very sympathetically considered by my Committee at a meeting held 'yesterday' (one and a half month after the termination of the strike) and the conclusion unanimously reached by them was that no case had been made out by you for intervention by this Association." The reply further stated that "in view of the present very depressed state of the industry, the Agents of the Mill could not possibly be expected to maintain the wages at that high level." In view of this overwhelming evidence to the contrary, can it lie in the mouth of the Association to say that the "mill-owners are anxious to ascertain the real views of labour on all matters affecting them"?

CAUSES OF UNREST

BOMBAY TEXTILE LABOUR UNION'S FINDINGS

A meeting of the Managing Committee of the Bombay Textile Labour Union was held in the Servant of India Society's Home, last Thursday Mr. N. M. Joshi presiding.

On ascertaining the causes of the present unrest the Committee came to the conclusion that the unrest was due to several complaints which have remained unheeded. Most of the members complained that in a large number of mills the weavers and spinners are receiving smaller wages on account of low rates fixed for new varieties of cloth introduced or loss in production due to inferior raw material. In the Currimbhoy group, men do not get sufficient work and spindles and looms are also stopped causing unemployment among the workers. The men also fear that this is a preliminary step to the introduction of the new system of the management of double spinning frame and three-loom system as was experimented in some of the mills of the E. D. Sassoon group. In some mills the hours of mechanics have been increased even without any increase in wages.

COLLECTION OF FURTHER PARTICULARS.

After considering at length the whole situation, the Union came to the conclusion that before it decided the question of the desirability of a General Strike, the members of the Managing Committee should immediately collect further particulars as regards these complaints especially as regards the receipt of smaller wages. The Union emphatically contradicts the statement of the Acting Secretary of the Mill-owners' Association that responsible representatives of workers were consulted before introduction of the double system and three-looms or before increasing the hours of work of mechanics. Whenever consultation has taken place it has always taken place after the introduction of these new measures. The Union has appointed a Committee of 11 persons including some of its office bearers to consider the strike situation from day to day.

CO-OPERATION WITH OTHER REPRESENTATIVES.

The Union has decided that it will be ready to co-operate with representatives of any other duly constituted organisation of workers on the conditions that the proportion of the representatives on the joint Committee will be determined in accordance with the average paying membership of each organisation during the last 12 months ending 31st March 1928.

THE WORKERS' CASE.

MILL-OWNERS' STATEMENTS REFUTED

Messrs. B. F. Bradley, A. A. Alve, R. S. Nimbkar, S. A. Dange and S. S. Mirajkar have issued the following statement:

The Secretary of the Mill-owners' Association has tried to contradict what he calls incorrect statements But while doing this, he himself is pleased to manufacture incorrect statements He says that there are only 12 millls on strike. If he were to come with us on a round and not rely on the telephonic messages of interested managers we would have counted him not less than 25 mills absolutely closed down not to speak of those partially working.

The Secretary says that the mill-owners consulted the workers before adopting new measures. Will he come out with a statement of the meetings of workers either inside the factory or outside where any management consulted labour. If they have consulted "responsible labour leaders" will they give a list of their names? and the time when the owners did this most noble task since the middle of last year when the Sassoons first began the attack by the new system. The Secretary says that the owners are unaware of the reasons of strike. It may be true, because the owners themselves seldom know what is happening in their mills except when it comes to annual sharing of dividends. So it is possible owners may not know; but it is the managers and the brains of the owners that conduct all the affairs. These know the reasons very well. The Secretary's quibbling on words is too transparent.

Now, we shall expose the fallacy of his next statement, that the mills on strike have not reduced rates, or introduced the new system. The Wadias' and Sassoons have already forced the new system on the men and it is from their group that some mills are on strike. As for Currimbhoy group, they have reduced rates by the following trick. Just now, we shall take the example of the leading section only.

FACTS.

It is a well-known fact that the Bombay Mill-owners are reducing output in coarser counts and increasing the finer. The progress of finer counts shows that from 1921 to 1926 it increased from 2 million lbs. to 11-1|2 million lbs., while the rougher counts have increased from 470 to 515 only. Now it is in this that the owners are playing the trick of reducing wages. Formerly a weaver was given yarn of warp and weft of 20 by 40 counts. He who wove this and produced 38 yards got an output of 16 lbs. in weight valued at 7-1|2 pies wages rate per lb. The weaver could get per loom 10 as. plus allowance. As a weaver under the old system, conducts two looms, he could make Rs. 1-4 plus allowance i.e. 2-4 x 26 days about Rs. 58-8 per month. Now the counts being finer, the following change takes place without an official and declared reduction of rates. The same weaver now gets warp and weft of 32 x 40 (finer counts). This same if woven into five pairs of dhoties of 50 yds. which is the maximum output of the weaver would give him a weight production of 7-1|2 lbs. per loom paid at 11 pies per lb. plus allowance. This brings him per loom annas 12 or Rs. 1-8 which means a total of Rs. 40 to Rs. 45. Thus without apparently reducing the rates, but on the contrary giving a rate of 11 pies instead of 7-1|2 pies, they reduce production per man in weight by giving him finer counts which results in reduction of his monthly income.

Thus do the owners of our Secretary trick the public and the workers. What we demand is that they must cease this practice and if they put on finer counts they should increase the rates per pound. If the owners and their responsible labour leaders descend from the heights they will find that they have very legitimate grievances to justify a general strike, which is their only safeguard.

STRIKE COMMITTEE'S DIVISION OF LABOUR

COLLECTION OF FUNDS AND PUBLICATION OF BULLETIN

A meeting of the Mill Strike Committee was held in Nagu Sayaji Wadi on the 20th instant at 8-30 a.m. when the following work was transacted.

It was decided to issue regular statements to the press outlining the progress of the strike situation, the men's grievances and demands and contradictions of any false statements etc. Secondly, it was decided to divide work in the following manner.

Publicity and Statistics Committee in charge of Mr. S. A. Dange.

Relief Service and funds in charge of Mr. B. F. Bradley.

Meetings, processions, etc. in charge of Mr. R. S. Nimbkar.

Strike office Centres in charge of Mr. S. V. Ghate.

Negotiations Committee in charge Messrs. N. M. Joshi, S. H. Jhabvala, A. A. Alve.

It was resolved that all decisions regarding the work of any of the above sections shall be taken in the whole Committee prior to their being acted upon or made public.

It was resolved to start the collection of funds for relief propaganda, etc. it was also resolved to make preparations for starting a strike bulletin.

The strike Committee would be meeting every day in Shete Buildings, Parel, in the morning, where all members are requested to attend without waiting for notices.

The Strike Committee also decided to approach Messrs. Joshi and Ginwala in their capacity of Trustees of a Strike Fund in their charge which is the balance of money collected for relief work in the 1925 General Strike.

CLASSIFICATION OF MILLS

STRIKE COMMITTEE'S BULLETIN

The Strike Committee has issued the following communique No. 2:—

"The Mill-owners representatives in their interview give the impression that 'some mills which have adopted efficiency measures are working quietly whereas in some of those where no such steps have been taken, the workmen have gone on strike. Those on strike are following the usual traditions.'" If this means that those workers who are working under the new system have accepted it, it is false. Because, the biggest group which adopted the efficiency measures, that of Sassoons has had to face strikes for the last 4 months wherein the workers were beaten, because of their comrades not joining them. So, even those mills which are said to be working quietly under the new system are doing so only under co-ercion and after putting up a protracted struggle. Even then two mills which adopted the new system are on strike viz. The Elphinstone Mills and the David Mills. In these two, not only are the workers asked to work double frame and three looms, but even their rates are reduced. In the Elphinstone, in the weaving section, rates are brought down from 12 pies to 9 pies per lb. which reduces the income of the weaver by more than 25 per cent of his original wage, and in the David mill foremen and jobbers were verbally asked to put the men on the new system and also to change the working hours of the fixed workers from 8 a.m. to 5-30 p.m. to 7 a.m. to 6 p.m., an increase of 1 1/2 hour.

WAGE REDUCTION.

The second category of mills on strike comes under the head of wage Reduction. Wage reduction has been introduced by all the 14 mills of the Currimbhoy Ebrahim group. This has been going on for the last two months, with out the men thoroughly understanding what was going on. The method of reducing wages has been partially described in our yesterday's communique. We shall give here a few more examples.

Kastoorchand Mills:—In this mill rates in the blanket dept. are reduced one pie per pound all round. The former rates were 3 1/4 pies, 22 1/2 pies. The reduction of one pie on these puts the worker to a loss of about Rs. 25 per month.

Crown Mills:—Wages are reduced from 10 pies to 8 pies.

Century mills from 15 pies to 10 pies.

Textile mills. The output in weight of 15 lbs. rated at 9 3/4 pies per lb. is reduced to 10 1/2 lbs. thus reducing the worker's income, not by apparent wage reduction But through the trick of reducing output in weight, by substituting lighter yarn for the heavier. In the same mill in the doubling cloth section both rates and weight have been reduced putting the worker under two axes. 7 1/2 lbs. weight paid at 9 pies per lb. has been reduced to 5 1/2 lbs. and paid at the rate of 6 1/4 per lb. And this reduction in weight is accomplished by changing only the weft. One does not know what it would come to if the warp also were changed. In this section the reduction comes to over 50 per cent. The owners of this mill have also adopted two novel systems not prevalent in any other mills. They are asking the workers to clean the machine every day whereas they used to do it every week. This results in loss of output to workers on the piece system and of additional work to those on fixed wage.

"WORKERS DEPRIVED OF THEIR DUES".

On the whole, the mill-owners, under the plea of saving a tottering industry, are reducing wages on an average of 25 per cent. In justifying this they quote their new Bible, the Tariff Board Report, or rather misquote it in such a way that everything gives them the gains from the pockets of the workers to save an industry which when saved pays dividends to the owners and stops bonuses and high-price allowances to the workers as they did in their boom days.

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LORD EVERSLEY DEAD

PARLIAMENTARIAN AND STATESMAN OF VICTORIAN PERIOD

LONDON, April 19.

The death has occurred of Lord Eversley.—Reuter's Special.

(G. H. Shaw-Lefevre Eversley was born on 12th June, 1831. He was educated at Eton, and Trinity College, Cambridge and obtained an M.A. in 1855. In 1859, he stood as a candidate for Parliament from Winchester. From 1863-85, he held a seat from Reading. In 1856, he became Civil Lord of the Admiralty. He held many important positions such as Secretary to Admiralty, Bencher of Inner Temple, Postmaster General and was a member of Gladstone's Cabinet. He is responsible for the carrying of a number of the important Acts in Parliament).

RUSSIAN MONEY FOR PROPAGANDA

LONDON, April 19.

In the House of Commons replying to questions, Sir Joynson-Hicks confirmed that the Bank of England notes found on Irish gunmen arrested before Easter for being in illegal possession of firearms had been traced back to the Russian Bank in Britain. He was constantly making inquiries and was satisfied that Russian money was being used in attempts to foment revolutionary action here.—Reuter.

EX-MAHARAJAH OF NABHA

EARL WINTERTON'S SOMERSAULT.

TAUNT TO LABOUR M. P'S

LONDON, April 20.

On the adjournment of the House of Commons, Mr. Mardy Jones again raised the question of the arrest of the ex-Maharajah of Nabha regarding which he declared the Government of India was opposed to discussion, as it was afraid to face music and took shelter behind the technicality that the Parliament of India was powerless over Native States and Princes. Mr. Mardy Jones then put Earl Winterton a number of questions and urged the Government to release or give the ex-Maharajah a fair trial.

Earl Winterton replying denied that the Government of India took shelter behind the technicality and pointed out the ruling given by Mr. Patel, about which he hoped Mr. Mardy Jones did not suggest that Mr. Patel was in any way actuated by the attitude of the Government, when he ruled that it was not in order to discuss the matter. Earl Winterton expressed opinion that the suggestion would be monstrous. Earl Winterton repeated the gist of the statement cabled on the 18th April, and added that it was not proposed to bring action against the ex-Maharajah of Nabha before Indian Law Courts. His detention would obviously depend on his future conduct. He declared that the Maharani had not been induced or urged by the Government of India to sign any document, but she expressed a desire at present to devote herself to her children instead of taking her son for installation as the Ruler of Nabha. Earl Winterton concluded "the most curious thing is that the only Ruling Prince who has received sympathy from the Labourites is only one who has been disloyal to H. M. the King-Emperor."—Reuter.

"MOTHER INDIA, WAKE UP"

(Continued from page 8.)

and lady members, at that. In addition to this, in many Indian States, provision is being made for a properly qualified Nursing Staff, both for mid-wifery and other conditions, the number of doctors employed by the States is increasing year by year—and among them, are lady doctors, who are appointed obviously for the sole purpose of trying to better the conditions of health of the Mothers of India or their offspring. India is a land of age-old traditions and prejudices and it will naturally take years, perhaps, decades, before the people of India, as a whole, become sufficiently awakened, to be able to take advantage of all these numerous provisions for their welfare. As another instance of the fact that the people of India are themselves awaking I would bring forward the case of a certain Indian State, where there is in active operation an Orphanage, the moving spirit in which, is a priest, with behind him a body of men, drawn from all classes, who have, between them, and with the aid of the ruling Prince of that State, created an institution which looks after the motherless and fatherless children of that State, keeps them up to the age of 18, feeds them, educates them, teaches them a trade, and does all that is possible to make good useful citizens of them, and this, mark you, irrespective of their caste,—untouchables receiving the same treatment as other possibly more fortunate children. This Orphanage has been inspected personally by many influential people, even the Viceroy herself who expressed her pleasure at what she said in very plain language.

FUTURE, FULL OF HOPE.

One could bring forward many other instances, which prove, beyond doubt, that India, and by India I mean both its rulers and people, are making big efforts in the right direction. It is not within the scope of this article to enumerate them, but the above are sufficient to show that slow as India has undoubtedly been, in the past, the present, which includes the time in which Miss Mayo wrote her book, is full of hope, and good omens for the future welfare of the Indian peoples. Miss Mayo could, I feel sure, have given expression, in her book, to these hopeful signs, for she must have known about them, as I do. The influence of her book, would then have taken on quite a different aspect and with a little care, could have been made one of the most useful contributions towards the welfare of India, that has appeared for many years. As it is, India has it in her own hands, to progress without the help of such people as Miss Mayo, and that she is, so progressing though granted slowly, is a certain fact.

BOMBAY'S MILL INDUSTRY.

(Continued from page 8.)

so it is not to be expected that the Mills who have adopted the suggestions of the Tariff Board can be asked to revert to the previous position and thus perpetuate inefficiency. The present trouble is therefore analagous to the Luddite riots which occurred in England on the introduction of labour saving machinery and is the outcome of an endeavour by the local Industry to adjust itself to altered economic conditions the world over and the fixation of the value of the Rupee at 1/6d.

The strain of these changes was first felt some years ago by the Millowners and it is only to-day that the burden is passing on to labour. Three parties are concerned. The Mill owner, Labour and Government; the latter in the dual capacity of protecting the consumers' interests in addition to its other capacity of assisting the development of industries on sound lines.

WANTED MORE PROTECTION.

Millowners are adjusting themselves to the new conditions and suffering in the process. Labour is now feeling the pinch, but it is impossible for Government to assist the Industry if such assistance really serves to perpetuate unsound and inefficient methods of production. Government are reported to be watching the situation and advantage may be taken of the expected presence in Bombay next week of Sir George, Rainy the Commerce Member, to place the facts fully before him.

Even by adopting every suggestion contained in the Tariff Board, Mills are still half an anna per lb. below the cost of production and that without providing for depreciation of plant and a reasonable return on capital. Surely the Industry is now entitled to some further protection so that looms and spindles now stopped can be set going and the spectre of unemployment removed from the operatives. This additional protection need not be for ever, but should be of sufficient duration to permit the pace of adjustment to new economic conditions and the rate of Exchange to be gradual enough as to prevent the present economic upheaval.

(To BE Continued).

IMPROVEMENTS BOARD MEETING

APPOINTMENT OF DY ESTATE AGENT

A meeting of the Improvements Board was then held when consideration was given to the resolution of the Improvements Committee regarding the appointment of Mr. T. H. Bird as Deputy Estate Agent.

Several members raised a point of order that this question being decided only last week by a special meeting of the Board, it was not competent for them to discuss the matter again. The President upheld the contention and ruled the matter out of order. The board then elected the following six members on the Improvements Committee in place of the members retiring by rotation viz.:—(1) K. F. Nariman; (2) H. M. Rahimtoola; (3) Dr. A. G. Viegas; (4) Mirza A. M. Khan; (5) Mr. Y. G. Pandit; (6) Mr. B. G. Horniman. The Board then adjourned till the 27th instant.

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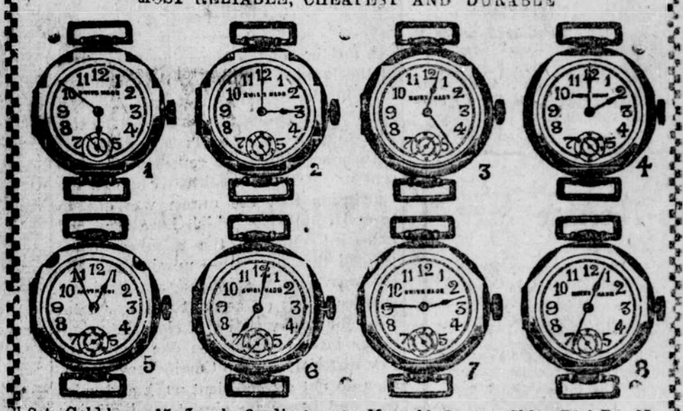

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VICEROY AT DEHRADUN

VISIT TO ROYAL MILITARY COLLEGE

VICEROY'S CAMP (Dehra Dun), April 19.

His Excellency the Viceroy spent a busy hour at the Royal Indian Military College yesterday, visiting each class room and seeing students at work. This morning His Excellency rode round lines of Second Gurkhas, inspecting the famous truncheon given to the regiment by Queen Victoria and watching recruits on the parade.

Thunderstorms have seriously interfered with the Shikar but up to date two tigers have been bagged.—A.P.

ASSISTANCE TO SHEIK OF KOWEIT

QUESTION IN THE COMMONS.

LONDON, April 19.

In the House of Commons, replying to Commander Kenworthy, Captain Margesson (for Colonial Secretary) said that at the desire of the Sheikh of Koweit, naval ratings were landed from His Majesty's ship in the Persian Gulf to assist the Sheikh in defending his territory against the Akhwan raids. The armoured car section and the flight of aeroplanes were also detached from Iraq garrison for this purpose. He stated that the naval landing party had re-embarked, and hoped that the detachments from Iraq would also be withdrawn soon.—Reuter.

VILHUNEN COMMITS SUICIDE

ROUND-UP OF COMMUNISTS

LONDON, April 19.

Helsingfors.—Vilhunen, one of the Communist leaders arrested in police round-up of suspects has committed suicide by taking poison. Thirty Communists are now in custody, and arrests of Communists continue. The prisoners include most of the Communist Party's salaried officials, two members of the Diet and several journalists.—Reuter.

Cochin, April 19.—The Tenants' conference urged legislation giving fixity of tenure in British Malabar and pleaded that roads and tracts should be thrown open to all irrespective of class or creed. —A. P.

TARIFF BOARD'S OIL REPORT

EXTENSION OF DEMANDED FOR MAKING REPRESENTATIONS

The Committee of the Maharashtra Chamber of Commerce has sent a telegram to the Government of India, Commerce Department, Simla asking for an extension of period for the Tariff Board's report on oil as it is difficult for consumers and tax-payers to submit their views without knowing the full case of the oil interests. The Committee also considers that oral evidence and full public investigation into the cost of production is necessary.

In another telegram sent to the Tariff Board, (oil industry) Rangoon, the Chamber says that an extension of time is necessary to facilitate a submission of a representation pending the publication of the oil companies' full case.

CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

Following is the statement of Liabilities and Assets of The Central Bank of India, Ltd. for the Fortnight ended 15th April 1928.

LIABILITIES.

Capital Subscribed	Rs	3,36,00,000
Capital Paid up		1,68,00,000
Reserve Fund		1,00,00,000
Deposits, debts due to Banks and Agents, Bills payable etc.		17,76,51,000
Sundries including Branch Adjustments		2,92,33,000
		23,30,84,000

ASSETS

Cash Credits and Overdrafts on Government and other authorised securities	5,18,68,000
Loans on Government and other authorised securities	3,20,35,000
Bills Discounted	1,75,10,000
Bank Premises	55,73,000
Sundries including Branch Adjustments	2,33,67,000
Cash in hand, at Banks, and Investments in War Bonds, Treasury Bills, Govt. Paper, Shares, Debentures, Properties, etc.	10,27,11,000
	23,30,84,000

COLABA OBSERVATORY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending at 8 a.m. of 20th April 1928.

Barometer (corrected to 32 deg. F.) at 8 a.m. 29.943 inches (.096 above normal.)

Barometer corrected at 4 p.m. (previous day) 29.827 inches (.099 above normal.)

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours +.011

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 81.5 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 74.6.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 90.8 degrees (.0 above normal.)

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 77.1 degrees (0.1 below normal.)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 72 p.c.

Relative humidity at 4 p.m. (previous day) 5 p.c.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. ENE.

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 5 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 161 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 19 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky clouly—10) 1.

SUGAR MARKET REPORT.

Bombay, April 20.

The Market ruled weak in the first half of the week under review by evidencing a drop of about 4 Annas in Spot prices and of about 2 to 3 Annas per cwt. in Forward prices. Then during the latter half of the week, the Market ruled firm registering a total rise of about 5 Annas per cwt. in spot prices of about 6 Annas in March, 4 Annas in April and of about 2 Annas per cwt in June, July-Sept. and Oct-Dec. Shipment prices.

The highest and the lowest rates this week were Rs. 15/5 and Rs. 15/ for Ready Sugar, Rs. 10/2 and Rs. 9/12 for March, Rs. 10/3 and Rs. 9/15-1/2 for April, Rs. 9/9 and Rs. 9/8 for June, Rs. 9/9 and Rs. 9/6 for July-Sept. and Rs. 9/10 and Rs. 9/9 for Oct-Dec. Shipment for Java Sugar.

Total Stocks inclusive of fresh arrivals of about 31,000 bags per S. S. Gueda are estimated at 1,00,000 bags of Java Sugar.

The following are the closing quotations ruling the bazar to-day:—

Fine White Java Sugar:—

Ready Rs. 15/5 per cwt.

Transhipment Rs. 10/2 per cwt FBH.

S. S. Gueda Rs. 10/1-1/2 per cwt FBH.

S. S. Cohinur Rs. 10/3 per cwt FBH.

Shipment March Rs. 10/2 per cwt FBH.

„ April Rs. 10/3 per cwt FBH.

„ June Rs. 9/10 per cwt. FBH.

„ July-Sept. Rs. 9/9 per cwt FBH.

„ Oct-Dec. Rs. 9/10 per cwt FBH.

Tone:—Firm.

Icilma
Shampoo Sachet
Full size packet
With Toning Rinse
For WET Shampoo
Icilma
TONING RINSE
Dissolve in one pint of warm water, and use for the final rinsing. This rinse will act as a tonic, remove every trace of lather and impart to the hair the charm of burnished beauty
Ideal for every shade of hair.

New toning rinse with every packet!

Though the price of Icilma Shampoos is unaltered, every packet now contains a special Toning Rinse suitable for every shade of hair, which removes all lather and leaves the hair in a state of exquisite burnished beauty.

Icilma Shampoos contain no harmful dyes—give a rich lather which cleanses away all the grease and dust—prevent the formation of dandruff, and leave a delightful lingering fragrance in your hair to add to your charm.

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NEW ROAD FOR BANDRA

OFFER OF A DONATION OF RS. 20,000

MUNICIPALITY ACCEPTS PROPOSAL

(From Our Correspondent.)

BANDRA, April 18.

At an ordinary general meeting of the Bandra Municipality held on the 17th inst. Mr. Leo Rodriques presiding, the following among other minor items of business was transacted.

A proposal of the Standing Committee recommending that permission be given to one Mr. Panthaki for building in contravention of the existing Bye-Laws was moved by Mr. Savant. It was urged in favour of the proposal that as the Bye-Laws were proposed to be modified the sanction of Government might be anticipated in advance and Mr. Pantaki favoured.

Dr. Dias moved an amendment that with a view to treat all citizens alike, all applications for building permissions on old non-agricultural sites be similarly treated by the Chief Officer who be authorised to do so as the normal sanctioning authority of building permission under the New Municipal Act.

Mr. D'Monte seconding the amendment remarked, a curious state of affairs would arise if Government withheld their sanction and suggested a proviso on the lines of the Town Planning rules that all applicants be given permission subject to the condition that failing Government sanction the structures would be pulled down but the President refused to accept this.

Mr. Gulamhusain's motion that the recommendation of the Standing Committee be referred back to it was carried.

BUILDING A NEW ROAD

SPECIAL MEETING

At 7-30 p.m. the Special General Meeting took up the consideration of the question of a Marina linking Byramjee Road with Carter road. Mr. Mody has handed over Rs. 20,000/- to Government for the purpose of building this road provided that Government be responsible for its maintenance and upkeep and incur incidental expenses. Government, it is understood do not desire to assume these obligations and the Collector has addressed the Municipality requesting them if they would undertake these obligations. Khan Bahadur Antia moved that Government be informed that the Municipality are ready to give assurances that would satisfy Mr. Mody. Mr. Ig. D'Monte objected to the curious assurances requested by Goverment when under the City Municipalities Act a legal obligation was imposed on the Municipality to keep the roads within the Municipal district (if not reserved) in proper repairs. He further stated that when Government handed over miles of roads in the Schemes to the Municipality they never asked for any assurance and besides the Municipality was going to spend over 20,000 from its own revenues. He said no more assurance should be given other than that the same attention to the road would be given as provided under the Act for the other Bandra roads. This, he said, could not be a pet road to the detriment of the town. Already road repairs were going to be neglected as Rs. 15,000/- from it is to be taken to build this new Marina.

PROPOSAL CARRIED.

Mr. S. S. Naik resented the attitude of the Donor, Mr. Mody who wanted assurances from the Government and not from the Municipality direct. He said that it was an insult to the self respect of the Corporation and should not be tolerated by the Board. Mr. Mody should correspond direct with the Municipality rather than in the round about fashion.

The Collector, Mr. Bharucha, said that he was negotiating with Mr. Mody through Government regarding the necessary assurances to keep the Marina in proper repair as Mr. Mody was not acquainted with the Municipal obligations under the Act. The proposal was hotly debated on both sides when closure was applied. The proposition of Khan Bahadur Antia was carried. Poll was demanded and resulted as above.

FISHERMEN'S OBJECTION.

The meeting was then adjourned. It is understood that a monster petition, signed by all fisherman has been sent to Mr. Mody begging him to refuse to make any grant to the Bandra Municipality as the use of this magnificent gift would mean the ruin of their trade as no adequate provision is being made for the free continuance of their vocation, there being no margin of land for the purpose of drying and weaving their nets etc.

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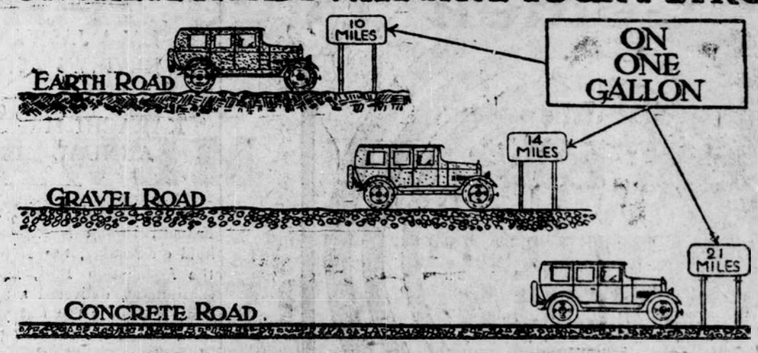

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ALLEGED DEFAMATION

IMPERIAL BANK CLERK IN BANDRA COURT

(From Our Correspondent.)

BANDRA, April 19.

Mr. S. T. Ferandes, City Magistrate, Bandra, resumed the hearing of the case filed by Louis Phillip Henriques, Police Patel of Malvani against Theodore Rodrigues, clerk accounts section in the Imperial Bank of India, for defamation under sec. 500 I. P. C. Messrs. Paul A. Pereira and P. A. D'Souza conducted the prosecution while the accused was defended by Mr. S. V. Patil.

The facts of the case, as alleged, are as follows:—

On 22nd January 1926, the accused residing, until recently in the neighbouring village of Malvani, wrote to the Collector attacking the moral character of the Police Patel who is a resident of Rathori (Malad) and requesting the Collector to have the Patel removed. Among other things, the letter stated that "the Patel's moral character, which ought to be in the fitness of things an example to the villagers is far from desirable. He moves with the hooligans of the locality, owes a lot of money to the fisher folk of the village and is under the influence of liquor at all desirable times."

On 25th October 1926, the accused further wrote to the Mamlatdar in which he stated that the villagers would thank him for relieving them "of an entirely unworthy man who holds the present office for a couple of years" (meaning the Police Patel).

The Collector and the Mamlatdar sent the petitions to the Talati of Malvani for enquiry and report. After receiving the report, Mr. Ghandy the Dy. Collector called the accused and the Police Patel on 6th January 1928 in his office. Here too the accused repeated the allegations and added some more, whereupon Mr. Ghandy asked the Police Patel to clear his character in a Court of law. Thereupon he filed the present complaint.

ALLEGATIONS REPEATED.

Two more witnesses were examined to-day, Mr. P. J. Ghandy, Dy. Collector, and Mr. S. T. Oke the Mamlatdar. Mr. Ghandy stated that the Collector made over the letter of 22nd January, 1926 to him for disposal. He regarded the allegations contained in that letter against the Patel in a serious light and if they proved true the Police Patel would be dismissed. He sent the letter to the Mamlatdar for enquiry and report. The Mamlatdar reported that nothing could be found against the Police Patel. Mr. Ghandy further stated that on 6th January 1928, the accused again repeated the same allegations before him in the presence of the Police Patel and on questioning, the accused said he was able to prove them. He therefore asked the Patel to go to Court and clear his character. Mr. Ghandy had made notes of the above interview which were exhibited. The notes contained "Bribes taken, etc." as further allegations made by the accused.

Mr. Oke said that he had the inquiry in this matter made by the Talati and he thereupon sent up a report to Mr. Ghandy. He found nothing against the Police Patel from the enquiry. Asked as to whether the accused had written other petitions against the Patel, Mr. Oke said that he did not know, but if they were, they would have been among the papers sent by him to the Dy. Collector with his report. As a matter of fact, no other petitions were found among the said papers although the accused in both the above letters refers to several other petitions made by him.

Mr. Paul A. D'Souza then closed the case for the prosecution. The Court framed a charge against the accused under section 500 I. P. C. and on the accused pleading not guilty, the case was adjourned to 3rd May for cross-examination of the prosecution witnesses.

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DELHI-SEALDAH PASSENGER DERAILED

FOUR MEN INJURED

DUMDUM, April 19.

While No. 38 Down Delhi-Sealdah passenger train was passing Dudum junction at 1-56 to-day last three vehicles derailed one of which capsized blocking the main line to Khulna and the up and down quadruple lines.

The following four passengers were slightly injured:—(1) Dinabandhu Ghose son of Debendranath Ghose, village Phuinam, District Hooghly. (2) Taraprosad Mukerjee son of Radharaman Mukerjee, village Mankundu, District Hooghly. (3) Radhaprosad Ghose Majumdar son of R. Taraprosad Ghose Majumdar of Naihati, (4) Ajit Kumar Das son of Sarat Chandra Das, village Behawral, District Faridpur. The last named is an employee of E. B. Railway. No passenger was killed.

TRANSHIPMENT ARRANGED.

Transhipment of local train for Bongaug Section has been arranged. Trains for places beyond Bongang are being diverted via Ranaghat. The line to Khulna will be cleared in about 6 hours. The quadruple lines are likely to remain blocked for about 12 hours.

Medical attention has been rendered to the injured passengers. The cause of the derailment is not known.—A.P.

Tulagi (Solomon Islands) A native named Freal has confessed to shooting cadet Lillies and has been sentenced to death. Fifty natives will be tried for the murder of the native police.—Reuter.

Under the Union rules, Northampton beat Cardiff by 17 points to 6 and Leicester lost to Richmond by 9 points to 5.—Reuter's Special.

Valenciennc.—Communist Deputy Doriot was arrested while leaving the election meeting.—Reut

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COTTON TRADE IN HEALTHY LINE

LALA JASWANTRAI REVIEWS ACTIVITIES

KARACHI MERCHANTS' ANNUAL MEETING

At the annual general meeting of the Karachi Indian Merchants' Association held on Sunday, the 15th April 1928 at the Association Hall, Lala Jaswantrai Churamani, delivered a speech as President reviewing the last year's activities from which the following excerpts are gleaned:—

"To-day we complete 26 years of the existence of this Association, and I feel that never before have we started with a better hope of more useful activity in front of us. Two of our most pressing needs were a full time Secretary and a building of our own. The first has been fulfilled, and we have been fortunate in getting an able man in the person of Mr. T. K. Jeswani, M.A., for the post. I hope he would prove more and more useful for the institution. For the second a Sub-Committee has been appointed to purchase a suitable plot or with a building at an early date.

Though financially we are not budgetting for a deficit in the new year, we surely need to strengthen our position. Our present surplus of nearly Rs. 60,000/- is by no means adequate for a building of our own inspite of lower land values prevailing in the market. But more than that we must take note of the fact that we have increasing activities which must demand increasing expenditure. With a view to this the Managing Committee have recommended the raising of members' subscription from Rs. 24/- to Rs. 36/- per year. It would be helpful if some of you could suggest other ways and means to increase our income.

The Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce:—There is now a keen desire among all mercantile bodies to co-ordinate more and more the activities of such bodies in the interest of the country as a whole. The Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce is a very useful and representative institution. I trust it may gather strength in the years to come and secure the claims of Indian trade, industry and commerce, and study and advance the economic interests of India.

A MODERN OUTLOOK.

For our part we must study the needs and prospects of Indian trade in an enlightened spirit. Trade and industry are getting more and more specialised and in the midst of competition which must get very keen in the middleman's profession in the future I feel we need a very careful knowledge of trade and commercial conditions of the world. I am, therefore, glad that we have now made a start for a good library and reading room. I am glad to inform you that the Government of India and the Government of Bombay have agreed to supply some of their publications free of charge. We are now getting some of the latest books and over two dozen magazines and journals relating to commerce and trade. I would ask you to take advantage of them as much as possible. With bigger resources we should be able to publish a Daily Trade Return for our members, but it is not yet known if we will have enough subscribers for it without which it would be impossible for it to pay its way.

JOINT COTTON COMMITTEE.

I am glad to refer at this meeting to the distinct improvement of Cotton business in Karachi. I referred to certain grievances of Indian merchants in cotton trade in Karachi in my address last year. To-day, I am glad to say that those grievances have been to a great extent, removed. The Karachi Cotton Market is no longer what it used to be, till early last year, entirely a "buyers' market". The market is now controlled by the Karachi Joint Cotton Committee consisting of 16 members, of which 8 are elected by our Association and 8 by the Karachi Chamber of Commerce.

RECOGNITION OF INDIAN RIGHTS.

A uniform contract has been adopted and Survey and Abitration Clauses have been introduced in the same. Under the able guidance of Mr. A. J. Panas, Chairman of the Committee, matters have, so far, moved smoothly and my best thanks are due to him for all the trouble and pains he has taken to guide the affairs and solve some very knotty problems. The right of Indians to survey has not only been recognised but has been actually brought into effect from 1st March 1928 and the Indian members have already done a large number of surveys in the month of March. A

(Continue on Next Page.)

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TRIUMPH OF SOCIAL REFORM

GREETINGS TO PROF KARVE

POONA, April 19.

Yesterday was fittingly celebrated with great, eclat as the jubilee day of Prof. Karve, the founder of the Women's University, the occasion marking the completion of his seventieth year. There was an animated scene at the Hindu Widows' Home at Hingne Buduk, near Poona, where Prof. Karve started his spade work in the cause of women thirty years ago. There was a representative gathering present including a large number of ladies. The Hon. Mr. Pradhan presiding, eulogised the services of Mr. Karve and hoped that Government recognition of the Women's University would soon be forthcoming the public having already admitted the utility of such a university. Mrs. Pradhan distributed prizes to students.

Mr. B. S. Kamat said the celebration of the day symbolised the triumph of social reform. Mr. Karve's example and the fruits of his labours were a fitting reply to Western criticism that Indians lacked sympathy for the lot of their widows.

Mr. N. C. Kelkar said he had witnessed two great things in his life time. One was the great war and the other the revolution in the ideas of the public of Poona from their prejudices against the education of women.

Mr. Tudor Owen, Collector of Poona also joined in the greetings.

Mr. Karve replying said though he admitted to being the happiest man to have lived to see the fruition of his labours he was not satisfied with the present rate of progress of women's education in India.

He contrasted what had been achieved in India with the rate of progress recorded in Japan where the percentage of school-going boys and girls was 99-8|10 and 99-7|10 respectively. He quoted interesting statistics regarding education in India showing that the proportion of boys and girls in primary schools was 6 to 1 in the first four English standards and 38 to 1 to 83 to 1 in the high schools. Concluding Mr. Karve commended the Saddler Committee's observations regarding education of women in general.

SCHOLARSHIPS FOR HELPLESS WIDOWS.

It was announced that the Karve Jubilee Fund Collections for instituting scholarships in his name for the benefit of helpless widows totalled Rs. 10,000. Mr. Karve mas the recipient of congratulatory messages from Mahatma Gandhi, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, Dr. Paranjpye and several Deccan chiefs.—A.P.

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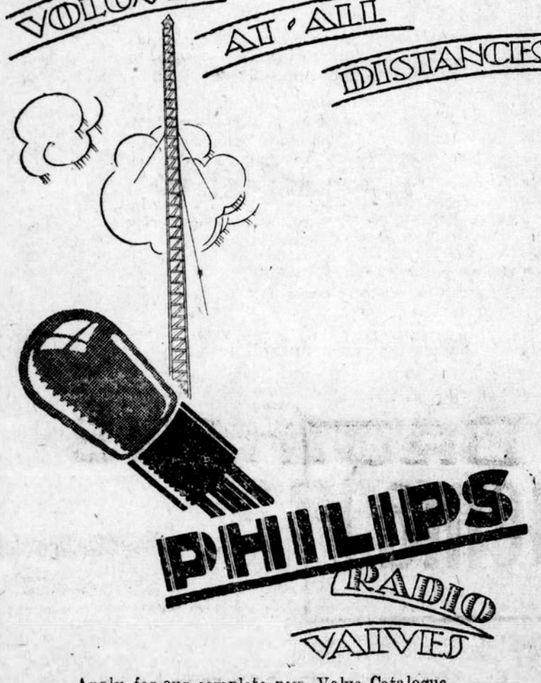

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COTTON TRADE IN HEALTHY LINE

(Continued from Previous Page.)

panel of Surveyors has been elected and an Appeal Committee has also formed. So far as I am aware, this has given great satisfaction to all sections of the trade. In this connection I must thank the Chamber of Commerce for the nice sample room and other conveniences they have so liberally placed at the disposal of the Joint Cotton Committee.

CLEARING HOUSE AND "ON" ALLOWANCES.

I hope the cotton trade will be guided by the Committee along healthy lines. The need of a "Clearing House" is being keenly felt by the trade. As it may involve a heavy expenditure, we may give a start by monthly fixing of rates according to which differences be paid and received on the outstanding contracts.

IMPROVING INDIAN PRODUCE.

The Royal Agricultural Commission, before whom Mr. T. K. Jeswani, our Secretary, appeared as our representative, seemed anxious to improve the quality of Indian produce. So far as cotton is concerned, I believe the Indian Central Cotton Committee and all those interested in the trade will admit that one of the best ways of improving the quality of Indian Cotton would be to adopt the system of "On" allowances on cotton superior to the normal standard and this principle has been admitted and introduced by the East India Cotton Association, Bombay in their contracts.

We have already made a lot of improvement in the system of passing on of Delivery Orders, Ringing Out of Contracts, collecting differences etc.

I think the Indian Central Cotton Committee for their help in bringing about this satisfactory solution of the matter and also for allowing one separate representative of this Association being taken on their Committee.

A SERIOUS INJUSTICE.

This, Association, is, however, badly treated in the matter of representation on the Provincial Legislative Council and the Legislative Assembly. This serious shortcoming was brought to the notice of H. E. the Viceroy in our address presented to him during his last visit to Karachi. It is absurd and ridiculous that while the Karachi Chamber of Commerce, a body far less representative of the Country's interests than our own, should send one representative to the Bombay Legislative Council the Indian mercantile community in Karachi should have no representative at all. I hope, gentlemen, this anomaly will cease to exist at an early date.

KARACHI'S BRIGHT FUTURE.

Gentlemen, much has been said and written of Karichi's commercial prospects and greatness as the future Indian port. It has, indeed, advanced with a rapidity which is unique among the cities of India. As the cheapest British Indian port and nearest to Europe it has natural advantages which give a unique opportunity to Indian trade. We merchants can do a great deal in grasping these opportunities and helping the growth of Karachi along right lines. We must be prepared for the rapidly growing volume of trade passing through Karachi inevitable after the operation of the great irrigation schemes in Sind and Punjab. If these schemes work successfully we shall have larger and bigger machinery of trade. With this growing volume of trade and traffic through this port we ought to have quicker, more efficient and cheaper methods of handling trade. For this a more enlightened interest in matters of trade and commerce is absolutely essential. And who can doubt that an essential requirement for a more efficient handling of trade is roads and railways?

KARACHI-AGRA RAILWAY.

I am, therefore, glad that more and more railway projects are being carried out in Sind and the Punjab. More are surely needed, and I trust that now that the Railways are proving a profitable source of revenue a bolder policy will be pursued in the matter of constructing new lines. In this connection I may say that recently your Committee discussed the question of broad-gauge Karachi-Agra Railway with Mr. P. H. Maflin O.B.E. M.C., the officer appointed by the Government of India for special enquiry and impressed upon him the necessity of an early construction of the railway.

PUCCA ROADS—A FINANCIAL NECESSITY.

Gentlemen, if railways are a paramount necessity for agricultural and industrial development of the country, so are good, pucca roads. In fact the railways, in order to be financially successfully must be supplemented by good roads. In the Punjab we have several good roads and they help railway traffic considerably. Indeed, it is a bad policy to pay Rs. 20 crores for the Lloyd Barrage, have a new railway costing a crore and not have good pucca roads running across the area. Such roads are now a financial necessity for the new Oderolal-Mehrabpur Railway just sanctioned. And how much will good roads not improve the value of land which will be available soon in lakhs of acres? It is too late in the day to emphasise the importance and value of good roads in Sind. In fact, every body wants them. All we must do to impress upon those concerned is the fact that roads are now a 'financial necessity' for the successful working of the Barrage and the new Railway.

KARACHI-BOMBAY CONNECTION.

There is another railway connection, with its concomittant feeder roads, which is not receiving sufficient attention, I mean the Bombay-Karachi connection via the desert portion of Sind. This railway is on the mind of the Railway Board and is understood to be a paying project. Unlike the Agra-Karachi Railway this railway will not take away traffic from any other line to any appreciable extent, but it will connect Sind, Gujrat, Kathiawar and Bombay very much better. I wonder why the construction of this line is being delayed. Sind needs this line badly for her rail borne trade with Gujrat and for the development of the desert portion of her area.

SLUMP IN TRADE AND RUPEE RATIO.

I think I cannot pass this occasion without a reference to the general depression in trade. There can be no doubt that unemployment is on the increase. The tightness of the money market, combined with a general slump in trade, makes things hard for a large section of the trade. This state of things has, no doubt, been aggravated by a rupee ratio adverse to the interests of India. We have been fortunate in a succession of good crops, otherwise the economic situation of India would have been worse indeed. I feel that an Association like ours should willingly take part in all attempts at solving the problem of unemployment and in helping the agricultural, industrial and educational progress of the country. We cannot fulfil our function as merchants properly, without attempting to contribute to the solution of India's economic problem as a whole, and on these lines I feel our activities ought to broaden in the future.

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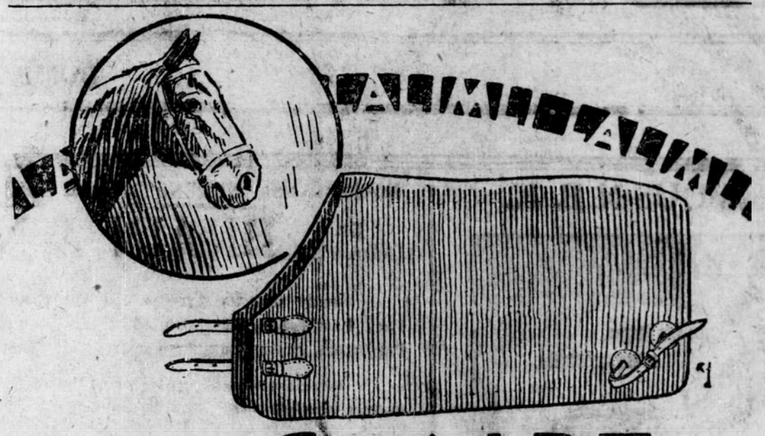

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